

Brake System

GENERAL

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM CONTROL
MODULE
FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR
REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR

EBD (ELECTRONIC BRAKE-FORCE DISTRIBUTION)

ESP/ESC SYSTEM

YAW-RATE SENSOR AND G-SENSOR
ESP/ESC SWITCH
STEERING WHEEL ANGLE SPEED SENSOR

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GENERAL

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SPECIFICATION (ABS)

Part	Item		Standard value	Remark
HECU(Hydraulic and Electronic Control Unit)	System		4 channel 4 sensor (Solenoid)	·ABS system:ABS & EBD control
	Type		Motor, valve relay intergrated type	
	Operating voltage		8 V ~ 16 V(DC)	
	Operating temperature		-40 ~ 120 °C (-40 ~ 248 °F)	
Warning lamp	Operating voltage		12 V	·ABS W/L:ABS failure ·Brake W/L:Parking, brake oil, EBD failure
	Current consumption		80 mA	
Acitve wheel speed sensor	Supply voltage		DC 4.5 ~ 2.0 V	
	Operating temperature		-40 ~ 150 °C	
	Output current low		5.9 ~ 8.4 mA	Typ.7 mA
	Output current High		11.8 ~ 16.8 mA	Typ.14 mA
	Frequency range		1 ~ 2500 HZ	
	Air gap	Front	0.15 ~ 1.5 mm	Typ.0.7 mm
		Rear	0.2 ~ 1.2 mm	Typ.0.7 mm
	Tone wheel		48 teeth	
	Output duty		30~70 %	

GENERAL

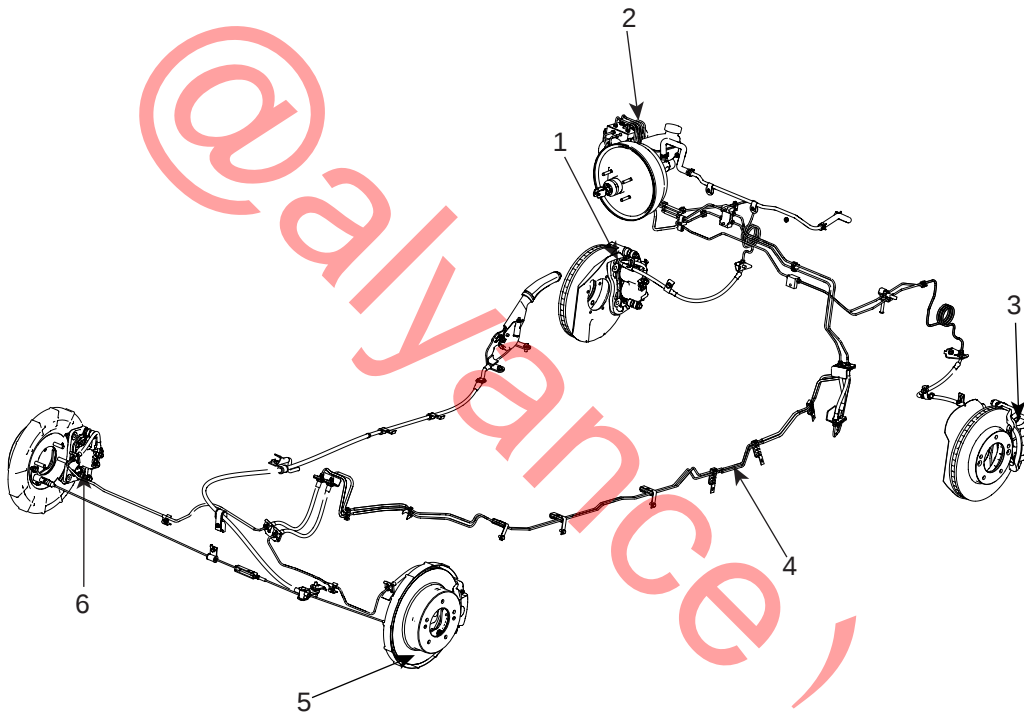
BR -3

SPECIFICATION(VDC)

Part	Item		Standard Value	Remark
HECU(Hydraulic and Electronic Control Unit)	System		4 channel 4 sensor(Solenoid)	·Total control (ABS, EBD, TCS, ESP)
	Type		Motor, valve relay intergrated type	
	Operating voltage		8 V ~ 16 V(DC)	
	Operating temperature		-40 ~ 120 °C(-40 ~ 248 °F)	
Warning lamp	Operating voltage		12 V	·ESP Operating Lamp ·ESP Warning Lamp
	Current consumption		80 mA	
Active wheel speed sensor	Supply voltage		DC 4.5 ~ 20V	
	Operating temperature		-40 ~ 150 °C	
	Output current low		5.9 ~ 8.4 mA	
	Output current high		11.8 ~ 16.8 mA	
	Tone wheel		48 teeth	
	Frequency range		1 ~ 2500 HZ	
	Airgap	Front	0.15 ~ 1.5 mm	Typ. 0.7 mm
		Rear	0.2 ~ 1.2 mm	Typ. 0.7 mm
Steering Wheel Angle Sensor	Operating Voltage		8V ~ 16 V	
	Current Consumption		Max 150 mA	
	Operating Angular velocity		Max ± 780 °/sec	
Yaw-rate & Lateral G sensor	Operating Voltage		8 V ~ 16 V	
	Current Consumption		Max. 120 mA	
	Output Voltage high		4.35 V~ 4.65 V	Typ. 4.5 V
	Output Voltage low		0.35 ~ 0.65 V	Typ. 0.5 V
	Yaw Sensor Operating Range		±100 ° /s	
	G Sensor Operating Range		±1.8 G	
	Reference voltage output		2.464 ~ 2.536 V	Typ. 2.5 V

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

COMPONENTS E0AFF9C6



1. Front left wheel speed sensor
2. ABS control module(HECU)
3. Front right wheel speed sensor

4. Hydraulic line
5. Rear right wheel speed sensor
6. Rear left wheel speed sensor

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

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DESCRIPTION E1BC04B1

This specification applies to HCU(Hydraulic Control Unit) and ECU(Electronic Control Unit) of the HECU.(Hydraulic and Electronic Control Unit)

This specification is for the wiring design and installation of ABS/TCS/ESC ECU.

This unit has the functions as follows.

- Input of signal from Pressure sensor, Steering angle sensor, Yaw & Lateral G sensor, the wheel speed sensors attached to each wheel.
- Control of braking force / traction force/ yaw moment.
- Failsafe function.
- Self diagnosis function.
- Interface with the external diagnosis tester.

Installation position : engine compartment

- Brake tube length from Master cylinder port to HECU inlet port should be max. 1m
- The position should not be close to the engine block and not lower than the wheel.

OPERATION

The ECU shall be put into operation by switching on the operating voltage (IGN).

On completion of the initialization phase, the ECU shall be ready for operation.

In the operating condition, the ECU shall be ready, within the specified limits (voltage and temperature), to process the signals offered by the various sensors and switches in accordance with the control algorithm defined by the software and to control the hydraulic and electrical actuators.

WHEEL SENSOR SIGNAL PROCESSING

The ECU shall receive wheel speed signal from the four active wheel sensors.

The wheel signals are converted to voltage signal by the signal conditioning circuit after receiving current signal from active wheel sensors and given as input to the MCU.

SOLENOID VALVE CONTROL

When one side of the valve coil is connected to the positive voltage that is provided through the valve relay and the other side is connected to the ground by the semiconductor circuit, the solenoid valve goes into operation.

The electrical function of the coils are always monitored by the valve test pulse under normal operation conditions.

VOLTAGE LIMITS

- Overvoltage
When overvoltage is detected(above 16.8 V), the ECU switches off the valve relay and shuts down the system.
When voltage is returned to operating range, the system goes back to the normal condition after the initialization phase.
- Undervoltage
In the event of undervoltage(below 9.3 V), ABS control shall be inhibited and the warning lamp shall be turned on.
When voltage is returned to operating range, the warning lamp is switched off and ECU returns to normal operating mode.

PUMP MOTOR CHECKING

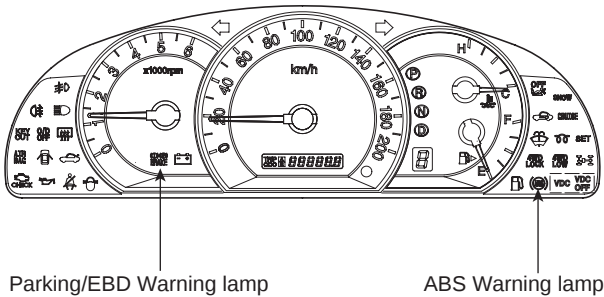
The ECU performs a pump motor test at a speed of 30km/h once after IGN is switched on.

DIAGNOSTIC INTERFACE

Failures detected by the ECU are encoded on the ECU, stored in a EEPROM and read out by diagnostic equipment when the ignition switch is turned on.

The diagnosis interface can also be used for testing the ECU during production of the ECU and for actuating the HCU (Air-bleeding line or Roll and Brake Test line).

WARNING LAMP MODULE



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1. ABS WARNING LAMP MODULE

The active ABS warning lamp module indicates the selftest and failure status of the ABS. The ABS warning lamp shall be on:

- During the initialization phase after IGN ON. (continuously 3 seconds).
- In the event of inhibition of ABS functions by failure.
- During diagnostic mode.
- When the ECU Connector is separated from ECU.

2. PARKING/EBD WARNING LAMP MODULE

The active EBD warning lamp module indicates the selftest and failure status of the EBD. However, in case the Parking Brake Switch is turned on, the EBD warning lamp is always turned on regardless of EBD functions. The EBD warning lamp shall be on:

- During the initialization phase after IGN ON. (continuously 3 seconds).
- When the Parking Brake Switch is ON or brake fluid level is low.
- When the EBD function is out of order.
- During diagnostic mode.
- When the ECU Connector is separated from ECU.

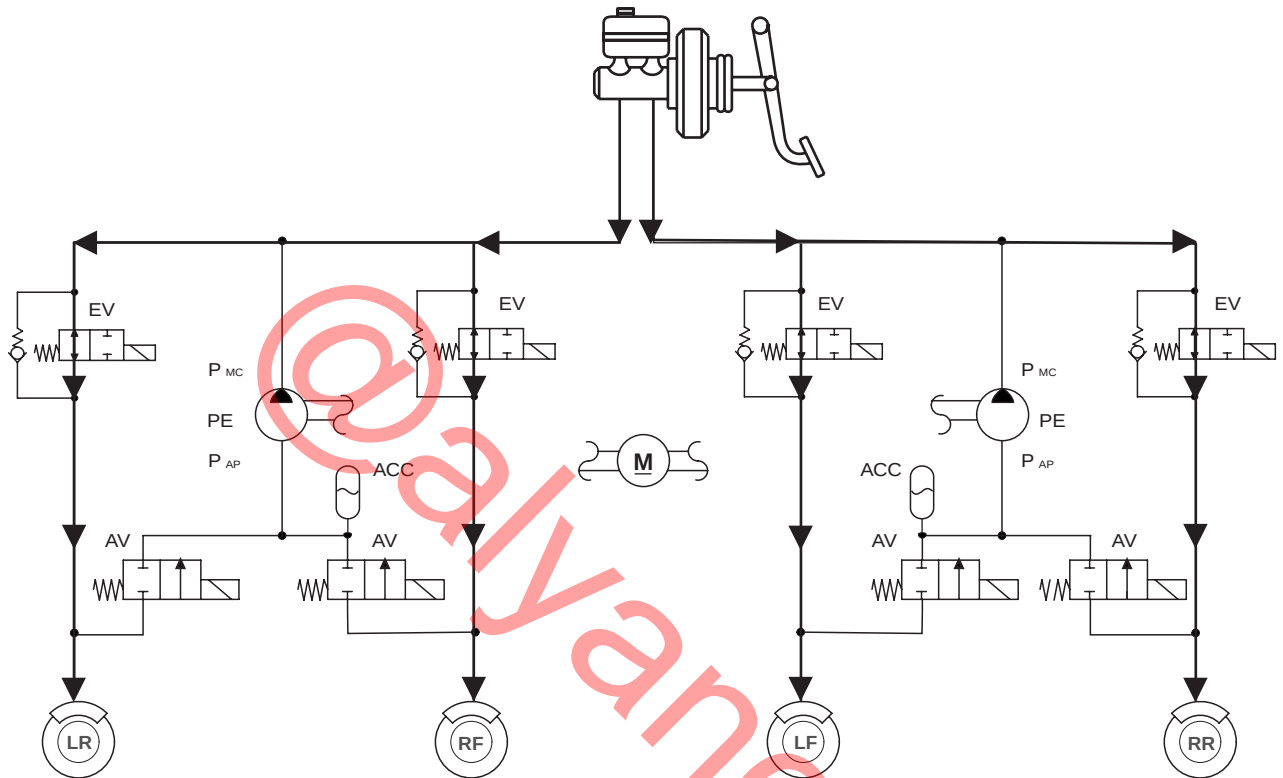
ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

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ABS CONTROL EE8C9C94

1. NORMAL BRAKING without ABS

	Inlet valve(EV)	Outlet valve(AV)	Pump motor
Operation	Open	Close	OFF



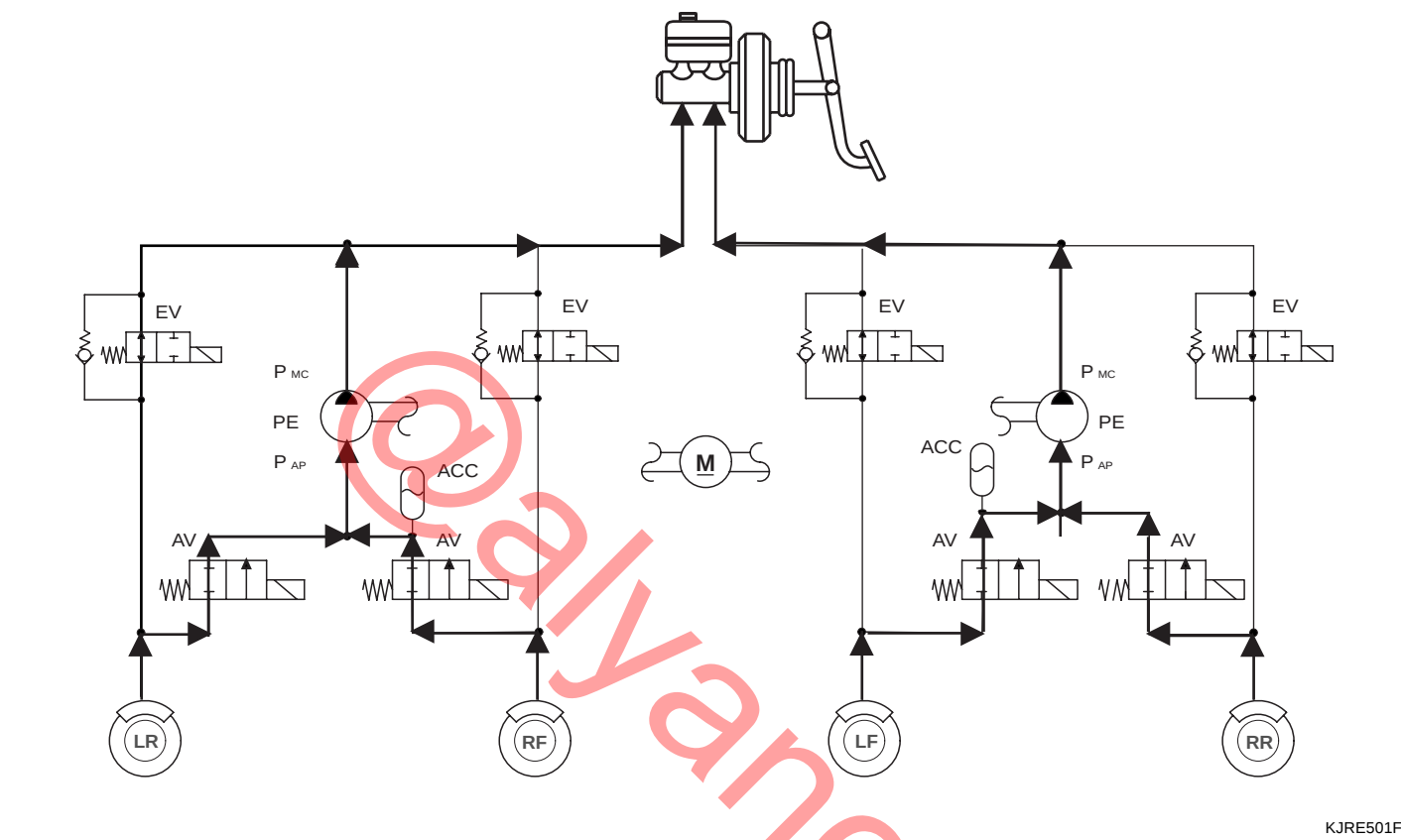
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NOTE

EV : Inlet Valve
 AV : Outlet Valve
 LR : Rear left wheel
 RF : Front right wheel
 LF : Front left wheel
 RR : Rear right wheel
 PE : Pump motor

2. DECREASE MODE

	Inlet valve(EV)	Outlet valve(AV)	Pump motor
Operation	Close	Open	ON(Motor speed control)



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NOTE

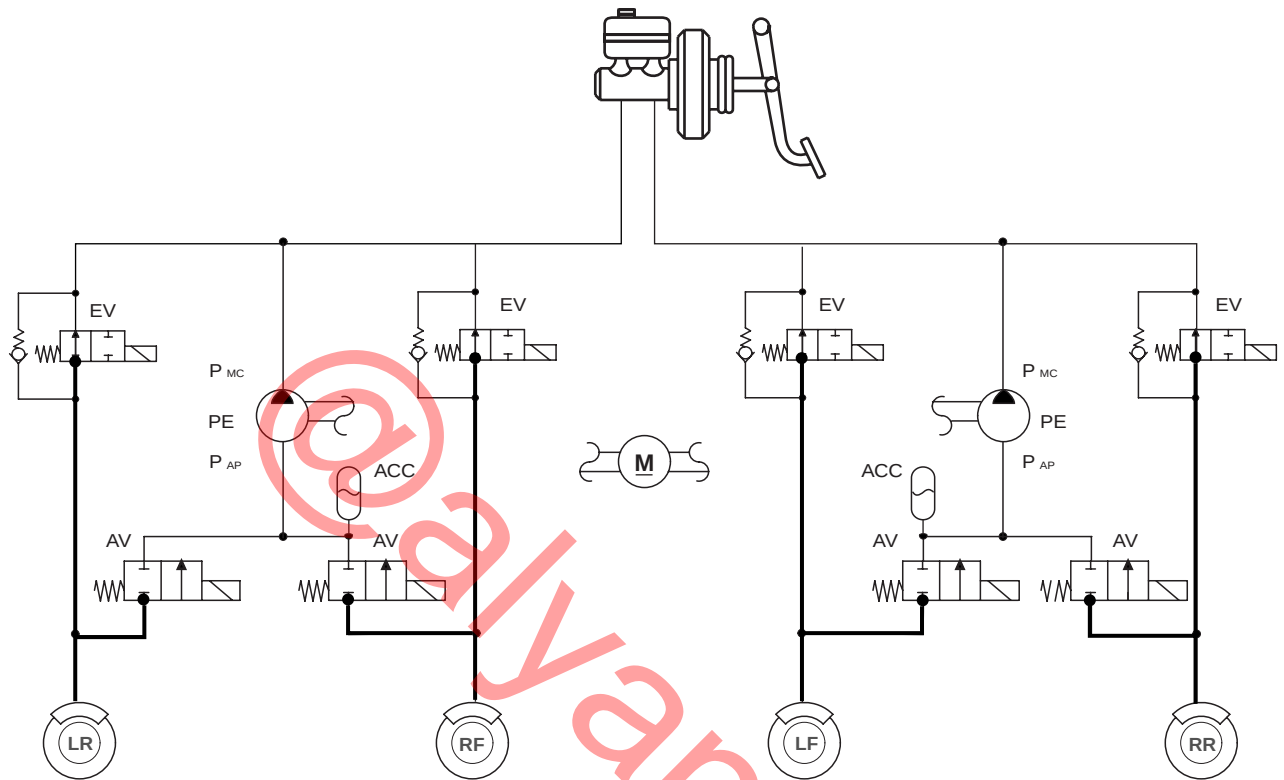
- EV : Inlet Valve
- AV : Outlet Valve
- LR : Rear left wheel
- RF : Front right wheel
- LF : Front left wheel
- RR : Rear right wheel
- PE : Pump motor

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

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3. HOLD MODE

	Inlet valve(EV)	Outlet valve(AV)	Pump motor
Operation	Close	Close	ON(Motor speed control)



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NOTE

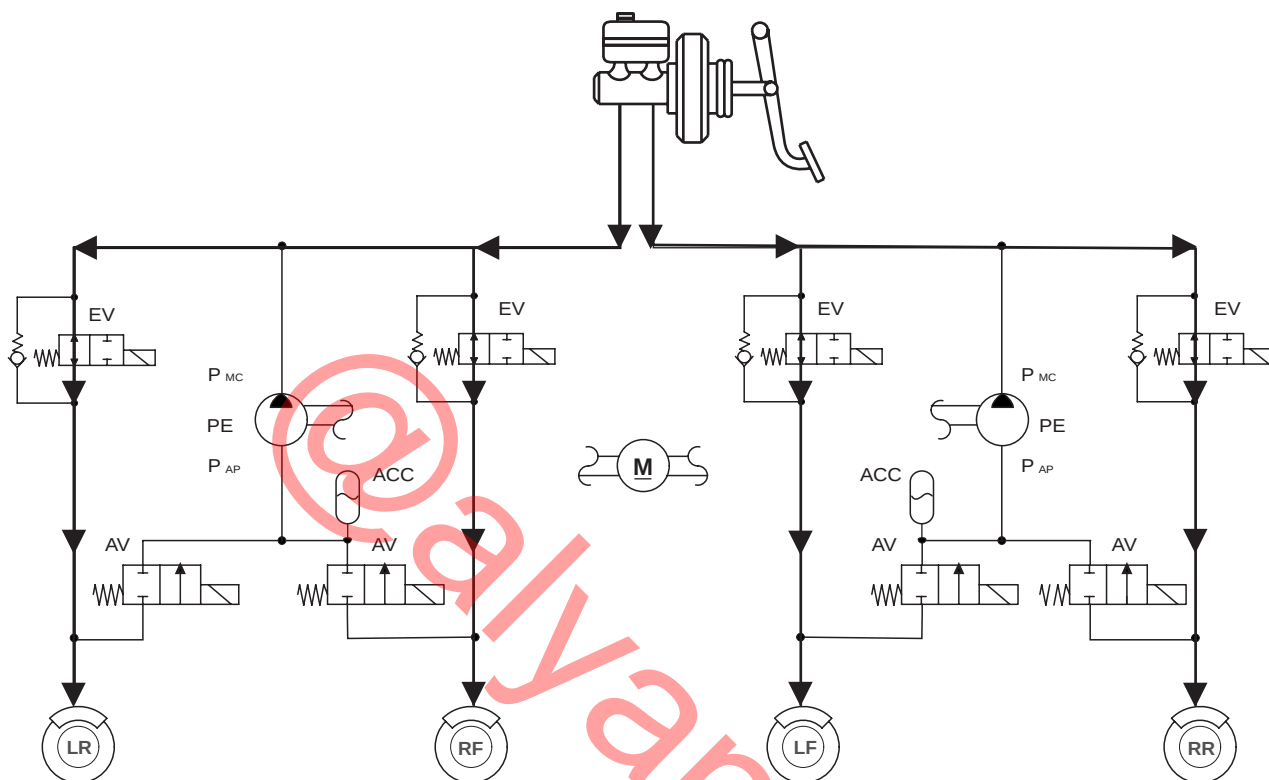
EV : Inlet Valve
 AV : Outlet Valve
 LR : Rear left wheel
 RF : Front right wheel
 LF : Front left wheel
 RR : Rear right wheel
 PE : Pump motor

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BRAKE SYSTEM

4. INCREASE MODE

	Inlet valve(EV)	Outlet valve(AV)	Pump motor
Operation	Open	Close	ON(Motor speed control)



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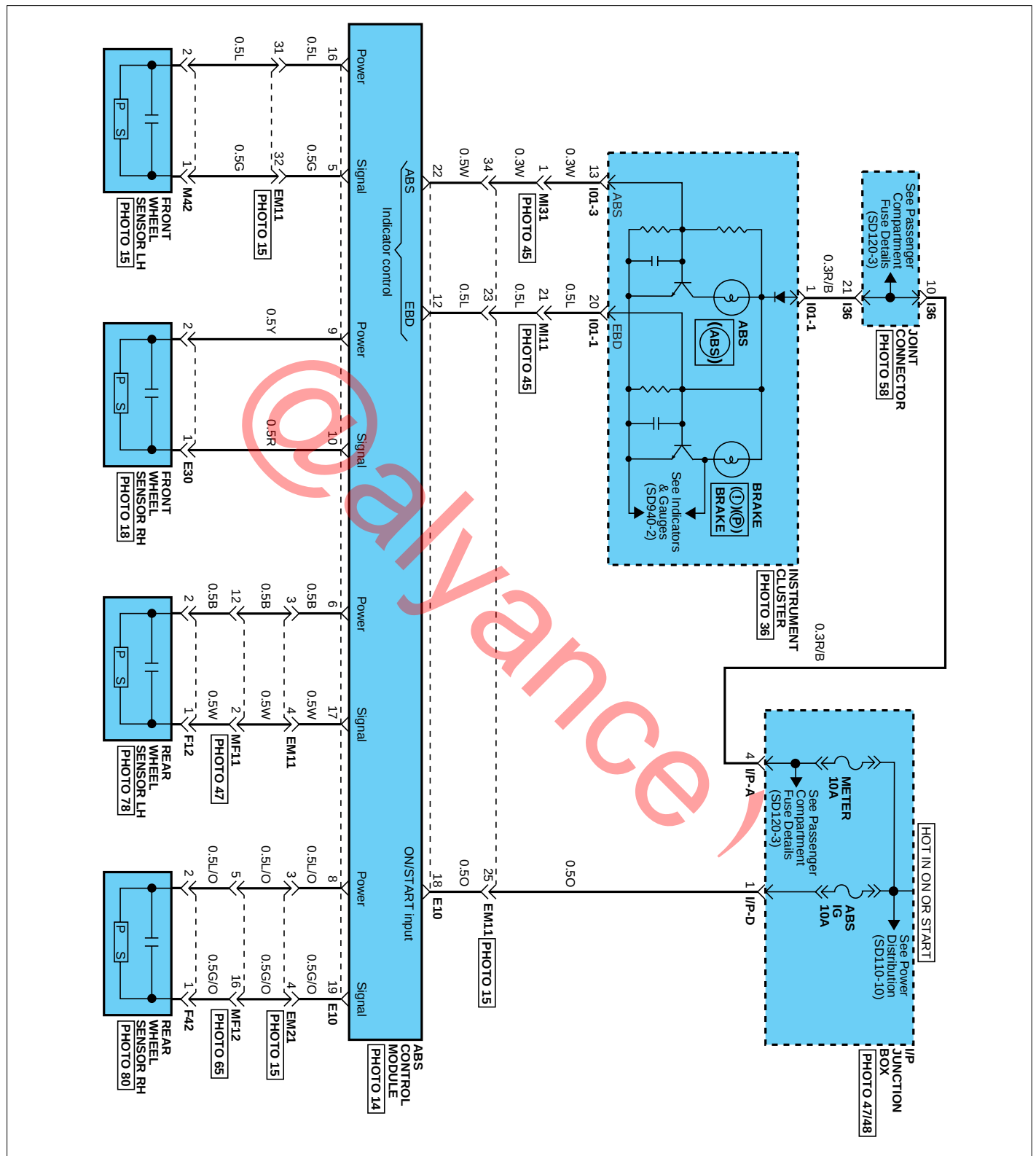


NOTE

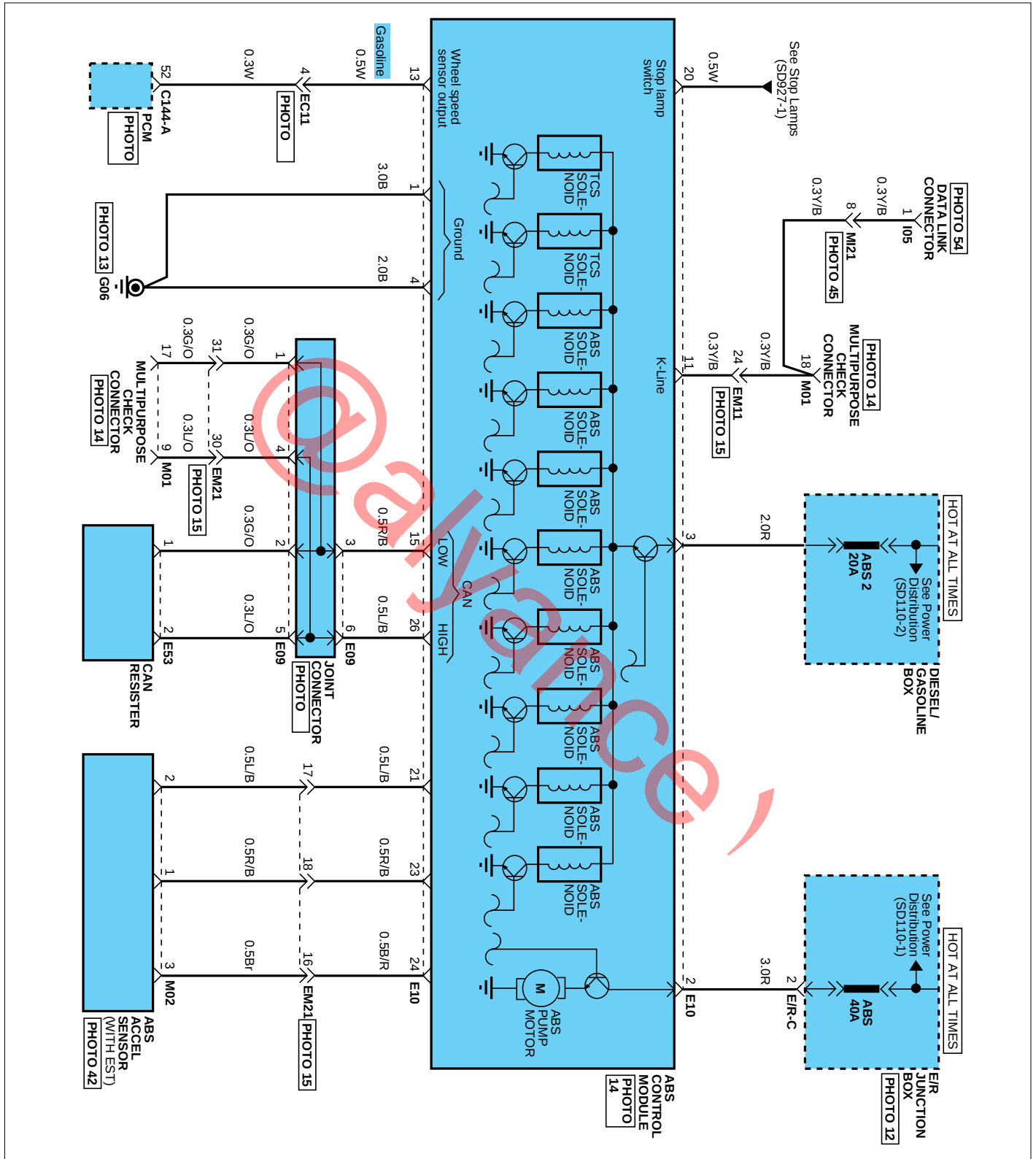
EV : Inlet Valve
 AV : Outlet Valve
 LR : Rear left wheel
 RF : Front right wheel
 LF : Front left wheel
 RR : Rear right wheel
 PE : Pump motor

ABS CIRCUIT DIAGRAM(1)

E9FD9505



ABS CIRCUIT DIAGRAM(2)



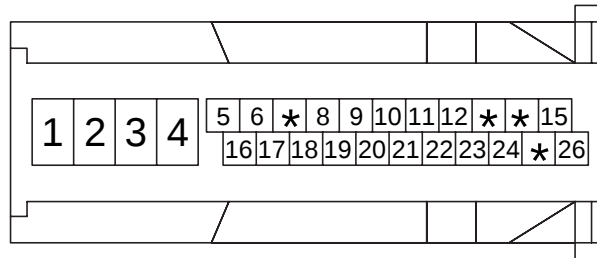
ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

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ECU CONNECTOR

INPUT/OUTPUT(ABS)

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Wire No.	Designation	Current		max.permissible wire resistance R _L (mΩ)	min.leakage resistance R _P (kΩ)
		max	min		
1	Ground for recirculation pump	20~39 A	10 A	10	
4	Ground for solenoid valves and ECU	5~15 A	2.5 A	10	
2	Voltage supply for pump motor	20~39 A	10 A	10	200
3	Voltage supply for solenoid valves	5~15 A	2 A	10	200
18	Voltage for hybrid ECU	1 A	500 mA	60	200
5,10,17,19	signal wheel speed sensor FL, FR, RL,RR	16 mA	6 mA	250	200 to ground 1.5M to bat
16,9,6,8	Voltage supply for the active wheel speed sensor FL,FR, RL, RR	10 mA	6 mA	250	200 to ground 1.5M to bat
11	Diagnostic wire K	6 mA	3 mA	250	200
22	ABS-warning lamp actuation	30 mA	5 mA	250	200
12	EBD-warning lamp actuation	30 mA	5 mA	250	200
20	brake light switch	10 mA	5 mA	250	200
15	CAN Low	30 mA	20 mA	250	200
26	CAN High	30 mA	20 mA	250	200

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BRAKE SYSTEM

ABS HECU CONNECTOR

Connector terminal		Specification	Condition
Number	Description		
1	Ground for recirculation pump	Current range: Min.10A Max.20~39A	Always
4	Ground for solenoid valves and ECU	Current range: Min.2.5A Max.5~15A	Always
2	Voltage supply for pump motor	Battery voltage	Always
3	Voltage supply for solenoid valves		
16	Voltage supply for the active wheel speed sensor FL,FR, RL, RR	Battery voltage	IG ON
9			
6			
8			
5	signal wheel speed sensor FL, FR, RL,RR	Voltage(High) : 0.89~1.26 V Voltage (Low) : 0.44~0.63 V	On driving
10			
17			
19			
11	Diagnostic wire K	Voltage (High) $\geq 0.8 * IG ON$ Voltage (Low) $\leq 0.2 * IG ON$	On SCAN TOOL communication
18	Voltage for hybrid ECU	Battery voltage	KEY ON/OFF
20	Brake light switch	Voltage (High) $\geq 4.5 * IG ON$ Voltage (Low) $\leq 2.0 * IG ON$	BRAKE ON/OFF

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

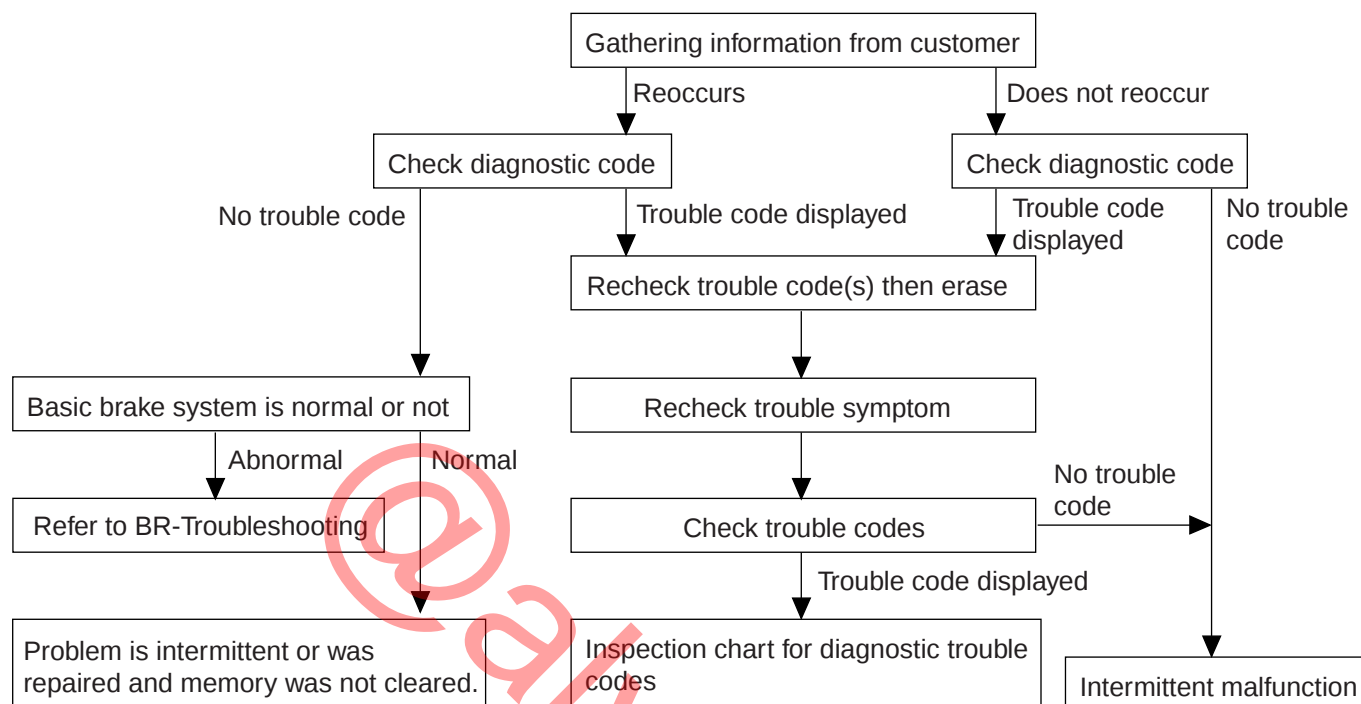
BR -15

SENSOR OUTPUT ON SCAN TOOL(ABS)

	Description	Abbreviation	Unit	Remarks
1	Vehicle speed sensor	VEH. SPD	Km/h	
2	Battery voltage	BATT. VOL	V	
3	FL Wheel speed sensor	FL WHEEL	Km/h	
4	FR Wheel speed sensor	FR WHEEL	Km/h	
5	RL Wheel speed sensor	RL WHEEL	Km/h	
6	RR Wheel speed sensor	RR WHEEL	Km/h	
7	ABS Warning lamp	ABS LAMP	-	
8	EBD Warning lamp	EBD LAMP	-	
9	Brake Lamp	B/LAMP	-	
10	Pump relay state	PUMP RLY	-	
11	Valve relay state	VALVE RLY	-	
12	Motor	MOTOR	-	
13	Front Left valve(IN)	FL INLET	-	
14	Front Right valve (IN)	FR INLET	-	
15	Rear Left valve (IN)	RL INLET	-	
16	Rear Right valve (IN)	RR INLET	-	
17	Front Left valve (OUT)	FL OUTLET	-	
18	Front Right valve (OUT)	FR OUTLET	-	
19	Rear Left valve(OUT)	RL OUTLET	-	
20	Rear Right valve (OUT)	RR OUTLET	-	

STANDARD FLOW OF DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLESHOOTING

E53ECDC7



* Using the customer problem analysis check sheet for reference, ask the customer as much detail as possible about the problem.

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NOTES WITH REGARD TO DIAGNOSIS

The phenomena listed in the following table are not abnormal.

Phenomenon	Explanation
System check sound	When starting the engine, a thudding sound can sometimes be heard coming from inside the engine compartment. This is because the system operation check is being performed.
ABS operation sound	1. Sound of the motor inside the ABS hydraulic unit operation (whine). 2. Sound is generated along with vibration of the brake pedal (scraping). 3. When ABS operates, sound is generated from the vehicle chassis due to repeated brake application and release (Thump : suspension; squeak: tires)
ABS operation (Long braking distance)	For road surfaces such as snow-covered and gravel roads, the braking distance for vehicles with ABS can sometimes be longer than that for other vehicles. Accordingly, advise the customer to drive safely on such roads by lowering the vehicle speed.

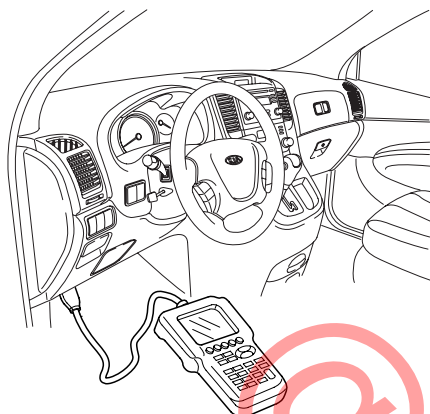
Diagnosis detection conditions can vary depending on the diagnosis code. When checking the trouble symptom after the diagnosis code has been erased, ensure that the requirements listed in "Comment" are met.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -17

SCAN TOOL CHECK

1. Turn the ignition switch OFF.
2. Connector the Scan tool to the 16P data link connector located the driver's side kick panel.



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3. Turn the ignition switch ON.
4. Check for DTC using the Scan tool
5. After completion trouble of the repair or correction of the problem, erase the stored fault codes using the scan tool.
6. Disconnect the Scan tool from the 16P data link connector.

BR -18

BRAKE SYSTEM

ABS CHECK SHEET

ABS Check Sheet

Inspector's
Name _____

Customer's Name		Registration No.	
		Registration Year	/ /
		VIN.	
Date Vehicle Brought In	/ /	Odometer	Km Miles

Date the Problem First Occurred	/ /
Frequency of Occurrence of Problem	☐ Continuous ☐ Intermittent (times a day)

Symptoms	☐ ABS does not operate.	
	☐ ABS does not operate efficiently. ☐ Intermittent (times a day)	
	ABS Warning Light Abnormal ☐ Remains ON ☐ Does not light up	

Diagnostic Trouble Code Check	1st Time	☐ Normal Code ☐ Malfunction Code (Code)
	2nd Time	☐ Normal Code ☐ Malfunction Code (Code)

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -19

PROBLEM SYMPTOMS TABLE

If a normal code is displayed during the DTC check but the problem still occurs, check the circuits for each problem symptom in the order given in the table below and proceed to the relevant troubleshooting page.

Symptom	Suspect Area	See page
ABS does not operate.	Only when 1. -4. are all normal and the problem is still occurring, replace the HECU. 1. Check the DTC reconfirming that the normal code is output. 2. Power source circuit. 3. Speed sensor circuit. 4. Check the hydraulic circuit for leakage.	BR-20
ABS does not operate intermittently.	Only when 1. -4. are all normal and the problem is still occurring, replace the ABS actuator assembly. 1. Check the DTC reconfirming that the system is operating to specifications. 2. Wheel speed sensor circuit. 3. Stop lamp switch circuit. 4. Check the hydraulic circuit for leakage.	BR-22
Communication with Scan tool is not possible. (Communication with any system is not possible)	1. Power source circuit 2. Diagnosis line	BR-23
Communication with Scan tool is not possible. (Communication with ABS only is not possible)	1. Power source circuit 2. Diagnosis line 3. HECU	BR-24
When ignition key is turned ON (engine OFF), the ABS warning lamp does not light up.	1. ABS warning lamp circuit 2. HECU	BR-25
Even after the engine is started, the ABS warning lamp remains ON.	1. ABS warning lamp circuit 2. HECU	BR-26

CAUTION

During ABS operation, the brake pedal may vibrate or may not be able to be depressed. Such phenomena are due to intermittent changes in hydraulic pressure inside the brake line to prevent the wheels from locking and is not an abnormality.

ABS Does Not Operate.

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DETECTING CONDITION

Trouble Symptoms	Possible Cause
Brake operation varies depending on driving conditions and road surface conditions, so diagnosis can be difficult. However if a normal DTC is displayed, check the following probable cause. When the problem is still occurring, replace the ABS control module.	- Inoperative power source circuit - Inoperative wheel speed sensor circuit - Inoperative hydraulic circuit for leakage - Inoperative HECU

INSPECTION PROCEDURES

DTC INSPECTION

1. Connect the Scan Tool with the data link connector and turn the ignition switch ON.
2. Verify that the system is operating to specifications. Is the system operating to specifications?

NO

Check the power source circuit.

YES

Erase the DTC and recheck using Scan Tool.

CHECK THE POWER SOURCE CIRCUIT.

1. Disconnect the connector from the ABS control module.
2. Turn the ignition switch ON, measure the voltage between terminal 18 of the ABS control module harness side connector and body ground.

Specification: approximately B+

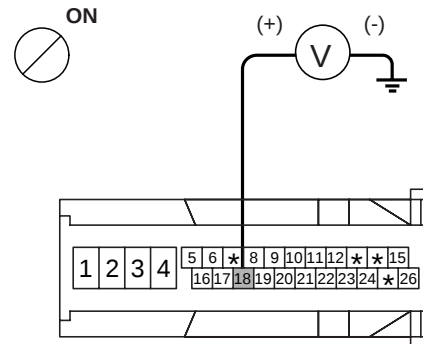
Is the voltage within specification?

YES

Check the ground circuit.

NO

Check the harness or connector between the fuse (10A) in the engine compartment junction block and the ABS control module. Repair if necessary.



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CHECK THE GROUND CIRCUIT.

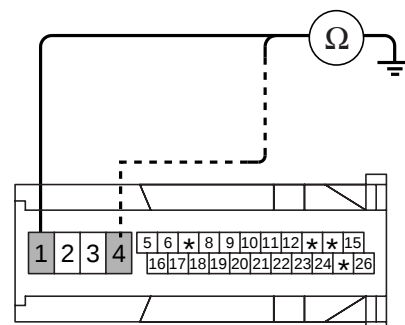
1. Disconnect the connector from the ABS control module.
2. Check for continuity between terminals 1,4 of the ABS control module harness side connector and ground point. Is there continuity?

YES

Check the wheel speed sensor circuit.

NO

Repair an open in the wire and ground point.



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ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -21

CHECK THE WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT.

Refer to the DTC troubleshooting procedures.
Is the system operating to specifications?

YES

Check the hydraulic circuit for leakage.

NO

Repair or replace the wheel speed sensor.

CHECK THE HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT FOR LEAKAGE.

Refer to the hydraulic lines.
Inspect leakage of the hydraulic lines.
Is the system operating to specifications?

YES

The problem is still occurring, replace the ABS control module.

NO

Replace the leaking hydraulic lines.

ABS Does Not Operate (Intermittently).

BJKG500R

DETECTING CONDITION

Trouble Symptoms	Possible Cause
Brake operation varies depending on driving conditions and road surface conditions, so diagnosis can be difficult. However if a normal DTC is displayed, check the following probable cause. When the problem is still occurring, replace the ABS control module.	- Inoperative power source circuit - Inoperative wheel speed sensor circuit - Inoperative hydraulic circuit for leakage - Inoperative HECU

INSPECTION PROCEDURES

DTC INSPECTION

1. Connect the Scan Tool with the data link connector and turn the ignition switch ON.
2. Verify that the system is operating to specifications. Is the system operating to specifications?

NO

Check the wheel speed sensor circuit.

YES

Erase the DTC and recheck using Scan Tool.

CHECK THE WHEEL SPEED SENSOR CIRCUIT.

Refer to the DTC troubleshooting procedures. Is the system operating to specifications?

YES

Check the stop lamp switch circuit.

NO

Repair or replace the wheel speed sensor.

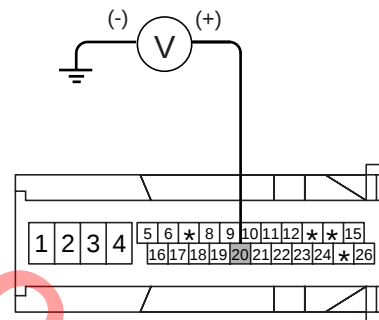
CHECK THE STOP LAMP SWITCH CIRCUIT.

1. Check that stop lamp lights up when brake pedal is depressed and turns off when brake pedal is released.
2. Measure the voltage between terminal 20 of the ABS control module harness side connector and body ground when brake pedal is depressed.

Check the hydraulic circuit for leakage.

NO

Repair the stop lamp switch. Repair an open in the wire between the ABS control module and the stop lamp switch.



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CHECK THE HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT FOR LEAKAGE.

Refer to the hydraulic lines. Inspect leakage of the hydraulic lines. Is the system operating to specifications?

YES

The problem is still occurring, replace the ABS control module.

NO

Replace the leaking hydraulic lines.

Specification: approximately B+

Is the voltage within specification?

YES

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -23

Communication with Scan-Tool is not possible.
(Communication with any system is not possible)

BJKG500S

DETECTING CONDITION

Trouble Symptoms	Possible Cause
Possible malfunction in the power supply system (including ground) for the diagnosis line.	- An open in the wire - Poor ground - Inoperative power source circuit

INSPECTION PROCEDURES

CHECK THE POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT FOR THE DIAGNOSIS

Measure the voltage between terminal 9 of the data link connector and body ground.

Specification: approximately B+

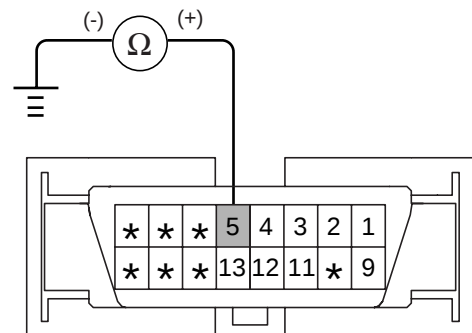
Is voltage within specification?

YES

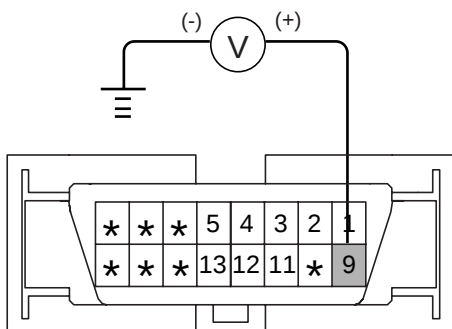
Check the ground circuit for the diagnosis.

NO

Repair an open in the wire. Check and replace fuse (15A) from the engine compartment junction block.



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CHECK THE GROUND CIRCUIT FOR THE DIAGNOSIS

Check for continuity between terminal 5 of the data link connector and body ground.

Is there continuity?

NO

Repair an open in the wire between terminal 5 of the data link connector and ground point.

Communication with Scan Tool is not possible.
(Communication with ABS only is not possible)

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DETECTING CONDITION

Trouble Symptoms	Possible Cause
When communication with Scan Tool is not possible, the cause may be probably an open in the HECU power circuit or an open in the diagnosis output circuit.	- An open in the wire - Inoperative HECU - Inoperative power source circuit

INSPECTION PROCEDURES

CHECK FOR CONTINUITY IN THE DIAGNOSIS LINE

1. Disconnect the connector from the ABS control module.
2. Check for continuity between terminals 11 of the ABS control module connector and 1 of the data link connector.
Is there continuity?

YES

Check the power source of ABS control module.

NO

Repair an open in the wire.

CHECK THE POWER SOURCE OF ABS CONTROL MODULE

1. Disconnect the connector from the ABS control module.
2. Turn the ignition switch ON, measure the voltage between terminal 18 of the ABS control module harness side connector and body ground.

Specification: approximately B+

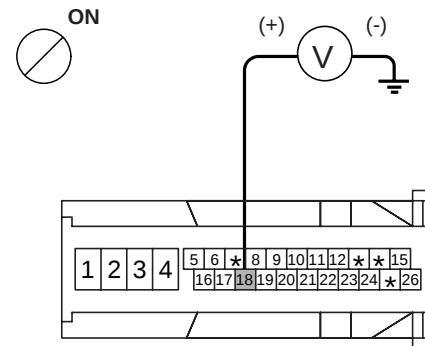
Is voltage within specification?

YES

Check for poor ground.

NO

Check the harness or connector between the fuse (10A) in the engine compartment junction block and the ABS control module. Repair if necessary.



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CHECK FOR POOR GROUND

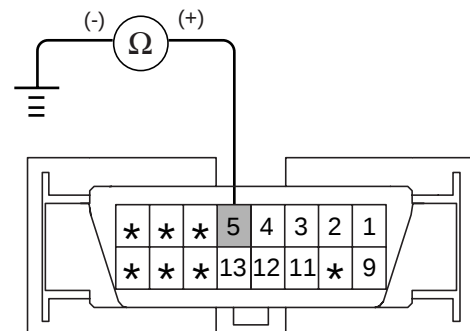
Check for continuity between terminal 5 of the data link connector and ground point.

YES

Replace the ABS control module and recheck.

NO

Repair an open in the wire or poor ground.



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ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -25

When Ignition Key Is Turned ON (engine OFF), The ABS Warning Lamp Does Not Light Up.

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DETECTING CONDITION

Trouble Symptoms	Possible Cause
When current flows in the HECU the ABS warning lamp turns from ON to OFF as the initial check. Therefore if the lamp does not light up, the cause may be an open in the lamp power supply circuit, a blown bulb, an open in the both circuits between the ABS warning lamp and the HECU, and the inoperative HECU.	- Inoperative ABS warning lamp bulb - Blown No.2 fuse (10A) in the engine compartment junction block - Inoperative ABS warning lamp module - Inoperative HECU

INSPECTION PROCEDURES

PROBLEM VERIFICATION

Disconnect the connector from the ABS control module and turn the ignition switch ON.

Does the ABS warning lamp light up?

YES

It is normal. Recheck the ABS control module.

NO

Check the power source for the ABS warning lamp.

CHECK THE POWER SOURCE FOR THE ABS WARNING LAMP

1. Disconnect the instrument cluster connector and turn the ignition switch ON.
2. Measure the voltage between terminal 13 of the cluster harness side connector and body ground.

Specification: approximately B+

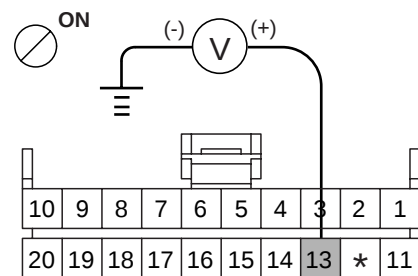
Is voltage within specification?

YES

Repair bulb or instrument cluster assembly.

NO

Check for blown fuse.



SBLBR6512D

CHECK FOR BLOWN FUSE

Check continuity of fuse (10A) from the engine compartment junction block. Is there continuity?

YES

Repair an open in the wire between ABS fuse and 13 of cluster connector.

NO

Replace the blown fuse.

Even After The Engine Is Started, The ABS Warning Lamp Remains ON.

EJBF505Y

DETECTING CONDITION

Trouble Symptoms	Possible Cause
If the HECU detects trouble, it lights the ABS warning lamp while at the same time prohibiting ABS control. At this time, the HECU records a DTC in memory. Even though the normal code is output, the ABS warning lamp remains ON, then the cause may be probably an open or short in the ABS warning lamp circuit.	- An open in the wire - Inoperative instrument cluster assembly - Inoperative ABS warning lamp module - Inoperative HECU

INSPECTION PROCEDURES

Repair an open in the wire between cluster and ABS control module.

CHECK DTC OUTPUT.

1. Connect the Scan Tool to the 16P data link connector located behind the driver's side kick panel.
2. Check the DTC output using Scan Tool.
Is DTC output?

YES

Repair circuit indicated by code output.

NO

Check instrument cluster.

CHECK INSTRUMENT CLUSTER

Disconnect the cluster connector and turn the ignition switch ON.

Does the ABS warning lamp remains ON?

YES

Replace the instrument cluster.

NO

Check for open the wire.

CHECK FOR OPEN IN THE WIRE

Check for continuity in the wire between cluster and ABS control module.

Is there continuity?

YES

Replace the ABS control module and recheck.

NO

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -27

BLEEDING OF BRAKE SYSTEM

This procedure should be followed to ensure adequate bleeding of air and filling of the ABS unit, brake lines and master cylinder with brake fluid.

1. Remove the reservoir cap and fill the brake reservoir with brake fluid.

CAUTION

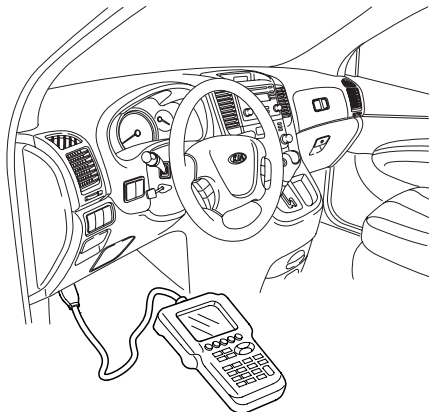
If there is any brake fluid on any painted surface, wash it off immediately.

NOTE

When pressure bleeding, do not depress the brake pedal.

Recommended fluid..... DOT3 or DOT4

2. Connect a clear plastic tube to the brake caliper bleeder plug and insert the other end of the tube into a half filled clear plastic bottle.
3. Connect the scan tool to the data link connector located underneath the dash panel.



ARKF500A

4. Select and operate according to the instructions on the scan tool screen.

CAUTION

You must obey the maximum operating time of the ABS motor with the scan tool to prevent the motor pump from burning.

- 1) Select Kia vehicle diagnosis.
- 2) Select vehicle name.
- 3) Select Anti-Lock Brake system.
- 4) Select air bleeding mode.
- 5) Press "YES" to operate motor pump and solenoid valve.

1.6 AIR BLEEDING MODE	
ABS AIR BLEEDING STATUS	
01. SOLENOID VALVE STATUS	CLOSE
02. MOTOR PUMP STATUS	OFF
DO YOU WANT TO START ? (PRESS [YES] KEY)	

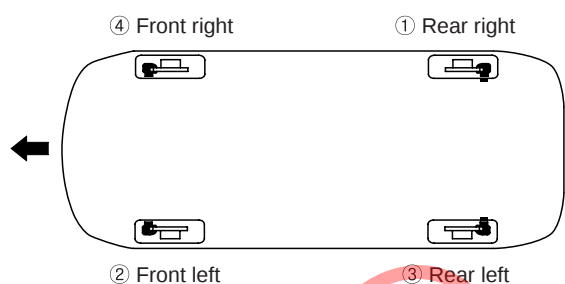
EJDA014F

- 6) Wait 60 sec. before operating the air bleeding again. (If not, you may damage the motor.)

1.6 AIR BLEEDING MODE	
ABS AIR BLEEDING STATUS	
01. SOLENOID VALVE STATUS	OPEN
02. MOTOR PUMP STATUS	ON
TIME : AUTOMATIC COUNT (1-60 SEC.)	

EJDA014G

5. Pump the brake pedal several times, and then loosen the bleeder screw until fluid starts to run out without bubbles. Then close the bleeder screw.
6. Repeat step 5 until there are no more bubbles in the fluid for each wheel.



SBLBR6504L

7. Tighten the bleeder screw.

Bleed screw tightening torque:
 7~13 Nm (0.7 ~1.3 kgf·m, 5.1 ~ 9.4 lb-ft)

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -29

DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODE CHART(DTC)

● : MIL ON ○ : MIL OFF

DTC CODE	Trouble description	Warning lamp condition			Etc.	SEE PAGE
		EBD	ABS	ESP		
C1101	Battery voltage high	●	●	●		BR-31
C1102	Battery voltage low	○/●	●	●		BR-36
C1200	Wheel speed sensor front-LH open/short	○/●	●	●		BR-40
C1201	Wheel speed sensor front-LH range / performance / intermittent	○/●	●	●		BR-46
C1202	Wheel speed sensor front-LH invalid/no signal	○/●	●	●		BR-50
C1203	Wheel speed sensor front-RH open/short	○/●	●	●		BR-40
C1204	Wheel speed sensor front-RH range / performance / intermittent	○/●	●	●		BR-46
C1205	Wheel speed sensor front-RH invalid/no signal	○/●	●	●		BR-50
C1206	Wheel speed sensor rear-LH open/short	○/●	●	●		BR-40
C1207	Wheel speed sensor rear-LH range / performance / intermittent	○/●	●	●		BR-46
C1208	Wheel speed sensor rear-LH invalid/no signal	○/●	●	●		BR-50
C1209	Wheel speed sensor rear-RH open/short	○/●	●	●		BR-40
C1210	Wheel speed sensor rear-RH range / performance / intermittent	○/●	●	●		BR-46
C1211	Wheel speed sensor rear-RH invalid/no signal	○/●	●	●		BR-50
C1213	Wheel speed frequency error	○/●	●	●		BR-56
C1235	Primary pressure sensor - electrical	○	●	●	ESP only	BR-60
C1237	Pressure sensor - other	○	●	●	ESP only	BR-64
C1260	Steering angle sensor - signal	○	○	●	ESP only	BR-65
C1261	Steering angle sensor not calibrated	○	○	●	ESP only	BR-72
C1274	Longitudinal G sensor error	○	●	-	ABS 4WD(EST)	BR-75
C1275	Longitudinal G sensor Range/Performance error	○	●	-	ABS 4WD(EST)	BR-81
C1282	Yaw rate & lateral G sensor - electrical	○	○	●	ESP only	BR-85
C1283	Yaw rate & lateral G sensor - signal	○	○	●	ESP only	BR-92
C1503	ESP switch error	○	○	●	ESP only	BR-98
C1513	Brake switch error	○	●	●	ESP only	BR-102
C1604	ECU hardware error	●	●	●		BR-108
C1605	CAN hardware error	○	○	●	ESP only	BR-109
C1611	CAN time-out EMS	○	○	●	ESP only	BR-110

BR -30

BRAKE SYSTEM

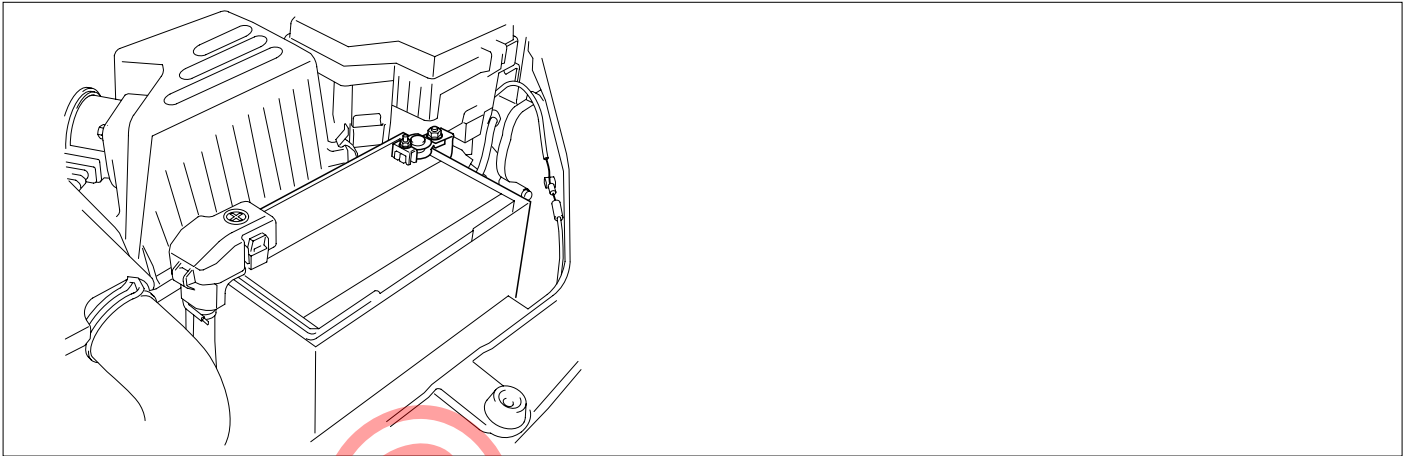
DTC CODE	Trouble description	Warning lamp condition			Etc.	SEE PAGE
		EBD	ABS	ESP		
C1612	ECU(brake system) hardware error	○	○	●	ESP only	BR-112
C1616	CAN bus off ESP	○	○	●	ESP only	BR-114
C1623	CAN time-out SAS	○	○	●	ESP only	BR-120
C1625	CAN time-out ESP	○	○	●	ESP only	BR-127
C1626	Implausible Control	○	●	●	ESP only	BR-128
C1627	CAN time-out 4WD	○	○	●	4WD	BR-129
C1702	Variant Coding	●	●	●	ABS TOD, ESP only	BR-132
C2112	Valve relay error	○ / ●	●	●		BR-134
C2308	Front-LH Valve error (Inlet valve)	●	●	●		BR-137
C2312	Front-LH Valve error (Outlet valve)	●	●	●		BR-141
C2316	Front-RH Valve error (Inlet valve)	●	●	●		BR-137
C2320	Front-RH Valve error (Outlet valve)	●	●	●		BR-141
C2324	Rear-LH Valve error (Inlet valve)	●	●	●		BR-137
C2328	Rear-LH Valve error (Outlet valve)	●	●	●		BR-141
C2332	Rear-RH Valve error (Inlet valve)	●	●	●		BR-137
C2336	Rear-RH Valve error (Outlet valve)	●	●	●		BR-141
C2366	USV1 error	●	●	●	ESP only	BR-143
C2370	USV2 error	●	●	●	ESP only	BR-143
C2372	HSV1 error	●	●	●	ESP only	BR-143
C2374	HSV2 error	●	●	●	ESP only	BR-143
C2402	Motor electrical	●	●	●		BR-145

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -31

DTC C1101 BATTERY VOLTAGE HIGH

COMPONENT LOCATION ED9BD875



SCMBR6544D

GENERAL DESCRIPTION E91CAA82

The ABS ECU(Electronic Control Unit) checks the battery voltage to and alternator output voltage determine, as a safety issue, whether the ABS system can operate normally or not. The normal battery voltage range is essential for controlling the ABS system as intended.

DTC DESCRIPTION E3C58A5D

The ABS ECU monitors battery voltage and alternator output voltage by reading the value of voltage. When the voltage is higher than the expected normal value, this code is set, and the ABS/EBD/ESP functions are prohibited. If the voltage recovers, to within normal operating ranges, then the controller returns to normal operation as well.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION E658C00D

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy	Battery Voltage Monitoring	- Poor connection in power supply circuit (IGN+) - Inoperative Alternator
Monitoring Period	Continuous (Over voltage faults will be always stored.)	
Enable Conditions	- When Vign is higher than 16.8 V. - If the voltage is recovered to 16.7 V, the controller returns to normal state. - The monitored supply voltage is filtered and limited to a rise time of 4 volts per second.	
Fail Safe	- The ABS/EBD/ESP functions are inhibited. - The proper function of valves and return pump is not guaranteed. - The ABS/EBD/ESP warning lamps are activated.	

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA E57E9A45

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC)
2. Engine "ON".
3. Monitor the "BATTERY VOLTAGE" parameter on the scantool.

Specification : Approx. Below. 16.7 V

1.2 CURRENT DATA	
ENGINE SPEED	1102 rpm
VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR	0.0 MPH
ABSOLUTE THROTTLE POS.	0.0 %
TRANSAXLE RANGE SW	P, N
BATTERY VOLTAGE	14.2 V
WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FL	0.0 MPH
WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FR	0.0 MPH
WHEEL SPD SENSOR-RL	0.0 MPH

Fig1

Fig 1) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "ON" Normal Data

SCMBR6532L

4. Is parameter displayed within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in power harness (IGN+) and/or HECU's connector or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -33

TERMINAL & CONNECTOR INSPECTION

E7DC2B47

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness(es) and terminals condition. Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES

Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Confirm the DTC status at another system to be able to confirm C1101 or DTC code related to over voltage.

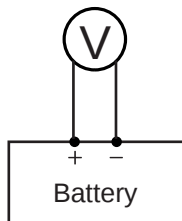
If there isn't C1101 code at another system, Go to "Power Circuit Inspection" procedure.

If there is C1101 or DTC code related to over voltage at another system, Go to "Alternator Output Voltage Inspection" procedure.

ALTERNATOR OUTPUT VOLTAGE INSPECTION

1. Engine "ON".
2. Measure voltage between the battery terminal(+) and the battery terminal(-) with maintaining ENG RPM 2,500RPM (idle).over 2 minutes.

Specification : Below. 16.7 V



1. Battery Terminal(+)
2. Battery Terminal(-)

SCMBR6533L

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Go to "Power Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO

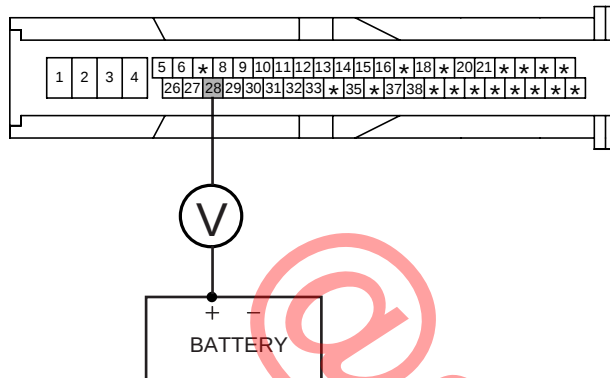
Check that the tension of driving belt, ENG RPM, fuse, terminal of battery, all terminals of alternator are in good condition and check for damaged harness and poor connection between alternator and battery. If OK repair or replace alternator and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT INSPECTION EDE0E068

1. Engine "ON".
2. Measure voltage between the battery terminal(+) and terminal "28(ESP), 18(ABS)" of the HECU harness connector.

Specification : Approx. below 0.2 V

<ESP HECU>



<ABS>
18. IGNITION(+)

<ESP>
28. IGNITION(+)

SBLBR6505L

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Go to "Ground Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for damaged harness and poor connection between the battery terminal(+) and terminal "28(ESP), 18(ABS)" of the HEC U harness connector. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

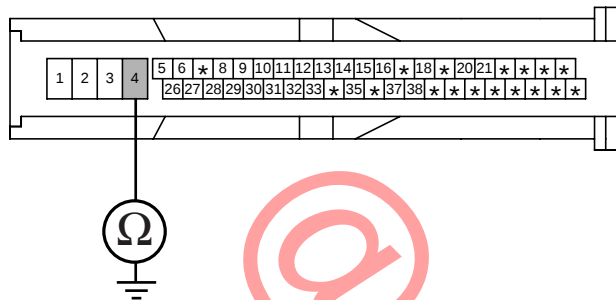
BR -35

GROUND CIRCUIT INSPECTION EEE50E4A

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect HECU connector.
3. Measure resistance between terminal "4" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. below 1 Ω

<ESP HECU>



<ABS, ESP>
4. Ground

SBLBR6506L

4. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES

Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Check for damaged harness and poor connection between terminal "4" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR EDEC0999

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode
2. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Detecting Condition in General Information
4. Are any DTCs present?

YES

Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO

System performing to specification at this time.

DTC C1102 BATTERY VOLTAGE LOW

COMPONENT LOCATION E5DE91F5

Refer to DTC C1101.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION E1DCD544

Refer to DTC C1101.

DTC DESCRIPTION E245ABE7

The ABS ECU monitors the battery voltage and alternator output voltage by reading the value of voltage. When the voltage is lower than the expected normal value, this code is set. The ABS/ESP functions are prohibited and the EBD function is allowed on LOW VOLTAGE CONDITION, the ABS/EBD/ESP functions are prohibited on UNDER VOLTAGE CONDITION. If the voltage recovers, to within normal operating ranges, then the controller returns to normal operations as well.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION EBD34A

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Battery Voltage Monitoring	- Poor connection in power supply circuit (IGN+) - Inoperative Alternator
Monitoring Period		Continuous	
Case1 (Low voltage)	Enable Conditions	- When Vign is lower than 9.3 V outside ABS/ESP control. - When Vign is lower than 9.2V inside ABS/ESP control. - If IGN voltage is recovered to 9.6 V, the system recovers to normal state. - The monitored supply voltage is filtered and limited to a rise time of 4 volts per second.	
	Fail Safe	- The ABS/ESP functions are inhibited. - The ABS/ESP warning lamps are activated.	
Case2 (Under voltage)	Enable Conditions	- When Vign is lower than 7.7V. -If IGN voltage is recovered to 7.8V, the system recovers to normal state. - The monitored supply voltage is filtered and limited to a rise time of 4 volts per second. Note. Under voltage faults are only entered in the EEPROM if the vehicle speed is > 6km/h. Remark: If FSA test detect under voltage. this will ve entered, because no vehicle speed is available during test. - FSA test : fail save circuit test	
	Fail Safe	- The ABS/EBD/ESP functions are inhibited. - The ABS/EBD/ESP warning lamps are activated.	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -37

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA E143E49C

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC)
2. Engine "ON".
3. Monitor the "BATTERY VOLTAGE" parameter on the scantool.

Specification : Above. 9.6 V

1.2 CURRENT DATA	
ENGINE SPEED	1102 rpm
VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR	0.0 Km/h
ABSOLUTE THROTTLE POS.	0.0 %
TRANSAXLE RANGE SW	P, N
BATTERY VOLTAGE	14.2 V
WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FL	0.0 Km/h
WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FR	0.0 Km/h
WHEEL SPD SENSOR-RL	0.0 Km/h

Fig1

Fig 1) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "ON". Normal Data

SCMBR6536L

4. Is parameter displayed within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in power harness (IGN+) and/or HECU's connector or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure

NO

Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

TERMINAL & CONNECTOR INSPECTION EAEFDECE

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused poor harness(es) and terminals condition. Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES

Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

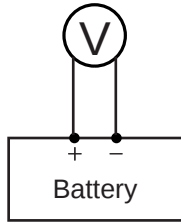
NO

Go to "Alternator Output Voltage" procedure.

ALTERNATOR OUTPUT VOLTAGE INSPECTION

1. Engine "ON".
2. Measure voltage between the battery terminal(+) and the battery terminal(-) with maintaining ENG RPM 2,500RPM (idle) over 2 minutes.

Specification : Above. 9.6 V



1. Battery Terminal(+)
2. Battery Terminal(-)

SCMBR6533L

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Go to "Power Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check that the tension of driving belt, ENG RPM, fuse, terminal of battery, all terminals of alternator are in good condition and check for damaged harness and poor connection between alternator and battery. If OK repair or replace alternator and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -39

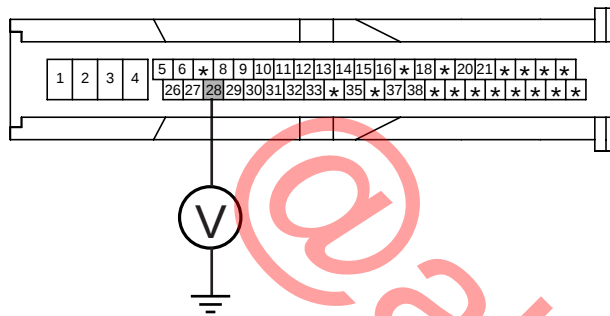
POWER CIRCUIT INSPECTION

EAB6E9D9

1. Ignition "OFF"
2. Disconnect HECU connector.
3. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
4. Measure voltage between terminal "28(ESP), 18(ABS)" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. B+

<ESP HECU>



<ABS>

18. IGNITION(+)

<ESP>

28. IGNITION(+)

SBLBR6507L

5. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Go to "Ground Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for damaged harness and poor connection between the battery terminal(+) and terminal "28(ESP), 18(ABS)" of the HECU harness connector. Check for open or blown 10A ABS fuse referring to "Circuit Diagram". Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

GROUND CIRCUIT INSPECTION

EACA16FA

Refer to DTC C1101.

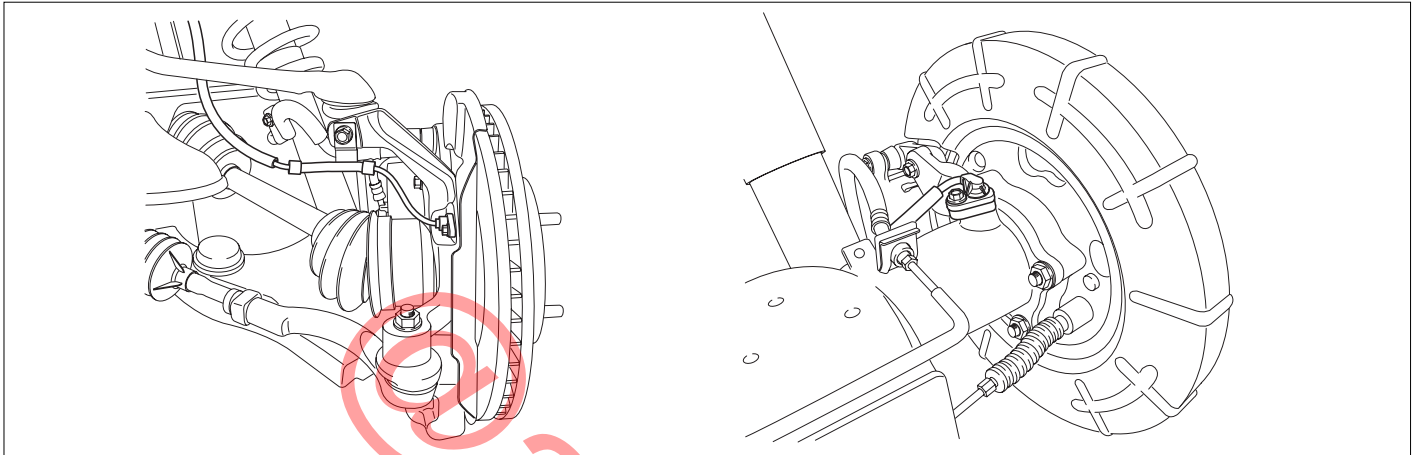
VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR

EDD2E05F

Refer to DTC C1101.

DTC C1200 FL WHEEL SPEED SENSOR-OPEN/SHORT
DTC C1203 FR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR-OPEN/SHORT
DTC C1206 RL WHEEL SPEED SENSOR-OPEN/SHORT
DTC C1209 RR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR-OPEN/SHORT

COMPONENT LOCATION E1ED8E50



SBLBR6516D

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EBD68EDA

The wheel speed sensor is the essential component the ABS ECU uses to calculate vehicle speed and to determine whether wheel lock occurs. For example, rear wheel speed signal is used as a reference value, for vehicle speed, in front wheel drive vehicles, and if a difference between front and rear wheel speed occurs, then ABS control is performed. Wheel speed sensor is active hall-sensor type and good at temperature and noise characteristic. Digital waveform is produced as tone wheel rotate according as hall sensor principle. Frequency of duty waveform is changed in proportion to rotation of tone wheel and HECU calculate vehicle speed by this frequency.

DTC DESCRIPTION EA4BB7F0

The ABS ECU monitors the wheel speed sensor circuit continuously. A direct current is supplied in the wheel-speed sensor by a power source in the input amplifier of the control unit. If the WSS circuit is broken, in that case a fault is detected by detecting abnormal input current. HECU cuts off the voltage supply to wheel sensor channel which had a fault and prevent vehicle's damage due to super heated harness. If one or more defects has detected, DTC code of defected wheel will be stored. Mutual short between sensors is detected by executing self diagnosis successively at corresponding wheel when ignition ON. Warning lamp is turned OFF unless additional faults are detected when the IG KEY is turned ON again.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -41

DTC DETECTING CONDITION

E8DA8891

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Voltage monitoring	- Open or short of Wheel speed sensor circuit - Inoperative Wheel speed sensor - Inoperative HECU
Case1	Monitoring Period	Once after power up.	
	Enable Conditions	- Shorts between WSS lines and shorts to UZ can be detected by switching single WSS channels in sequence. If there is an error after end of test, a failure is recognized. Remark: In case of a WSS power line short to V_batt, this FSA test will detect an under voltage failure. (ABS only) - FSA test : fail save circuit test - UZ : Ignition Voltage	
Case2	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	When the sensor current levels are out of permissible range(LOW : 7 mA, HIGH : 14 mA) for 200 ms.	
Fail Safe		- Sensor failure outside of the ABS control cycle - Only one wheel failure : Only the ABS/ESP functions are inhibited. The ABS/ESP warning lamps are activated and the EBD warning lamp is not activated. - Two wheels failure : Only the ABS/ESP functions are inhibited. The ABS/ESP warning lamps are activated and the EBD warning lamp is not activated. - More than 3 wheels failure :System down. The ABS/EBD/ESP functions are inhibited. The ABS/EBD/ESP warning lamps are activated. - Sensor failure inside the ABS control cycle - One front wheel failure : Inhibit the ABS/ESP control. Pressure is increased on a front wheel, Pressure is decreased on a rear wheel. After the ABS/ESP control, the ABS/ESP functions are inhibited. The ABS/ESP warning lamps are activated and the EBD warning lamp is not activated. - Two wheels failure : Inhibit the ABS/ESP control. Pressure is increased on a front wheel, Pressure is decreased on a rear wheel. After the ABS/ESP control, the ABS/ESP functions are inhibited. The ABS/ESP warning lamps are activated and the EBD warning lamp is not activated. - More than 3 wheels failure : System down. The ABS/EBD/ESP functions are inhibited. The ABS/EBD/ESP warning lamps are activated.	

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA

ECFC1AF7

1. Engine "ON".
2. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC).
3. Start and drive vehicle in gear and maintain vehicle speed at or above 10 km/h(6 mph)
4. Monitor the "Wheel speed sensor" parameter on the Scantool.

Specification : Compare with another parameters related to wheel speed sensor. If it is the same as another parameters, it is in normal condition.

1.2 CURRENT DATA		
✖ BATTERY VOLTAGE	14.2 V	
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FL	10.0 Km/h	
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FR	10.0 Km/h	
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-RL	10.0 Km/h	
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-RR	10.0 Km/h	
ABS WARNING LAMP	ON	
EBD WARNING LAMP	ON	

Fig1

1.2 CURRENT DATA		
✖ BATTERY VOLTAGE	14.2 V	
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FL	0.0 Km/h	
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FR	10.0 Km/h	
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-RL	10.0 Km/h	
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-RR	10.0 Km/h	
ABS WARNING LAMP	ON	
EBD WARNING LAMP	ON	

Fig2

Fig 1) Test Condition : Drive vehicle at a speed of 10km/h or more. (6mph or more) Normal Data

Fig 2) Test Condition : Drive vehicle at a speed of 10km/h or more. (6mph or more) Abnormal Data (Open)

SCMBR6538L

5. Is parameter displayed within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in wheel speed sensor harness and/or HECU's connector or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -43

TERMINAL & CONNECTOR INSPECTION

E87C69EB

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness(es) and terminals. Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES

Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

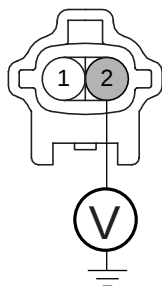
Go to "Power Circuit Inspection" procedure.

POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT INSPECTION

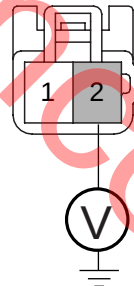
E9AD780D

1. Ignition "ON".
2. Measure voltage between terminal (FL, FR : 2, RL, RR : 2) of the wheel speed sensor harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. B+



1. Wheel speed sensor(-)
2. Wheel speed sensor(+)



1. Wheel speed sensor(-)
2. Wheel speed sensor(+)

SBLBR6543L

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Go to "Signal Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for open or short to GND in wheel speed sensor harness between terminal "FL, FR : 2, RL, RR : 2" of the wheel speed sensor harness connector and terminal of the HECU harness connector. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

If OK, Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

BR -44

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC	LOCATION	HECU harness connector (Power supply)	
		ABS	ESP
DTC C1200	Front Left	16	26
DTC C1203	Front Right	9	9
DTC C1206	Rear Left	6	6
DTC C1209	Rear Right	8	8

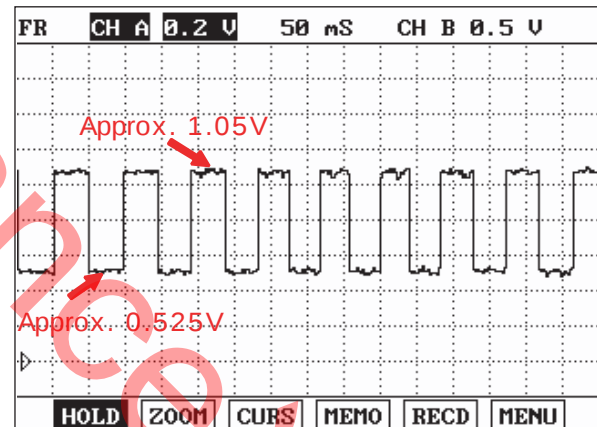
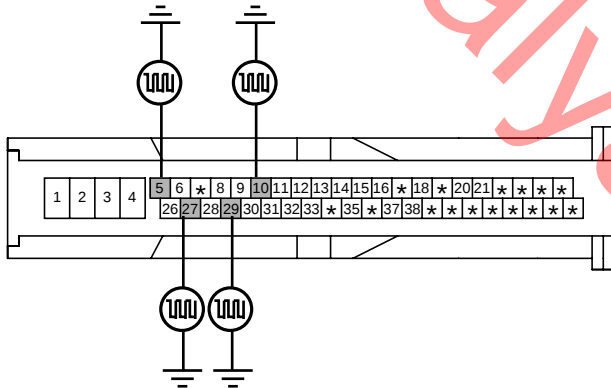
SIGNAL CIRCUIT INSPECTION

E9ECB429

1. Lift the vehicle.
2. Ignition "ON".
3. Turn the wheel with hand.
4. Measure waveform between terminal of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. High : 1.05 V , Low : 0.525 V

<ESP HECU>



SBLBR6508L

DTC	LOCATION	HECU harness connector (Signal)	
		ABS	ESP
DTC C1200	Front Left	5	5
DTC C1203	Front Right	10	10
DTC C1206	Rear Left	17	27
DTC C1209	Rear Right	19	29

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -45

5. Is the measured waveform within specifications?

YES

Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Check for open or short to GND in wheel speed sensor harness between terminal "FL, FR : 1, RL, RR : 1" of the wheel speed sensor harness connector and terminal of the HECU harness connector. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

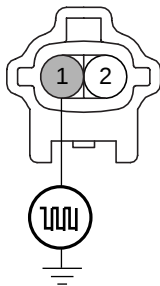
If OK, Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

COMPONENT INSPECTION

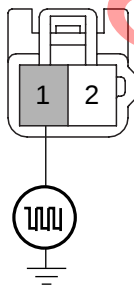
E619A846

1. Lift the vehicle.
2. Ignition "ON".
3. Turn the wheel with hand.
4. Measure waveform between terminal "FL, FR : 1, RL, RR : 1" of the wheel speed sensor harness connector and chassis ground.

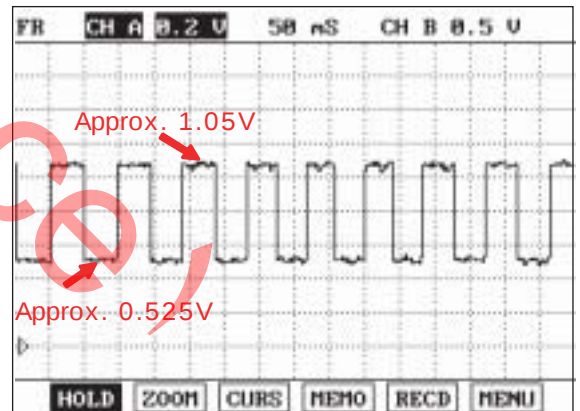
Specification : Approx. High : 1.05 V , Low : 0.525 V



1. Wheel speed sensor (FL-, FR-)
2. Wheel speed sensor (FL+, FR+)



1. Wheel speed sensor (RL-, RR-)
2. Wheel speed sensor (RL+, RR+)



SBLBR6509L

5. Is the measured waveform within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in wheel speed sensor harness. Go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Substitute with a known-good Wheel speed sensor and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace Wheel speed sensor and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR

E275D577

Refer to DTC C1101.

BR -46

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC C1201 FL WHEEL SENSOR-RANGE/PERFORMANCE
DTC C1204 FR WHEEL SENSOR-RANGE/PERFORMANCE
DTC C1207 RL WHEEL SENSOR-RANGE/PERFORMANCE
DTC C1210 RR WHEEL SENSOR-RANGE/PERFORMANCE

COMPONENT LOCATION E8FE52FB

Refer to DTC C1200.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION E68B44DF

Refer to DTC C1200.

DTC DESCRIPTION EE66BA40

The ABS ECU monitors the wheel speed sensor signal continuously. This code is set when an abnormal signal due to air gap problem or an abnormal speed change ratio are detected at the vehicle speed between 10 km/h to 80 km/h. Warning lamp is turned OFF unless additional faults are detected when the IG KEY is turned ON again, and wheel speed is more than 12 Km/h.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION ED8EE31E

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Signal monitoring	- Improper installation of wheel speed sensor - Abnormal Rotor and wheel bearing - Inoperative Wheel speed sensor - External noise
Case1	Monitoring Period	The monitoring is active from 10 km/h to 80 km/h and if no ABS-control is active at a front wheel and a rear wheel.	
	Enable Conditions	Every time, if a gap in the wheel speed sensor signal occurs cyclically with one wheel rotation, a fault counter is increased by one. If the fault counter exceeds its limit of 6, a wheel specific fault is stored in the EEPROM.	
Case2	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	If following interference and signal disturbance is detected, a failure is set after 10 s. non-plausible high frequency received. non-plausible high wheel acceleration. non-plausible high wheel jurk. non-plausible delta T and edges at low speed.	
Fail Safe		Refer to DTC C1200.	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -47

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA E6230E7C

1. Engine "ON".
2. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC).
3. Start and drive vehicle in gear and maintain vehicle speed at or above 12 km/h(7 mph)
4. Monitor the "Wheel Speed Sensor" parameter on the Scantool.

Specification : Compare with another parameters related to wheel speed sensor. If it is the same as another parameters, it is in normal condition

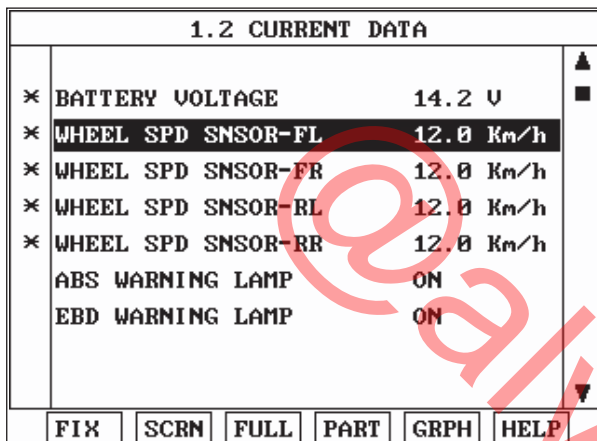


Fig1

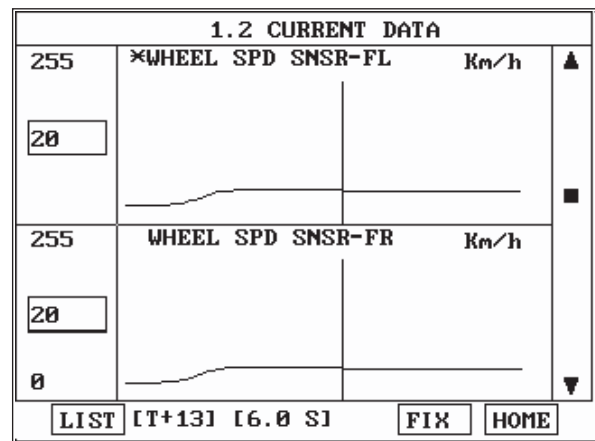


Fig2

Fig 1) Test Condition : Drive vehicle at a speed of 12 km/h or more. (7 mph or more) Normal Data

Fig 2) Test Condition : Drive vehicle at a speed of 20 km/h or more. (12 mph or more) Normal Graph

SCMBR6542L

5. Is parameter displayed within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by faulty HECU or external noise, was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "Component Inspection" Procedure.

BR -48

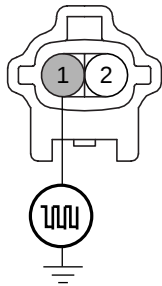
BRAKE SYSTEM

COMPONENT INSPECTION

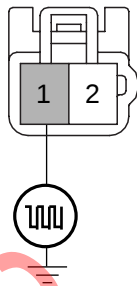
E077C8B0

1. Lift the vehicle.
2. Ignition "ON".
3. Turn the wheel with hand.
4. Measure waveform between terminal "FL, FR : 1, RL, RR : 1" of the wheel speed sensor harness connector and chassis ground.

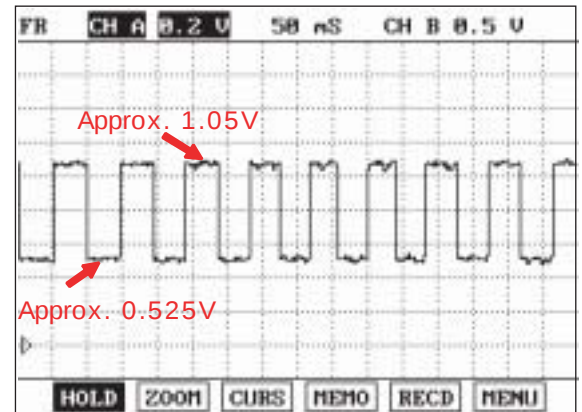
Specification : High : 1.05 V , Low : 0.525 V



1. Wheel speed sensor (FL-, FR-)
2. Wheel speed sensor (FL+, FR+)



1. Wheel speed sensor (RL-, RR-)
2. Wheel speed sensor (RL+, RR+)



SBLBR6509L

5. Is the measured waveform within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in wheel speed sensor harness or external noise, Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage and external noise, an interference between harnesses. Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

If OK, Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Check for improper installation of wheel speed sensor. If NG, repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Check for damage of rotor teeth or wheel bearing. If NG, repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Substitute with a known-good Wheel speed sensor and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace Wheel speed sensor and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -49

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR

EB320B15

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode
2. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Detecting Condition in General Information.(Start and drive vehicle in gear and maintain vehicle speed at or above 12 km/h (7 mph))
4. Are any DTCs present ?

YES

Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO

System performing to specification at this time.

BR -50

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC C1202 FL WHEEL SPEED SENSOR-NO SIGNAL
DTC C1205 FR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR-NO SIGNAL
DTC C1208 RL WHEEL SPEED SENSOR-NO SIGNAL
DTC C1211 RR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR-NO SIGNAL

COMPONENT LOCATION EA7C1B2D

Refer to DTC C1200.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EDFCFE7F

Refer to DTC C1200.

DTC DESCRIPTION E53BB93F

The ABS ECU monitors the wheel speed sensor signal continuously. This code is set when there is no wheel speed signals within 10 ms to 20 ms at a vehicle speed > 43.2 km/h or a deviation between sensors exceed the threshold or one or two wheels are at 2.75 km/h while the vehicle speed is at 12 km/h. Warning lamp is turned OFF unless additional faults are detected when the IG KEY is turned ON again, and wheel speed is more than 12 Km/h.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION E8F0B727

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Signal monitoring	- Improper installation of wheel speed sensor - Abnormal Rotor and wheel bearing - Inoperative Wheel speed sensor
Case1	Monitoring Period	Continuous (only no under voltage is not detected)	
	Enable Conditions	- If one (or two) wheel are at 2.75 km/h and the other wheels are above 12 km/h for longer than 1s. - During driving, when the vehicle accelerates 18 km/h after a particular wheel speed gets to 2.75 km/h and stays there. At that time, If one (or two) wheel are at 2.75 km/h. - This monitoring is performed at the following condition. - At the time the vehicle is accelerated to 12 km/h - Once after energizing the system. - If the vehicle was stationary for approx. 2s. - If one (or two) wheels are under 5 km/h and the two fastest wheels have a velocity above 12 km/h for more than 20s.	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -51

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
Case2	Monitoring Period	- Continuous (If vehicle speed > 12 m/s) - but this monitoring is disabled in the following event 1) Aquaplaning. 2) Interference. 3) Supply voltage below 7.6 or above 18 Volts	
	Enable Conditions	- No wheel speed signals within 10 ms to 20 ms at a vehicle speed > 12 m/s (43.2 km/h). - If the dynamic sensor monitor responses, the failures will be stored into failure memory immediately after a waiting period of 60 ms. - If occurs low voltage active sensors during the waiting period of 60 ms no failure is stored in the EEPROM.	
Case3 - ABS Only	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	- Vehicle < 100Km/h - Difference of two wheel speeds at FL to RL/FR to RR > 1.7m/s (6km/h). - Difference of two wheel speeds at FL to FR/RL to RR > 1.7m/s + 1.1m/s. - Difference of two wheel speeds at FL to RR/FR to RL > 1.7m/s + 2.2m/s. If at least one wheel is at 1.4m/s or lower, a wheel speed difference of adjoining wheels up to 3.3m/s(or 3.3m/s + 1.1m/s) is permitted. - Vehicle > 100Km/h - Difference of two wheel speeds at FL to RL/FR to RR > (6%×Vref). - Difference of two wheel speeds at FL to FR/RL to RR > (6%×Vref + 1.1m/s). - Difference of two wheel speeds at FL to RR/FR to RL > (6%×Vref + 2.2m/s). V_ref : Vehicle Reference Speed - Detection filter time - Response and detection filter time depend on the amount of the speed difference and additional conditions as shown below. 1. 18s - if fault threshold is exceeding > 1.7m/s resp.6% 2. 9s - if fault threshold is exceeding > 3.3m/s resp. 12% 3. If any wheel shows strong deceleration the fault detection filter time is not shorter than 18s. 4. If spinning wheel is detected the fault detection filter time is not shorter than 72s. - Fault allocation - If the exact fault location can be determined the wheel specific fault will be set. This is the case if at the time of detection the faulty wheel speed is at or below 1.4m/s. - Otherwise a general WSS_Generic fauly (C1213) is set.	

BR -52

BRAKE SYSTEM

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
Case4 - ESP Only	Monitoring Period	• Main Monitoring - The main monitor needs additional information of the ESP-sensors and is active for a velocity > 20 km/h and no under voltage is detected. • Backup Monitoring - Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	• Main Monitoring 1) If the maximum difference of wheel speeds related to maximum wheel speed exceeds 5%. 2) Detection filter time : - the above conditions apply for 20s for 1 defective wheel speed sensor. - the above conditions apply for 40s for 2 defective wheel speed sensor. Note : If the faulty wheel is always the same, a wheel specific wheel speed sensor fault is set, otherwise a generic wheel speed sensor fault (C1213) is set. • Backup Monitoring 1) If the deviation between the fastest and the slowest wheel exceeds 6% related to the fastest wheel when the velocity is higher than 50 km/h. 2) When the velocity is below 50 km/h, if the deviation exceeds an absolute value of 3km/h. 3) Detection filter time : normally 20s - In case of a detected curve, the threshold is increased with an additional value of 4 km/h.	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -53

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
Fail Safe	• Sensor failure outside of the ABS control cycle 1) Only one wheel failure : Only the ABS/ESP functions are inhibited. The ABS/ESP warning lamps are activated and the EBD warning lamp is not activated. 2) Two wheels failure : Only the ABS/ESP functions are inhibited. The ABS/ESP warning lamps are activated and the EBD warning lamp is not activated. 3) More than 3 wheels failure :System down. The ABS/EBD/ESP functions are inhibited. The ABS/EBD/ESP warning lamps are activated. • Sensor failure inside the ABS control cycle 1) One front wheel failure : Inhibit the ABS/ESP control. Pressure is increased on a front wheel, Pressure is decreased on a rear wheel. After the ABS/ESP control, the ABS/ESP functions are inhibited. The ABS/ESP warning lamps are activated and the EBD warning lamp is not activated. 2) Two wheels failure : Inhibit the ABS/ESP control. Pressure is increased on a front wheel, Pressure is decreased on a rear wheel. After the ABS/ESP control, the ABS/ESP functions are inhibited. The ABS/ESP warning lamps are activated and the EBD warning lamp is not activated. 3) More than 3 wheels failure : System down. The ABS/EBD/ESP functions are inhibited. The ABS/EBD/ESP warning lamps are activated.	

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA

EE7C7CBF

1. Engine "ON".
2. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC).
3. Start and drive vehicle in gear and maintain vehicle speed at or above 50 km/h(31 mph)
4. Monitor the "Wheel Speed Sensor" parameter on the Scantool.

Specification : Compare with another parameters related to wheel speed sensor. If it is the same as another parameters, it is in normal condition.

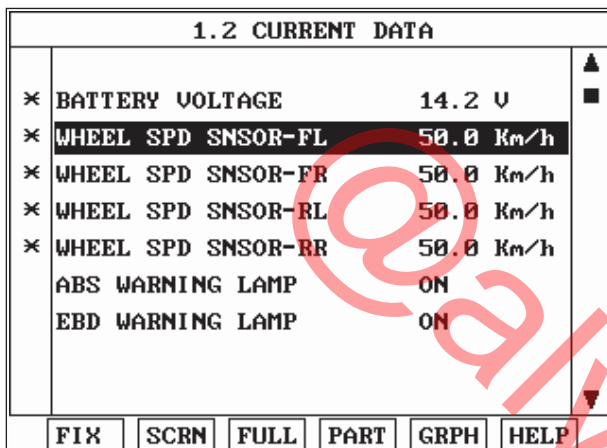


Fig1

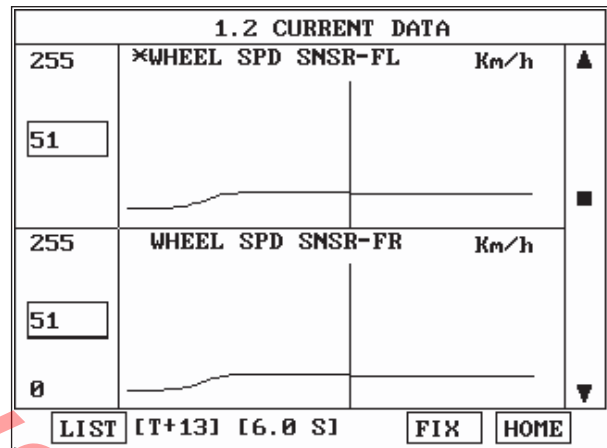


Fig2

SCMBR6543L

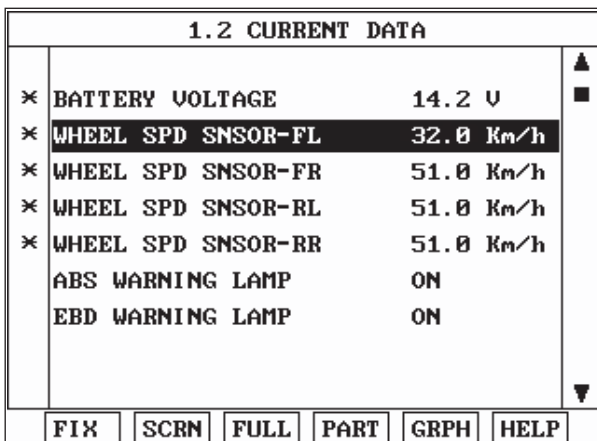


Fig3

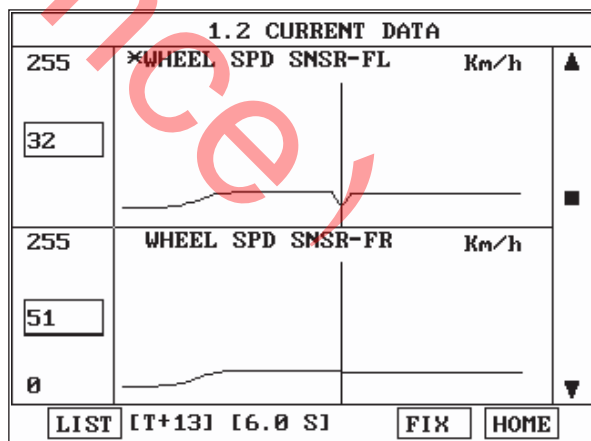


Fig4

SCMBR6544L

- Fig 1) Test Condition : Drive vehicle at a speed of 50 km/h or more. (31 mph or more) Normal Data
 Fig 2) Test Condition : Drive vehicle at a speed of 51 km/h or more. (31 mph or more) Normal Graph
 Fig 3) Test Condition : Drive vehicle at a speed of 51 km/h or more. (31 mph or more) Abnormal Data
 Fig 4) Test Condition : Drive vehicle at a speed of 51 km/h or more. (31 mph or more) Abnormal Graph

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -55

5. Is parameter displayed within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in wheel speed sensor harness, Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "Component Inspection" Procedure.

COMPONENT INSPECTION EA1649DB

Refer to DTC C1201.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR EFC3E751

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode
2. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Detecting Condition in General Information.(Start and drive vehicle in gear and maintain vehicle speed at or above 50 km/h (31 mph))
4. Are any DTCs present ?

YES

Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO

System performing to specification at this time.

DTC C1213 WHEEL SPEED FREQUENCY ERROR

COMPONENT LOCATION EEF0FF2E

Refer to DTC C1200.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION E206C881

Refer to DTC C1200.

DTC DESCRIPTION ED50EE58

The ABS ECU monitors the wheel speed sensor signal continuously. This code is set, if the speed difference with adjacent wheel is out of permissible range or the ABS control cycle is abnormal.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION E475AD3A

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
Case 1	DTC Strategy	Signal motorning	- Improper installation of wheel speed sensor - Abnormal Rotor and wheel bearing - Inoperative Wheel speed sensor
	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	When short cut between the wheel speed sensor supply and the battery.	
	Fail Safe	Wheel speed sensor signals are not reliable.	
Case 2	DTC Strategy	Signal motorning	
	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	- The monitoring reports a failure if the ABS target slip is exceeded for a time period > = 10 s at one or more wheels. - If the driver brakes or the velocity is lower than 50 km/h the detection time is enlarged to 60 s.	
	Fail Safe	Reduced function of the ESP system	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -57

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA ED0DE170

1. Engine "ON".
2. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC).
3. Start and drive vehicle in gear and maintain vehicle speed at or above 10 km/h(6 mph)
4. Monitor the "Wheel Speed Sensor" parameter on the Scantool.

Specification : Compare with another parameters related to wheel speed sensor. If it is the same as another parameters, it is in normal condition.

1.2 CURRENT DATA	
✖ BATTERY VOLTAGE	14.2 V
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FL	50.0 Km/h
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FR	50.0 Km/h
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-RL	50.0 Km/h
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-RR	50.0 Km/h
ABS WARNING LAMP	ON
EBD WARNING LAMP	ON
FIX SCRN FULL PART GRPH HELP	

Fig1

1.2 CURRENT DATA	
✖ BATTERY VOLTAGE	14.2 V
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FL	32.0 Km/h
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FR	51.0 Km/h
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-RL	51.0 Km/h
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-RR	51.0 Km/h
ABS WARNING LAMP	ON
EBD WARNING LAMP	ON
FIX SCRN FULL PART GRPH HELP	

Fig2

Fig 1) Test Condition : Drive vehicle at a speed of 50 km/h or more. (31 mph or more) Normal Data

Fig 2) Test Condition : Drive vehicle at a speed of 51 km/h or more. (31 mph or more) Abnormal Data

SCMBR6545L

5. Is parameter displayed within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in wheel speed sensor harness, Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure..

NO

Go to "Component Inspection" Procedure.

COMPONENT INSPECTION

E5FDF4BC

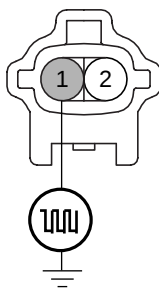
1. Lift the vehicle.
2. Ignition "ON".
3. Turn the wheel with hand.
4. Measure waveform between terminal "1" of the wheel speed sensor harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification :

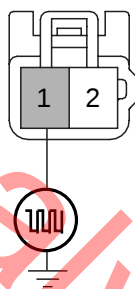
High : 1.05 V , Low : 0.525 V

Compare waveforms of all wheel speed sensors.

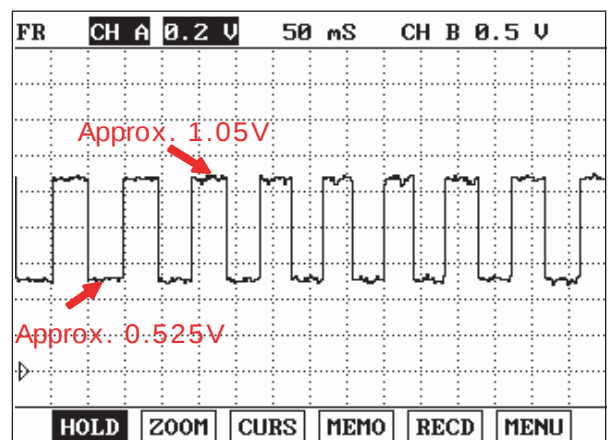
If they have same waveform, it is in normal condition.



1. Wheel speed sensor (FL-, FR-)
2. Wheel speed sensor (FL+, FR+)



1. Wheel speed sensor (RL-, RR-)
2. Wheel speed sensor (RL+, RR+)



SBLBR6510L

5. Is the measured waveform within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in wheel speed sensor harness. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Check following point at wheel speed sensor which has abnormal waveform.

Check for improper installation of wheel speed sensor. If NG, repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Check for damage of rotor teeth or wheel bearing. If NG, repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Substitute with a known-good Wheel speed sensor and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace Wheel speed sensor and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -59

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR EF80FBDD

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode
2. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Detecting Condition in General Information. (Start and drive vehicle in gear and maintain vehicle speed is approx. 50km/h or more(31mph or more))
4. Are any DTCs present ?

YES

Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO

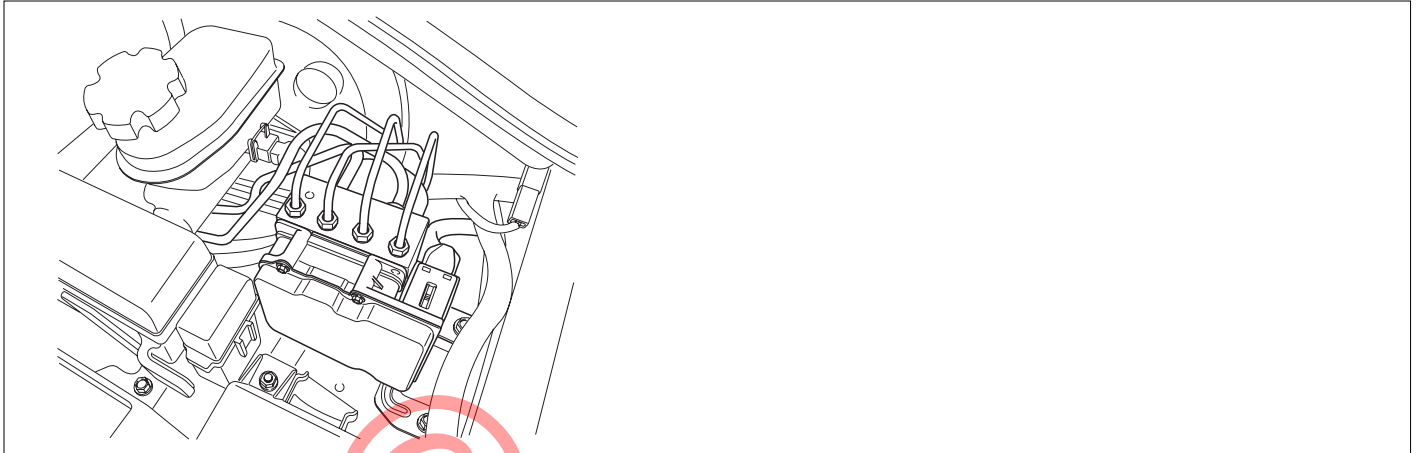
System performing to specification at this time.

BR -60

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC C1235 PRESSURE SENSOR(PRIMARY) - ELECTRICAL

COMPONENT LOCATION E7AC805E



SBLBR6003D

GENERAL DESCRIPTION E9D3D648

The pressure sensor, installed in the HECU, sense the brake oil pressure to judge driver's brake intention when ESP is operating. If pressure of master cyclinder is applied to pressure sensor, the strain of the piezo element is changed and then the resistance of brige circuit is chanded according to changed strain. Therefore this changed resistance changes output voltage of brige circuit and output voltage changes linearly. The sensor output is a analog signal in proportion to supply voltage, and the HECU recognizes a pressure value according to signal ratio about supply voltage.

DTC DESCRIPTION EAE0CEAD

Each unfiltered input signal voltage is monitored to be in the range of $4.7\text{ V} < \text{input signal voltage} < 5.3\text{ V}$. A failure is detected if the output signal value is out of specified range for more than 100 ms or pressure sensor self test form is out of specification during self test.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION E85CEE41

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Voltage Monitoring	- Open or short of pressure sensor circuit - Inoperative pressure sensor - Inoperative HECU
Case 1	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	A sensor supply failure is detected if Sensor Supply Voltage $> 5.3\text{ V}$ or Sensor Supply Voltage $< 4.7\text{ V}$ for $t \geq 60\text{ ms}$.	
Case 2	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	A Fault is set if the DSO signal is voltage of DSO $> 4.7\text{ V}$ or voltage of DSO $< 0.3\text{ V}$ for a time $t \geq 100\text{ ms}$. - DSO : original pressure value.	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

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Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
Case 3	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	- A Fault is set if the DSI signal is voltage of DSI > 4.7 V or voltage of DSI < 0.3V for a time t >= 100 ms. - DSI : inverted pressure value.	
Case 4	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	- A Fault is set if the voltage of DSO + DSI > 5.5V or voltage of DSO + DSI < 4.5V for a time t >= 100ms. - DSO : original pressure value. - DSI : inverted pressure value.	
Case 5	Monitoring Period	Once during Power Up	
	Enable Conditions	- POS detects internal sensor malfunctions (sensor element, amplification, etc.). The POS is triggered if no low voltage is present and supply voltage is switched on. The test phase is divided in two 60 ms parts. DSO signal must be < 0.5 V for 30 ms. In phase 2 DSO signal must be between 1.9V and 3.1V for also 30 ms then the POS Test is passed. The test phase is divided in two 60 ms parts. DSO and DSI signal must be < 0.5 V for 30 ms. In phase 2 DSO and DSI signal must be between 1.9 V and 3.1 V for also 30 ms then the POS Test is passed. A fault is set if POS does not satisfy the above conditions - POS : Power on selftest.	
Fail Safe		- No Pressure Signal available.. - Sensor failure outside the ABS control cycle - Only the ABS/ESP functions are inhibited, allow the EBD. The ABS/ESP warning lamps are activated and the EBD warning lamp is not activated. - Sensor failure inside the ABS control cycle - Inhibit the ESP control, allow the EBD. The ESP warning lamps are activated. After the control, the ABS functions are inhibited. The ABS warning lamps are activated.	

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA EFEEA0CC

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC).
2. Ignition "ON" & Engine "ON".
3. Press the brake pedal.
4. Monitor the "Pressure Sensor" parameter on the Scantool.

Specification : Approx. 60 bar ~150 bar (There are difference in displayed parameter according to braking force)

1.2 CURRENT DATA		
* BATTERY VOLTAGE	14.1 V	
* STOP LAMP SWITCH	ON	
* STEERING ANGLE SNSR	0 DEG	
* YAW RATE SNSR-LATERAL	0 G	
* YAW RATE SNSR-YAW	0 deg/s	
* PRESSUR SENSOR	114 bar	
ABS WARNING LAMP	ON	
EBD WARNING LAMP	ON	

Fig1

Fig 1) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "ON" Normal data (There are difference in displayed parameter according to braking force)

EJBF502S

5. Whenever brake pedal is pushed down, is the pressure sensor's scantool data changed?

YES

Fault is caused by having been repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Clear the DTC and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

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COMPONENT INSPECTION E61B279E

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Ignition "ON".
3. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode.
4. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
5. Select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode again.
6. Are any DTCs present ?

YES

Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Fault is intermittent caused by faulty HECU or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR E04D6EBE

Refer to DTC C1101.

BR -64

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC C1237 PRESSURE SENSOR - OTHER

COMPONENT LOCATION ECEF4DCE

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EAF9F3C4

Refer to DTC C1235.

DTC DESCRIPTION E21A60F4

With the driver torque demand and the lateral acceleration a driver braking demand is calculated. Unless the pump motor is operating or there is a brake signal, The offset compensation is executed. A failure is detected if offset value exceeded ± 15 bar.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION EB8B4DDD

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy	Voltage Monitoring	- Open or short of pressure sensor circuit - Inoperative pressure sensor - Inoperative HECU
Monitoring Period	- After Pressure sensor initialization. - No under voltage - No pumps are running. - No BLS-signal is set.	
Enable Conditions	The pressure sensor-offset value must be in the range of ± 15 bar. A failure is detected if this range is exceeded.	
Fail Safe	- Reduced function caused by faulty pressure sensor signal. - Sensor failure outside the ABS control cycle - Only the ABS/ESP functions are inhibited, allow the EBD. The ABS/ESP warning lamps are activated and the EBD warning lamp is not activated. - Sensor failure inside the ABS control cycle - Inhibit the ESP control, allow the EBD. The ESP warning lamps are activated. After the control, the ABS functions are inhibited. The ABS warning lamps are activated.	

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA E8CADD40

Refer to DTC C1235.

COMPONENT INSPECTION E8BEFED4

Refer to DTC C1235.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR E5A4449A

Refer to DTC C1101.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -65

DTC C1260 STEERING ANGLE SENSOR - SIGNAL

COMPONENT LOCATION E64DF7D4



SBLBR6520D

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EFFF98C7

The Steering angle sensor(SAS) is joined to the multi function switch and uses a CAN communication. The SAS is used to determine turning direction and speed of the steering wheel. The HECU uses the signals from the SAS when performing ESP-related calculations.

DTC DESCRIPTION EBB1EE1F

If the SAS signal is different from calculated value by yaw-rate sensor and wheel speed sensor, mechanically impossible SAS signal is detected, there is a difference between SAS signal and driving condition of the vehicle calculated from yaw-rate sensor and lateral G sensor, a failure is detected.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION E8F862AE

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Signal Monitoring	- Open or short of steering angle sensor circuit - Inoperative steering angle sensor
Case 1	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	During normal driving conditions the long time filtered driving direction is straight ahead. The long time filtered SAS-value is equivalent to the offset. If the offset value exceeds a threshold of approximately 15 deg a SAS-fault is determined. Failure detection time depends on the driving distance, vehicle speed and on the amount of failed SAS signal. Within 30 km of symmetrical driving the calculated offset corresponds to the sensor offset.	

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
Case 2	Monitoring Period	- Continuous (If the following conditions are satisfied) - After SAS-initialization and vehicle reference speed > 1.4 m/s (5 km/h) - No under voltage - At least one SAS-message was sent in the current 20 ms-cycle.	
	Enable Conditions	- A SAS-gradient-failure is set, if - Signal gradient (steering angle velocity) from one 20 ms-cycle to another is higher than 40° or - Change of this gradient (steering angle acceleration) is higher than 15° : (LwlnK0K1 . LwlnK1K2) > 15° and (LwlnK0K1 + LwlnK1K2) > 15° - LwlnK0K1 : Difference of the SAS-signal between the current 20 ms-cycle and the last 20 ms-cycle. - LwlnK1K2 : Difference of the SAS-signal between the last 20 ms-cycle and 20 ms-cycle before.	
Case 3	Monitoring Period	Continuous (After initialization and no under voltage detected)	
	Enable Conditions	If value is higher than 665° + 90° tolerance for more than 300 ms a fault is determined.	
Case 4	Monitoring Period	Continuous (during driving)	
	Enable Conditions	- Based on a vehicle model a reference SAS signal is build. The difference between measured SAS signal and SAS signal calculated from yaw-rate sensor signal is evaluated for fault detection. Dependent on the driving conditions failures in size of [10 + 60 m/s / vehicle reference speed] deg at steering angle are recognized within 400 ~ 4800 ms through three possible recognition paths: - Curve Branch (lateral G > 2 m/s² and left and right curve driving) - Stability Branch (no large wheel speed differences and stable acceleration) - Straight ahead Branch (lateral G < 0.5 m/s² and yaw rate < 2 deg/s). The recognition time depends on the active branch (the time is shorter in a relation 1):2:3)-4:2:1) and the value of the permissible time threshold dependent on the deviation between the compared signals (small deviation → long detection time, large deviation → small detection time).	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

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Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
Case 5	Monitoring Period	- Initialization once in every ignition cycle. - The monitoring is active until a reset by a change in the SAS signal or until a right and left cornering can be recognized.	
	Enable Conditions	- If there is no change in the signal, but a right and left cornering has been recognized, a fault is determined. (lateral G > 2 m/s² in combination with a yaw rate > 6 °/s in both directions). - At a minimum change of e.g. 5° in the signal, the monitoring is reset.	
Case 6	Monitoring Period	Continuous (during driving)	
	Enable Conditions	The measured yaw rate and the yaw rates, calculated from the wheel speed sensor and SAS are compared. If the signals don't fit and forwards driving is detected, a fault is determined.	
Case 7	Monitoring Period	Continuous (during driving)	
	Enable Conditions	Under normal conditions, two SAS messages are sent in one 20 ms cycle, which is shown by an increase of the message counter by 2. If the message counter shows an increase higher than 3 or lower than 1 in one 20 ms-cycle, a fault is stored after 160 ms.	
Fail Safe		- Reduced controller function caused by inoperative SAS signal. ABS/EBD control is available. - The ESP warning lamp is activated.	

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA

EE597BDA

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC).
2. Ignition "ON" & Engine "ON".
3. Turn the steering wheel to the left or right.
4. Monitor the "Steering Angle Sensor" parameters on the Scantool.

1.2 CURRENT DATA			
✖ BATTERY VOLTAGE	14.1	V	
✖ STOP LAMP SWITCH	ON		
✖ STEERING ANGLE SNSR	0	DEG	
✖ YAW RATE SNSR-LATERAL	0	G	
✖ YAW RATE SNSR-YAW	0	deg/s	
✖ PRESSUR SENSOR	114	bar	
ABS WARNING LAMP	ON		
EBD WARNING LAMP	ON		

Fig1

Fig 1) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "ON". Normal data

SCMBR6547L

5. Whenever steering wheel is turned, is the steering sensor's scantool data changed?

YES

- 1) Connect scantool to Data Link Connector (DLC).
- 2) Ignition "ON" & Engine "ON".
- 3) Turn the steering wheel to the full left or right position.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

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- 4) Monitor the "steering sensor" parameters on the Scantool.

1.2 CURRENT DATA		
* BATTERY VOLTAGE	14.1 V	
* STOP LAMP SWITCH	OFF	
* STEERING ANGLE SNSR	-589 DEG	
* YAW RATE SNSR-LATERAL	0	G
* YAW RATE SNSR-YAW	0	deg/s
* PRESSUR SENSOR	0	bar
ABS WARNING LAMP	ON	
EBD WARNING LAMP	ON	
FIX SCRN FULL PART GRPH HELP		

Fig2

1.2 CURRENT DATA		
* BATTERY VOLTAGE	14.1 V	
* STOP LAMP SWITCH	OFF	
* STEERING ANGLE SNSR	593 DEG	
* YAW RATE SNSR-LATERAL	0	G
* YAW RATE SNSR-YAW	0	deg/s
* PRESSUR SENSOR	0	bar
ABS WARNING LAMP	ON	
EBD WARNING LAMP	ON	
FIX SCRN FULL PART GRPH HELP		

Fig3

Fig 2) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "ON". Normal data (Right side)

Fig 3) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "ON". Normal data (Left side)

SCMBR6548L

- 5) Is parameter displayed within specifications?

YES

Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

NO

Go to number 6. procedure.

NO

Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

6. Perform steering angle sensor calibration.

- 1) Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
- 2) Line up the steering wheel in a straight.
- 3) Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC).
- 4) Go in Anti-Rock brake system. (figure 4).
- 5) Perform steering angle sensor calibration. (figure 5).

- 6) Go to "Component Inspection" Procedure.

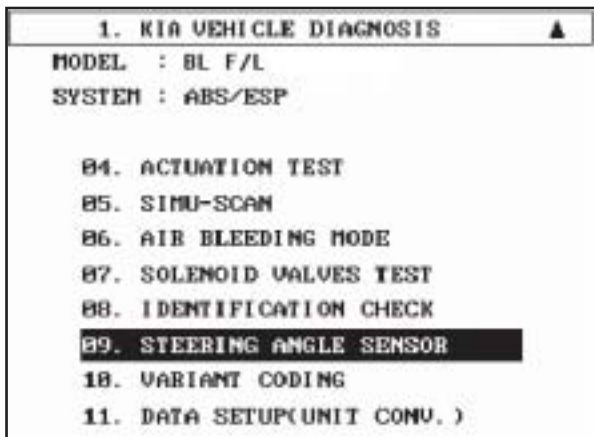


Fig4

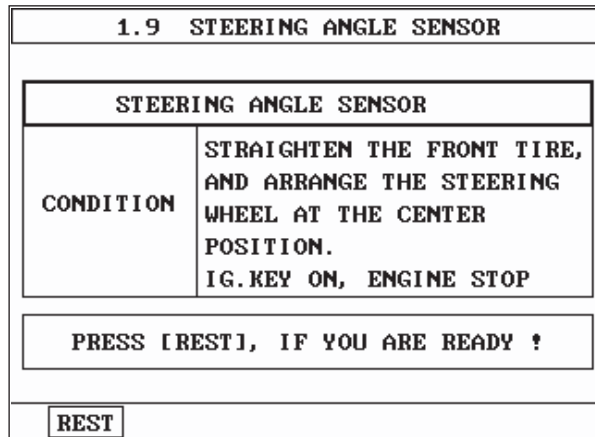


Fig5

SBLBR6544L

7. Whenever steering wheel is turned, is the steering sensor's scantool data changed HIGH/LOW?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in steering sensor harness and/or HECU's connector or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

TERMINAL AND CONNECTOR INSPECTION EA25BC94

- Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness(es) and terminals. Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
- Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
- Has a problem been found?

YES

Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -71

COMPONENT INSPECTION EF6C4C9C

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Ignition "ON".
3. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode.
4. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
5. Operate the vehicle within DTC Detecting Condition in General Information. (turn right and left at least 1 time)
6. Select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode again.
7. Are any DTCs present ?

YES

- 1) Substitute with a known-good steering angle sensor and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace sensor and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
- 2) Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Fault is intermittent caused by faulty HECU or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR EBB58C18

Refer to DTC C1101.

BR -72

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC C1261 STEERING ANGLE SENSOR IS NOT CALIBRATED

COMPONENT LOCATION EDECF764

Refer to DTC C1260.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EA7C85EE

Refer to DTC C1260.

DTC DESCRIPTION E1020357

The SAS used for ESP control needs zero point adjustment because the SAS measures an absolute angle. Zero point adjustment is done by using the scantool device. If abnormal zero point adjustment is detected, a failure is recognized.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION E0CFF8F6

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy	Signal Monitoring	A fail of SAS zero point adjustment
Monitoring Period	During SAS zero point adjustment.	
Enable Conditions	The position of steering wheel is out of specified range (straight position, a max. error $\pm 5^\circ$) during SAS zero point adjustment.	
Fail Safe	- Reduced controller function caused by inoperative SAS signal. ABS/EBD control is available. - The ESP warning lamp is activated.	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -73

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA EC443E94

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC).
2. Ignition "ON" & Engine "ON".
3. Monitor the "SAS CALIBRATED" parameters on the Scantool.

Specification : YES

1.2 CURRENT DATA			
* BATTERY VOLTAGE	14.1 V		
* STOP LAMP SWITCH	OFF		
* STEERING ANGLE SNSR	0 DEG		
* SAS CALIBRATED	YES		
* YAW RATE SNSR-LATERAL	0 G		
* YAW RATE SNSR-YAW	0 deg/s		
PRESSUR SENSOR	0 bar		
ABS WARNING LAMP	ON		
FIX SCRN FULL PART GRPH HELP			

Fig1

Fig 1) SAS Calibrate normal data - YES : SAS calibrated, NO : SAS not calibrated.

SCMBR6550L

4. Is parameter displayed within specifications?

YES

Fault is caused by having been repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Clear the DTC and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

COMPONENT INSPECTION

EA7DBF8E

1. Line up wheels like (figure 1).
 - 1) Perform the wheel alignment.
 - 2) Line up the steering wheel in a straight.
 - 3) Go ahead and Go back the vehicle 2~3 times without holding steering wheel.
2. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC).
3. Go in Anti-Lock brake system. (figure 2).
4. Perform steering angle sensor calibration. (figure 3).
5. Disconnect scantool.
6. Check the condition of SAS zero point adjustment by operating the vehicle (turn right and left at least 1 time)

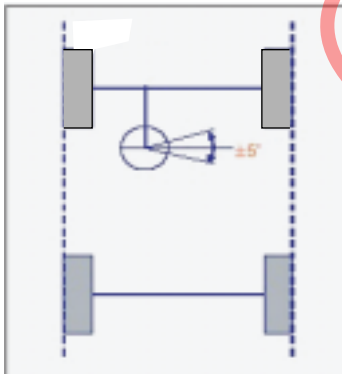


Fig1

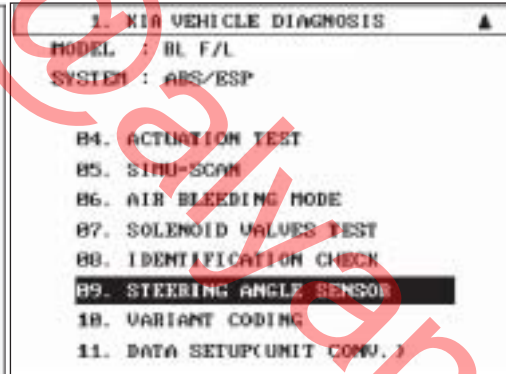


Fig2

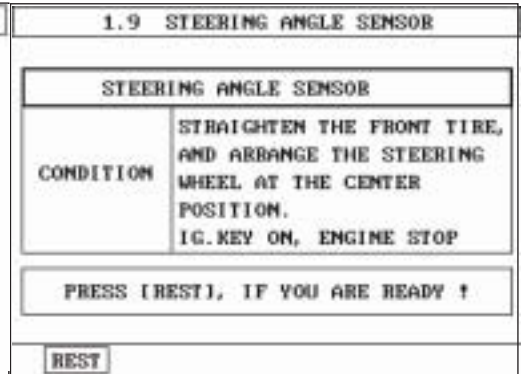


Fig3

SBLBR6511L

7. Is zero point adjustment completed?

YES

Go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR

E97D1EE9

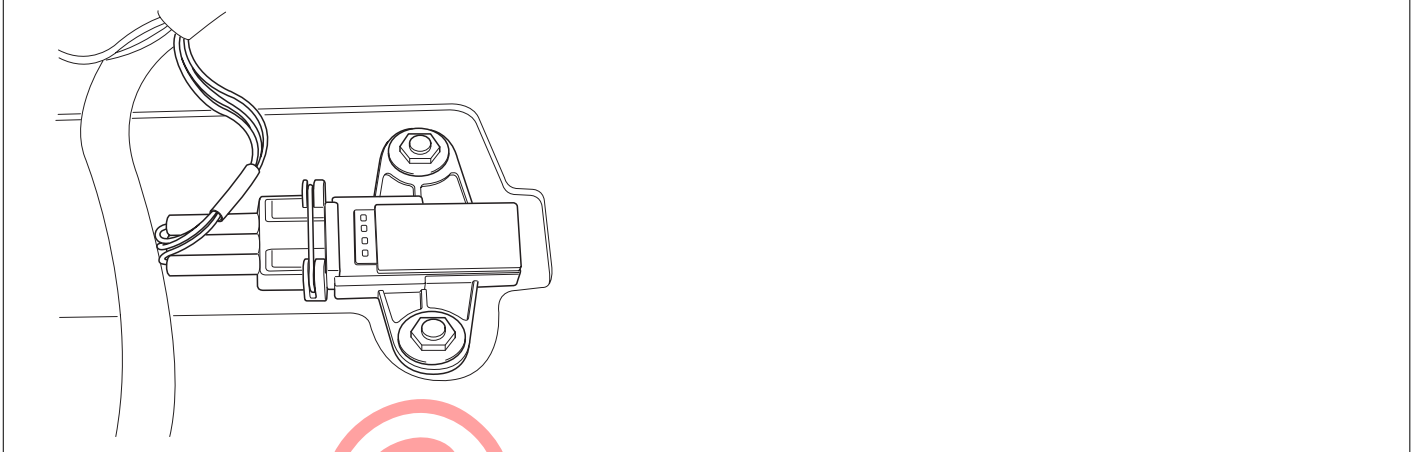
Refer to DTC C1101.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -75

DTC C1274 G SENSOR - ELECTRICAL

COMPONENT LOCATION E54ADD37



SBLBR6553D

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EE8964D6

The 4WD vehicle measures the G-sensor signal to solve for 4WD vehicle unique problems. For example all 4 wheels are locked early on a low-friction road or control response is delayed when road friction coefficients vary. The HECU uses a filtered signal, as a supplementary value, to determine the road friction coefficient. This value is used for the accurate calculations of assumed vehicle speed, or precise division of control starting points.

DTC DESCRIPTION E731EBCA

The HECU monitors the G-sensor signal continuously, and sets this code if the abnormal G-sensor signal is detected or the difference between the value calculated from vehicle speed deviation and measured value is out of range when the vehicle isn't decelerating (brake switch is OFF).

DTC DETECTING CONDITION EDA68EFD

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy	Voltage monitoring	- Open or short of G-Sensor circuit - Faulty G-Sensor
Monitoring Period	Continuous	
Enable Conditions	When the voltage of G-sensor signal is > 4.7V or < 0.3V continuously.	
Fail Safe	ABS functions are inhibited, EBD function is allowed and the ABS warning lamps are activated.	

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA

ED61FBC9

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC)
2. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
3. Monitor the "G-sensor" parameter on the Scantool.

Specification : Approx. $\pm 0.01G$

1.2 CURRENT DATA		
* BATTERY VOLTAGE	14.2 V	
* WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FL	0.0 Km/h	
* WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FR	0.0 Km/h	
* WHEEL SPD SENSOR-RL	0.0 Km/h	
* WHEEL SPD SENSOR-RR	0.0 Km/h	
G SENSOR	0.0 G	
FIX SCRN FULL PART GRPH HELP		

Fig1

Fig 1) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF"
Normal Data

SBLBR6512L

4. Is parameter displayed within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in G-sensor harness and/or HECU's connector or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -77

TERMINAL AND CONNECTOR INSPECTION EBF62A6F

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness(es) and terminals. Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES

Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

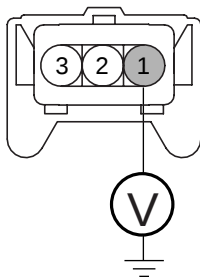
Go to "Power Circuit Inspection" procedure.

POWER CIRCUIT INSPECTION E3DFD8B0

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
2. Measure voltage between terminal "1" of the G-sensor harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. B+

<M02>



1. Battery (+)

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Go to "Signal Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for open or short in the power harness between terminal "23" of the HECU harness connector and terminal "1" of the G-sensor harness connector. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

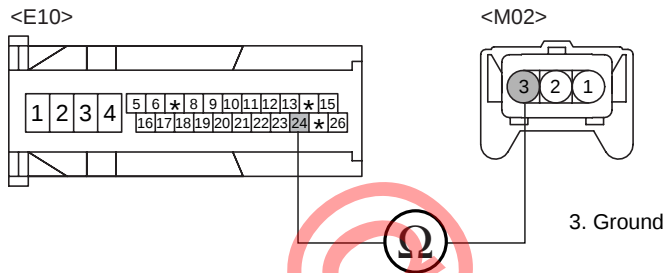
SBLBR6548L

GROUND CIRCUIT INSPECTION

E9AEDD5F

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect G-sensor connector.
3. Measure resistance between terminal "3" of the G-sensor harness connector and terminal "24" of the HECU harness connector.

Specification : Approx. below 1Ω



SBLBR6549L

4. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES

Go to "Signal Circuit inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for damaged harness and poor connection between terminal "3" of the G-sensor harness connector and terminal "24" of the HECU harness connector. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -79

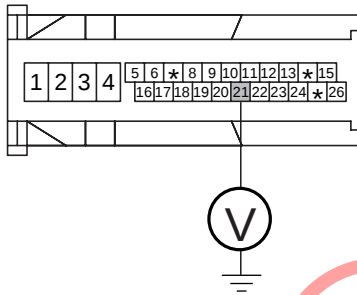
SIGNAL CIRCUIT INSPECTION

E147EFB6

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
2. Measure voltage between terminal "21" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. 2.5V

<E10>



21. G-sensor Signal

SBLBR6550L

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by open or short G-sensor and/or faulty G-sensor or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for open or short in the G-sensor harness between terminal "2" of the G-sensor harness connector and terminal "21" of the HECU harness connector. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

BR -80

BRAKE SYSTEM

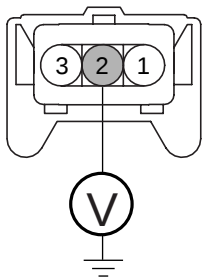
COMPONENT INSPECTION

E696DA9D

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
2. Measure voltage between terminal "2" of the G sensor harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. 2.5V

<M02>



2. Signal

SBLBR6551L

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by open or short G-sensor and/or faulty G-sensor or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO

Substitute with a known-good G sensor and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace G sensor and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR

E317E088

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode
2. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Detecting Condition in General Information
4. Are any DTCs present?

YES

Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO

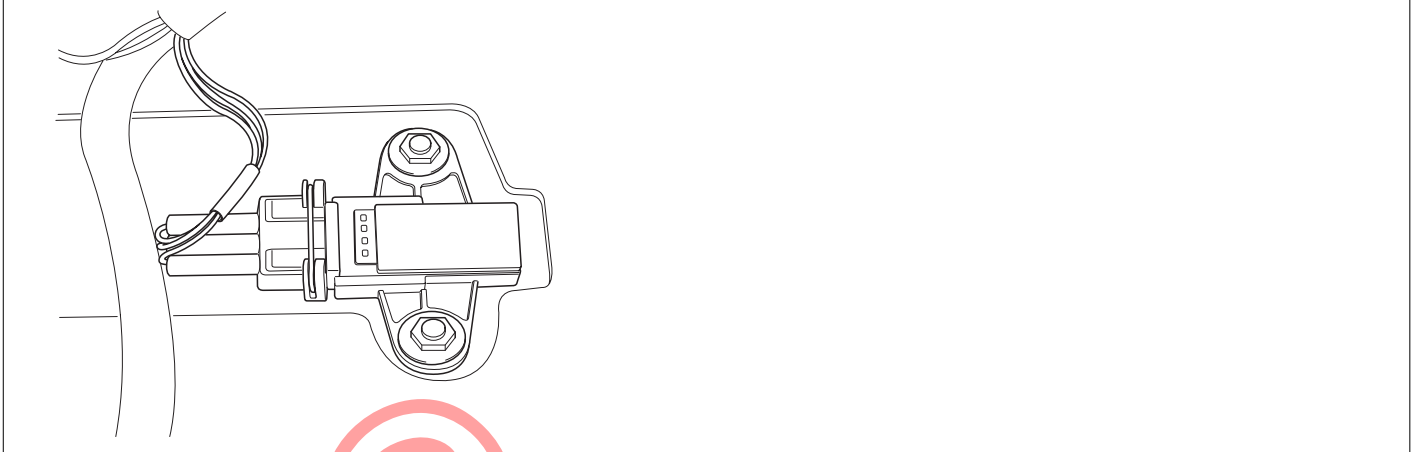
System performing to specification at this time.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -81

DTC C1275 G SENSOR RANGE/PERFORMANCE ERROR

COMPONENT LOCATION EEB851A9



SBLBR6553D

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EE40535F

The 4WD vehicle measures the G-sensor signal to solve for 4WD vehicle unique problems. For example all 4 wheels are locked early on a low-friction road or control response is delayed when road friction coefficients vary. The HECU uses a filtered signal, as a supplementary value, to determine the road friction coefficient. This value is used for the accurate calculations of assumed vehicle speed, or precise division of control starting points.

DTC DESCRIPTION E37AEFE3

The HECU monitors the G-sensor signal continuously, and sets this code if the abnormal G-sensor signal is detected or the difference between measured longitudinal acceleration and longitudinal acceleration by differentiating vehicle speed is out of range when the vehicle isn't decelerating (brake switch is OFF).

DTC DETECTING CONDITION E5FA92C9

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Signal monitoring	- Improper installation of G-Sensor - Abnormal Rotor and wheel bearing - Faulty G-Sensor
Case 1	Monitoring Period	Continuous (If no under voltage, no BLS, no BLS failure is detected)	
	Enable Conditions	If the G sensor signal is more than 0.4G for more than 20sec.	
Case 2	Monitoring Period	Continuous (If no under voltage, no ABS control)	
	Enable Conditions	the difference between measured longitudinal acceleration and longitudinal acceleration by differentiating vehicle speed exceeds the threshold (Approx. 1.5G). a fault is recognized after 2s.	
Fail Safe		ABS function is inhibited, EBD function is allowed and the ABS warning lamps are activated.	

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA

EDFE231E

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC)
2. Engine "ON".
3. Start and drive vehicle in gear and maintain vehicle speed is approx. 10km/h or more (6mph or more) and then accelerate and decelerate the vehicle several times.
4. Monitor the "G-sensor" parameter on the Scantool.

Specification : Below 0.4G (at a uniform speed)

It is a normal condition if the data is changed at accelerating or decelerating vehicle

1.2 CURRENT DATA		
✖ BATTERY VOLTAGE	14.2 V	
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FL	10.0 Km/h	
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-FR	10.0 Km/h	
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-RL	10.0 Km/h	
✖ WHEEL SPD SENSOR-RR	10.0 Km/h	
G SENSOR	0.0 G	
FIX SCRN FULL PART GRPH HELP		

Fig1

Fig 1) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF"
Normal Data

SBLBR6513L

5. Is parameter displayed within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by faulty G-Sensor or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -83

COMPONENT INSPECTION

E6ACB34B

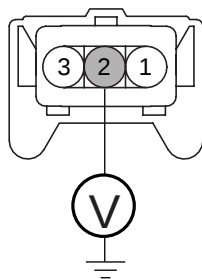
1. Check improper installation of G-sensor. If NG, repair as necessary and go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
2. Check damage of rotor teeth or wheel bearing. If NG, repair as necessary and go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
3. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
4. Measure waveform between terminal "2" of the G sensor harness connector and chassis ground by using an oscilloscope.

Specification :

Approx. 2.5V (standstill)

0.3V ~ 4.7V (acceleration or deceleration)

<M02>



2. G sensor signal

SBLBR6552L

5. Isn't the measured waveform fixed and is the measured waveform changed normally?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by improper installation of G-Sensor, abnormal Rotor and wheel bearing, and/or faulty G-sensor or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Fault is intermittent caused by improper installation of G-Sensor, abnormal Rotor and wheel bearing, and/or faulty G-sensor or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR

EB876D08

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode
2. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Detecting Condition in General Information. (Start and drive vehicle in gear and maintain vehicle speed is approx. 10km/h or more (6mph or more))
4. Are any DTCs present?

YES

Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO

System performing to specification at this time.

@alyance,

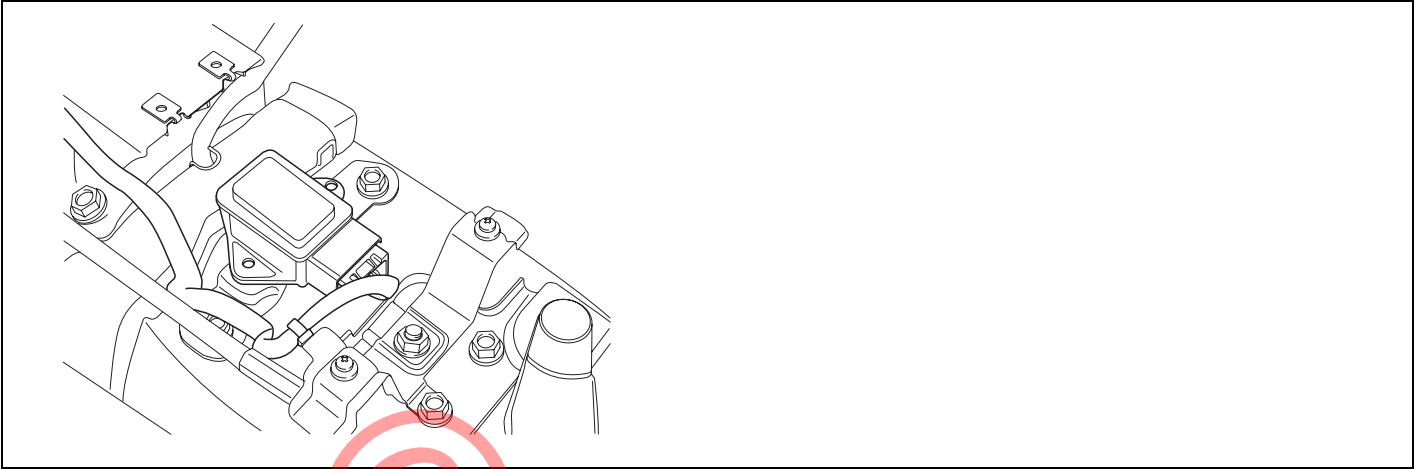
ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -85

DTC C1282 YAW RATE AND LATERAL G SENSOR - ELECTRICAL

COMPONENT LOCATION

E0CF38E4



EJBF503C

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

EADAFB53

The yaw-rate and G sensor assembly is installed on the lower floor. The yaw-rate sensor detects acceleration of the vehicle around its vertical axis, while the G sensor detects lateral acceleration of the vehicle. When the vehicle is not moving, the G sensor output is approximately 2.5 V.

DTC DESCRIPTION

E8BD4DB4

The HECU monitors a signal voltage of either yaw-rate sensor or lateral G sensor to detect open or short to battery or short to ground. A failure is detected if the lateral acceleration sensor or yaw rate sensor signal voltage stays in the fault range longer than 100 ms or the lateral acceleration sensor or yaw rate sensor reference voltage stays in the fault range longer than 200 ms, or the self test form is against specification during self test.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION

E094F2AA

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
Case 1	DTC Strategy	Voltage Monitoring	- Inoperative Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor - Open or short of Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor - Inoperative HECU
	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	- A line fault is detected if $V[LG] < 0.3 \text{ V}$ or $V[LG] > 4.7 \text{ V}$ for a time $t \geq 100 \text{ ms}$. - A line fault is detected if $V[YAW] < 0.225 \text{ V}$ OR $V[YAW] > 4.774 \text{ V}$ for a time $t \geq 100 \text{ ms}$. - A line fault is detected if $V[YAW \text{ REFERENCE}] < 2.1 \text{ V}$ OR $V[YAW \text{ REFERENCE}] > 2.9 \text{ V}$ for a time $t \geq 200 \text{ ms}$.	
Case 2	DTC Strategy	Selftest Monitoring	
	Monitoring Period	Once after power up and no low voltage.	
	Enable Conditions	A line fault is detected if $0.2 \text{ V} < V[LG] < 0.8 \text{ V}$ isn't continued for a time $t \geq 60 \text{ ms}$ during POS (POS : power on selftest)	
Fail Safe		- Reduced controller function. - Inhibit the ESP control and ABS/EBD control is available. - The ESP warning lamps are activated.	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -87

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA EAFBC02F

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector (DLC).
2. Ignition "ON".
3. Monitor the "Yaw rate sensor-lateral & Yaw rate sensor-yaw" parameter on the Scantool.

Specification : Lateral G sensor : ± 0 G, YAW rate Sensor : ± 0 deg/s

1.2 CURRENT DATA			
✖ BATTERY VOLTAGE	14.1 V		
✖ STOP LAMP SWITCH	OFF		
✖ STEERING ANGLE SNSR	0	DEG	
✖ YAW RATE SNSR-LATERAL	0	G	
✖ YAW RATE SNSR-YAW	0	deg/s	
✖ PRESSUR SENSOR	0	bar	
ABS WARNING LAMP	ON		
EBD WARNING LAMP	ON		
FIX	SCRN	FULL	PART
GRPH	HELP		

Fig1

Fig 1) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "ON" Normal data (There are difference in displayed Normal data)

SCMBR6552L

4. Is parameter displayed within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness and/or HECU's connector or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

TERMINAL & CONNECTOR INSPECTION E4BDBEFB

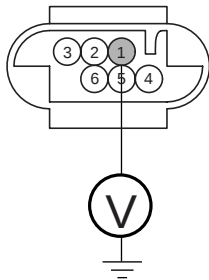
Refer to DTC C1200.

POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT INSPECTION

E2C64B92

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
2. Measure voltage between terminal "1" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. 5 V



1. Battery +
2. Yaw-Rate self test line
3. Yaw-Rate reference line
4. Ground
5. Lateral G sensor signal
6. Yaw-Rate sensor signal

SBLBR6553L

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Go to "Ground Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO

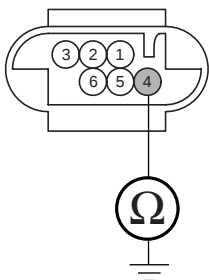
Check for open or short to GND in the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness between terminal "1" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and battery +. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

GROUND CIRCUIT INSPECTION

E1EAF74F

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor connector.
3. Measure resistance between terminal "4" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. below 1Ω



1. Battery +
2. Yaw-Rate self test line
3. Yaw-Rate reference line
4. Ground
5. Lateral G sensor signal
6. Yaw-Rate sensor signal

SBLBR6554L

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -89

4. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES

Go to "Signal Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO

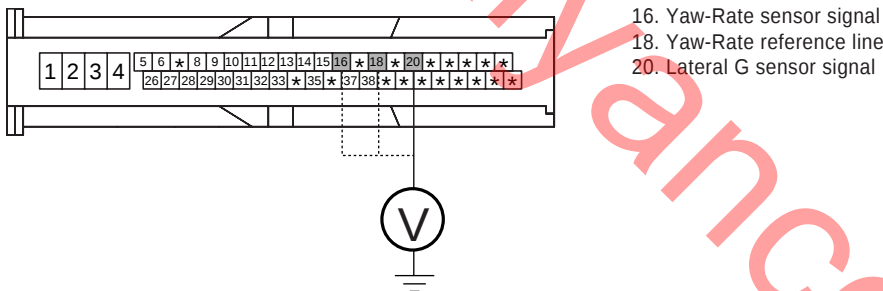
Check for open or short in the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness between terminal "4" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and terminal "15" of the HECU harness connector . Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

SIGNAL CIRCUIT INSPECTION

ECA69964

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
2. Measure voltage between terminal "16, 18, 20" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. 2.5V (Voltage between terminal "16,20" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.)
Specification : Approx. above 2.1V and below 2.9V (Voltage between terminal "18" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.)



SBLBR6555L

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Go to "Self Test Circuit Inspection" procedure.

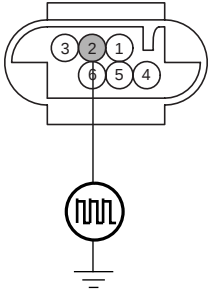
NO

Check for open or short in the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness between terminal "6, 3, 5" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and terminal "16, 18, 20" of the chassis ground. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

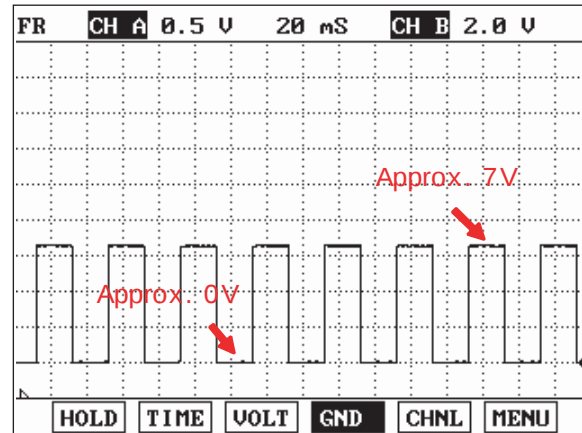
If OK, Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

SELF TEST CIRCUIT INSPECTION

1. Measure waveform between terminal "2" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and chassis ground.



1. Battery +
2. Yaw-Rate self test line
3. Yaw-Rate reference line
4. Ground
5. Lateral G sensor signal
6. Yaw-Rate sensor signal



Yaw-Rate self test line - Channel B

SBLBR6514L

2. Is the measured waveform within specifications?

YES

Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Check for open or short to GND in the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness between terminal "2" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and terminal "37" of the chassis ground. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

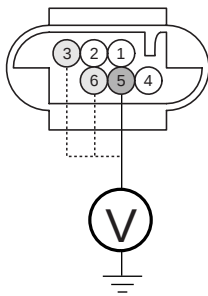
BR -91

COMPONENT INSPECTION EEE8EB3E

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
2. Measure voltage between terminal "3,5,6" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. 2.5V (Voltage between terminal "5, 6" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and chassis ground.)

Specification : Approx. above 2.1 V and below 2.9 V (Voltage between terminal "3" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and chassis ground.)



1. Battery +
2. Yaw-Rate self test line
3. Yaw-Rate reference line
4. Ground
5. Lateral G sensor signal
6. Yaw-Rate sensor signal

SBLBR6515L

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness. Go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Substitute with a known-good Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR EC138FB3

Refer to DTC C1101.

BR -92

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC C1283 YAW RATE AND LATERAL G SENSOR - SIGNAL

COMPONENT LOCATION E6A363BF

Refer to DTC C1282.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION E8735FAD

Refer to DTC C1282.

DTC DESCRIPTION EFCCE9C6

A lateral acceleration reference signal is calculated from the wheel speeds, the steering angle and the yaw rate signals to observe the lateral acceleration sensor signal. The difference between the reference signal and the sensor signal is evaluated for failure detection. A yaw rate reference signal is calculated from the wheel speeds, the steering angle and the lateral acceleration signals to observe the yaw rate sensor signal. The difference between the reference signal and the sensor signal, and the gradient of the measured sensor signal is evaluated for the failure detection. If the difference between estimated value and measured value of the sensor is larger than predefined value for predefined time, the failure is recognized. Plausibility faults (signals received which fall outside of the sensor characteristics) are also recognized.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION E3247ED3

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Signal Monitoring	- Inoperative Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor - Open or short of Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor
Case 1	Monitoring Period	Continuous (during stable driving)	
	Enable Conditions	- By building a reference lateral G from the yaw-rate sensor, wheel speed sensor and the SAS it is possible to test the lateral G Signal on plausibility. If during stable vehicle behavior an lateral G Failure larger than approximately 2.5 m/s² occurs, the ESP controller will disregard the lateral G sensor information so that a false ESP intervention is prevented. A fault is recognized after 1.6 s during model validity. - The measured and offset compensated yaw rate signal is compared to the reference yaw rate signal calculated from yaw rate sensor, lateral G sensor, SAS and wheel speed sensor. If the measured yaw rate deviates more than 2.5 °/s plus a dynamic threshold from the reference yaw rate during model validity, a failure is recognized after 1.6 s. The dynamic threshold is between 2.5°/s and more than 5°/s. A typical value is 3°/s. - During the possibility to observe the recognition time depends on the amount of failure.	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -93

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
Case 2	Monitoring Period	Continuous (during driving)	
	Enable Conditions	During normal driving conditions the long time filtered driving direction is straight ahead. The long time filtered later G value is equivalent to the offset. If the offset value exceeds a threshold of approximately 2.25 m/s² an later G fault is determined. Failure detection time depends on the driving distance, vehicle speed and on the amount of failed later G signal. Within 30 km of symmetrical driving the calculated offset corresponds to the sensor offset.	
Case 3	Monitoring Period	Continuous (If no under voltage is detected)	
	Enable Conditions	A fault is detected If the lateral G is higher than 15 m/s² for more than 800 ms.	
Case 4	Monitoring Period	Continuous (during standstill)	
	Enable Conditions	If the filtered value of lateral G is larger than 7 m/s² for more than 400 m/s a fault is set.	
Case 5	Monitoring Period	Continuous (dependent on driving situation)	
	Enable Conditions	- Standstill compensation : - The offset corresponds to the measured and filtered input value. Failure threshold 5.25 °/s. - Fast compensation (during driving if no standstill compensation could be completed): - The offset corresponds to the slightly filtered deviation between measured yaw rate and the reference yaw rate calculated from SAS, lateral G sensor and wheel speed sensor. Failure threshold is 7.5 °/s. - Long-term ("normal") compensation (during driving after successful standstill or fast offset compensation): - The offset corresponds to the strong filtered deviation between measured yaw rate and the reference yaw rate calculated from SAS, lateral G sensor and wheel speed sensor. Failure threshold is 7.5 °/s	

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
Case 6	Monitoring Period	After every standstill.	
	Enable Conditions	- Yaw-rate sensor sensitivity is estimated by comparison of the measured yaw rate and the yaw rates calculated from the wheel speed sensor and SAS during cornering. The fault criteria is approx. 25% sensitivity. - The measured yaw rate and the model yaw rates, calculated from the wheel speed sensor and SAS are compared. If the signals doesn't fit and forward driving is reconized, a fault is determined. - Driving with a yaw rate of e.g. 10 °/s requires a time of 3s and additional time to reach a velocity 20 m/s to recognize forward driving.	
Case 7	Monitoring Period	Continuous (after initialization of the YRS and if no under voltage is detected)	
	Enable Conditions	The yaw rate sensor BITE logic evaluates the BITE-signal by extraction of the measured yaw rate of the vehicle. The allowed range for the BITE-signal is 25 °/s $\pm$ 7 °/s. If the BITE-signal is not in the allowed range, a suspected failure bit is set after 200 ms. A failure is set within 400 ms.	
Case 8	Monitoring Period	After YRS-initialization, no under voltage	
	Enable Conditions	Depending on the driving conditions a signal gradient higher than 10 ~ 23 °/s / 40 ms sets a suspected failure bit after 280 ms, unless a single signal peak is recognized by a peakfilter. A failure is set, if the good check is not settled successfully after 10 s.	
Case 9	Monitoring Period	Continuous (except spinning, use of handbrake, unsteady driving conditions or a detected under voltage)	
	Enable Conditions	- During standstill - The allowed range of the yaw rate sensor signal is ± 30 °/s. Leaving this range for 5 s sets a fault. In case of driving off after the failure was present for longer than 500 ms during standstill, the fault is detected immediately. - While driving - The allowed range of the yaw rate sensor signal is ± 94.75 °/s and a suspected failure bit is set, if the signal is out of this range for 500 ms. A fault is set after 1 s.	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -95

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
Case10	Monitoring Period	Once after power up and no low voltage.	
	Enable Conditions	A line fault is detected if $0.2V < VLG < 0.8V$ isn't continued for a time $t \geq 60ms$ during POS (POS : power on selftest)	
Fail Safe		- Reduced controller function. - Inhibit the ESP control and ABS/EBD control is available. - The ESP warning lamps are activated.	

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA E2E4B302

Refer to DTC C1282.

TERMINAL & CONNECTOR INSPECTION E76D1A39

Refer to DTC C1200.

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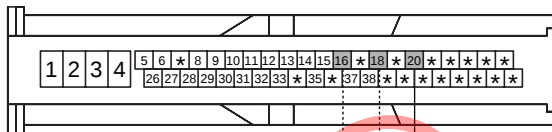
SIGNAL CIRCUIT INSPECTION

E6EFBFD5

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
2. Measure voltage between terminal "16,18,20" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. 2.5 V (Voltage between terminal "16, 20" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.) If the voltage of the yaw & lateral G sensor is changed within normal voltage range (approx. 0.1 ~ 4.9 V) during shaking it, it is in normal condition.

Specification : Approx. above 2.1 V and below 2.9 V (Voltage between terminal "18" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.)



- 16. Yaw-Rate sensor signal
- 18. Yaw-Rate reference line
- 20. Lateral G sensor signal

SBLBR6555L

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Check for open or short in the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness between terminal "6, 3, 5" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and terminal "16, 18, 20" of the HECU harness connector . Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

If OK, Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -97

COMPONENT INSPECTION

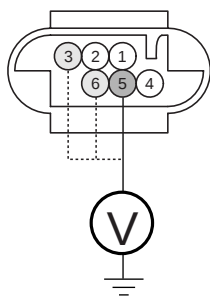
EB6ACBE6

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
2. Measure voltage between terminal "3, 5, 6" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. 2.5V (Voltage between terminal "5, 6" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and chassis ground.)

If the voltage of the yaw & lateral G sensor is changed within normal voltage range (approx. 0.1~4.9V) during shaking it, it is in normal condition.

Specification : Approx. above 2.1V and below 2.9V (Voltage between terminal "3" of the Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness connector and chassis ground.)



1. Battery +
2. Yaw-Rate self test line
3. Yaw-Rate reference line
4. Ground
5. Lateral G sensor signal
6. Yaw-Rate sensor signal

SBLBR6516L

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor harness. Go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Substitute with a known-good Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace Yaw Rate & Lateral G sensor and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR

EA7B6AD9

Refer to DTC C1101.

BR -98

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC C1503 TCS/ESP SWITCH ERROR

COMPONENT LOCATION EBC1B613



SBLBR6562L

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EBED977B

Driver can inhibit the ESP control by ESC switch. When switch signal send into HECU, ESP warning lamp go ON and ESP control is stopped and if next switch signal is inputted again, ESP control is ready. This function is used for sporty driving or vehicle inspection.

DTC DESCRIPTION EAD35DC8

Trouble code is set when the condition that the level of ESP switch is high is continued for 60 sec. When the ESP switch failure is set there is no signal in the warning lamp and HECU inhibit the ESP control and allow the ABS/EBD control.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION EF444BD8

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy	Short circuit monitoring	Open or short ESP switch
Monitoring Period	Continuous	
Enable Conditions	When the ESP switch is ON for 60 sec.	
Fail Safe	- Inhibit the ESP control and allow the ABS/EBD control. - The ESP warning lamps are activated.	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -99

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA ECFADC5E

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC).
2. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
3. Press the ESP SWITCH.
4. Monitor the "TCS/ESP SWITCH" parameter on the scantool.

1.2 CURRENT DATA	
ABS WARNING LAMP	ON
EBD WARNING LAMP	ON
ESP WARNING LAMP	OFF
ESP OFF LAMP	ON
ESP OFF SWITCH	ON
BRAKE LAMP SWITCH	OFF
PUMP RELAY	OFF
VALVE RELAY	ON

FIX SCRN FULL PART GRPH HELP

Fig1

Fig 1) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF". Normal data

SCMBR6588L

5. Whenever the switch is pushed up/down, is the esp off switch's scantool data changed ON/OFF?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in esp switch line or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

TERMINAL & CONNECTOR INSPECTION ED7785CA

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness(es) and terminals. Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES

Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

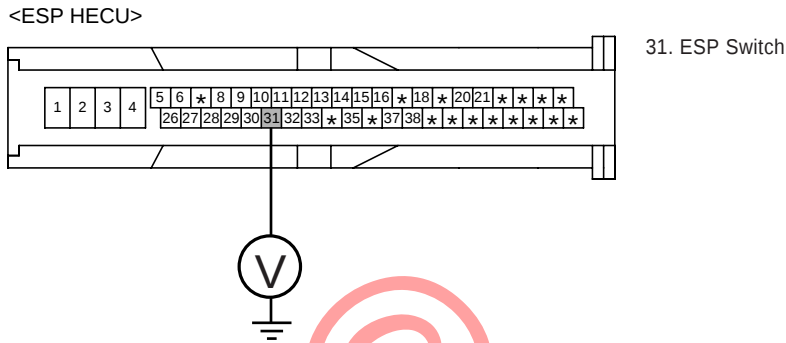
Go to "Signal Circuit Inspection" procedure.

SIGNAL CIRCUIT INSPECTION

E3415922

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" & ESP Switch"ON".
2. Measure voltage between terminal "31" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx B+



SBLBR6558L

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Go to "Component Inspection" Procedure.

NO

Check for damaged harness and poor connection in the power harness between the battery terminal(+) and the terminal "31" of the HECU harness connector . Check for open or blown 10 A fuse referring to "Circuit Diagram" . Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of vehicle Repair" procedure.

If OK, Go to "Component Inspection" Procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -101

COMPONENT INSPECTION

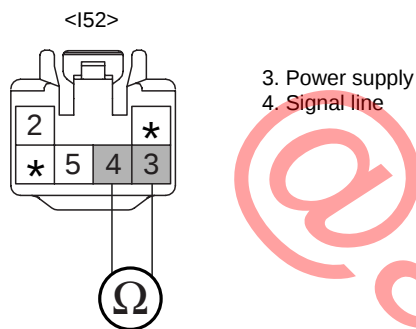
EFFB6B4E

1. Ignition "ON".
2. Disconnect ESP switch connector.
3. Press the ESP switch.
4. Measure resistance between terminal "3, 4" of the ESP switch component connector.

Specification :

Approx. below 1 Ω - ESP switch is depressed.

Approx. ∞ Ω - ESP switch is not depressed.



SBLBR6517L

5. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in ESP switch line or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Substitute with a known-good ESP switch and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace ESP switch and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

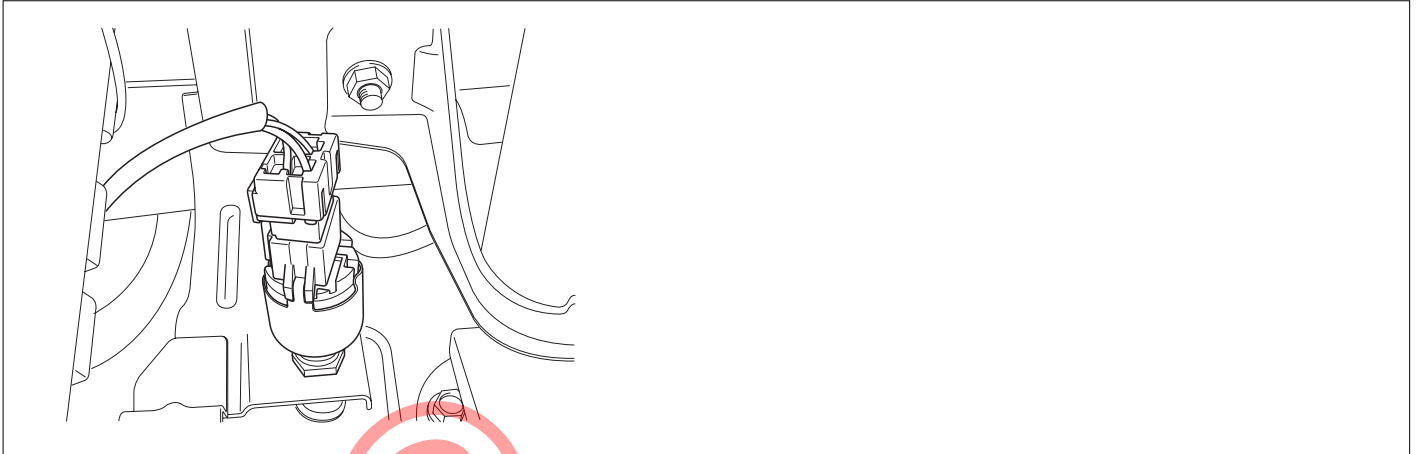
VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR

EFEF3673

Refer to DTC C1101.

DTC C1513 BRAKE SWITCH ERROR

COMPONENT LOCATION E8CF3930



SBLBR6532D

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EC82BA07

The brake light switch indicates brake pedal status to the ABS control unit. The brake light switch which is dual switch type send brake light signal to HECU. The switch is turned on when brake is depressed. The brake light switch runs to battery voltage when brake depressed. but The brake light switch doesn't run to battery voltage when brake is not depressed.

DTC DESCRIPTION E908DA26

The brake light signal is a reference to judge driver's intention for braking and The HECU checks open or short circuit of brake light switch for normal ABS/ESP control. If an error exists, warning lamp will be turned ON.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -103

DTC DETECTING CONDITION

E4AC58A7

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Voltage monitoring	- Open circuit in brake switch line - Inoperative brake light switch
Case 1	Monitoring Period	Continuous (only no under voltage is not detected)	
	Enable Conditions	- If the BLS-signals is high for 60 s at following condition. - the gas pedal is stepped - vehicle speed > 10.8km/h - offset compensated pressure < 5 bar - no control is active	
Case 2	Monitoring Period	Continuous (only normal voltage)	
	Enable Conditions	- For redundancy reasons an additional BLSpVor-signal is created by the pressure sensor signal. If the pressure sensor is compensated, the threshold for generating the BLSpVor signal is 10 bar. If the pressure sensor is not compensated, the threshold is increased by 25 bar. If this signal is set without any hardware-BLS-signals being set for at least 1s. - If the pressure signal is higher than 80bar and not both of the hardware-BLS are set, a fault is stored after 1s.	
Fail Safe		- Inhibit the ESP control and ABS/EBD control is available. - The ESP warning lamps are activated.	

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA

E7135B9E

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC).
2. Ignition "ON" & Engine "ON"
3. Press the brake pedal.
4. Monitor the "BRAKE SWITCH" parameter on the scantool.

1.2 CURRENT DATA	
ABS WARNING LAMP	ON
EBD WARNING LAMP	ON
ESP WARNING LAMP	OFF
ESP OFF LAMP	ON
ESP OFF SWITCH	OFF
BRAKE LAMP SWITCH	ON
PUMP RELAY	OFF
VALVE RELAY	ON

Fig1

Fig 1) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF" Normal data

SBLBR6545L

5. Whenever brake pedal is pushed down, is the brake switch's scantool data changed ON/OFF?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in brake switch line or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -105

TERMINAL & CONNECTOR INSPECTION

E733B9FD

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused poor harness(es) and terminals condition. Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES

Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "Power Circuit Inspection" procedure.

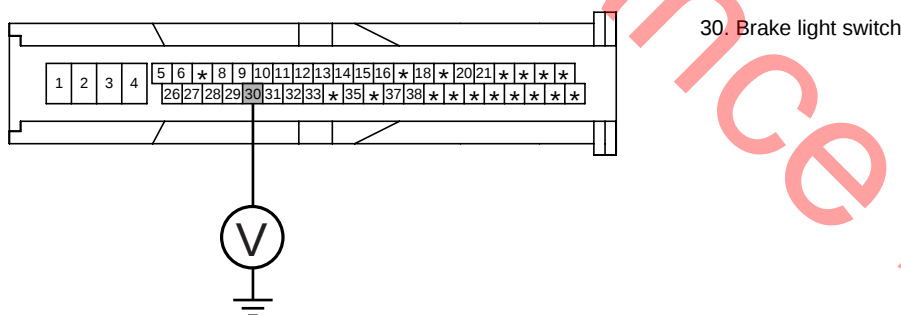
SIGNAL CIRCUIT INSPECTION (BRAKE PEDAL ISN'T DEPRESSED)

EC84FF89

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
2. Don't press the brake pedal.
3. Measure voltage between the terminal "30" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Brake Light Switch - Approx. 0 V

<ESP HECU>



SBLBR6559L

4. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Go to "Signal Circuit Inspection (brake pedal is depressed)" procedure.

NO

Check for open or blown 20A STOP, 7.5A SNSR fuse referring to "Circuit Diagram". Check for open or short to battery between the battery terminal(+) and the terminal "30" of the HECU harness connector. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

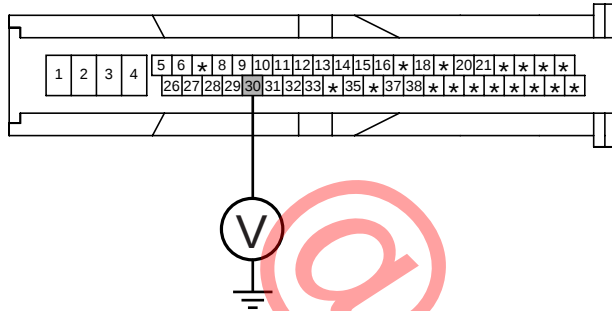
If OK, Go to "Component Inspection" Procedure.

SIGNAL CIRCUIT INSPECTION (BRAKE PEDAL IS DEPRESSED)

1. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
2. Press the brake pedal.
3. Measure voltage between the terminal "30" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Brake Light Switch - Approx. B+

<ESP HECU>



30. Brake light switch

SBLBR6560L

4. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by open or short harness in brake light switch, faulty brake light switch or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Check for open or short to ground between the battery terminal(+) and the terminal "30" of the HECU harness connector. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

If OK, Go to "Component Inspection" Procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

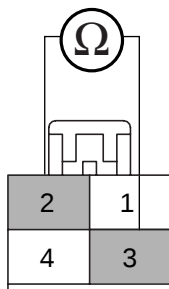
BR -107

COMPONENT INSPECTION

E95B4619

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect brake switch connector.
3. Measure resistance between the terminal "2", "3" of the brake switch.

Resistance between the terminal "2,3" of the brake switch - $\infty \Omega$ (when the plunger is pushed down), 0Ω (when the plunger isn't pushed down).



2. brake light switch power supply
3. brake light switch signal

SBLBR6518L

4. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by open or short harness in brake light switch, faulty brake light switch or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Substitute with a known-good brake lamp switch and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace brake light switch and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR

E3DF220A

Refer to DTC C1101.

BR -108

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC C1604 ECU HARDWARE ERROR

COMPONENT LOCATION E7E41667

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EEFC3248

The HECU is composed of an ECU (Electronic Control Unit) and a HCU(Hydraulic Control Unit) , HCU is composed of a source of hydraulic pressure and modulator valve block. Increase and decrease of hydraulic pressure is operated by electronic motor, According to a detected signal by wheel speed sensor, The hydraulic pressure which is needed for control is supplied by pump. The HCU' function which is composed of an accumulator, return pump, solenoid valve is to increase, decrease or maintain the hydraulic pressure supplied to a brake caliper by operating return pump according to HECU control signal while ABS control is active.

DTC DESCRIPTION EDAABDE6

The HECU monitors the operation of the IC components such as memory, register, A/D converter and so on. The ECU sets this code when the EEPROM data read by the master processor is different than prior data written, or when the master/slave processor detects abnormal operation in RAM, Status Register, Interrupt, Timer, A/D converter or cycle time.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION E191019E

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Internal monitoring	Inoperative HECU
Case 1	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	If Internal control unit failures of the master/slave processor or peripheral integrated circuits is detected.	
Case 2	Monitoring Period	Directly after ignition on, during reading of EEPROM-values	
	Enable Conditions	- Failure is set if checksum not correct or PSW-EEPROM-Handler reported unknown failure during EEPROM-value reading. - If EEPROM reading sequence take longer then 3 s, a failure is set.	
Fail Safe		- The ABS/EBD/ESP functions are inhibited. - The ABS/EBD/ESP warning lamps are activated.	

TERMINAL AND CONNECTOR INSPECTION E08B2E54

Refer to DTC C1260.

COMPONENT INSPECTION E3AF7919

Refer to DTC C1235.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR EDA6B173

Refer to DTC C1101.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -109

DTC C1605 CAN HARDWARE ERROR

COMPONENT LOCATION E8FEEDFD

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EF59E9EF

The HECU send requirement data, such as Torque reduction, the number of fuel cut cylinders, and TCS control requests, to the PCM(ECM & TCM) through CAN bus line. The PCM(ECM) performs fuel cut functions according to requests from the HECU and retards ignition timing by torque reduction requests. The PCM(TCM) maintains current gear positions during TCS control time, in order not to increase power which causes a Kickdown shift.

DTC DESCRIPTION E100AAE4

The HECU checks the CAN control module for normal TCS control, and sets this code if CAN control module malfunction is detected.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION EFA8B6C8

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy	CAN control module monitoring	Inoperative HECU
Monitoring Period	Immediate during start up	
Enable Conditions	Faults are detected immediately if the initialization software can't have write access to the configuration registers of the CAN-controller module.	
Fail Safe	Inhibit the ESP control and ABS/EBD control is available.	

TERMINAL AND CONNECTOR INSPECTION E241567E

Refer to DTC C1260.

COMPONENT INSPECTION E7FFCD7E

Refer to DTC C1235.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR EF1AA3CD

Refer to DTC C1101.

BR -110

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC C1611 CAN TIME-OUT EMS

COMPONENT LOCATION EDCCC649

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION E3850C33

Refer to DTC C1605.

DTC DESCRIPTION ECFFF519

The HECU checks the CAN communication lines for normal ESP control, and sets this code if a PCM(ECM) message is not received within predefined time.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION EA602299

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy	CAN message monitoring	- Inoperative PCM(ECM) - Inoperative HECU
Monitoring Period	Continuous	
Enable Conditions	Faults are detected if PCM(ECM) message was not received on time by the CAN controller of HECU.	
Fail Safe	Inhibit the ESP control and ABS/EBD control is available.	

TERMINAL AND CONNECTOR INSPECTION EE618AF1

Refer to DTC C1260.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -111

COMPONENT INSPECTION E511BB15

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Ignition "ON".
3. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode.
4. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
5. Select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode again.
6. Are any DTCs present?

YES

Substitute with a known-good PCM(ECM) and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace PCM(ECM) and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.If NG, replace HECU and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Fault is intermittent caused by faulty HECU or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR E5A708F3

Refer to DTC C1101.

BR -112

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC C1612 CAN TIME-OUT TCU

COMPONENT LOCATION EAE2E9AF

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION E2F1F802

Refer to DTC C1605.

DTC DESCRIPTION E3E346E9

The HECU checks the CAN communication lines for normal TCS control, and sets this code if a PCM(TCM) message is not received within predefined time.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION EBC7BEA6

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy	CAN control module monitoring	Inoperative PCM(TCM)
Monitoring Period	Continuous	
Enable Conditions	Faults are detected if PCM(TCM) message was not received on time by the CAN controller of HECU.	
Fail Safe	Inhibit the ESP control and ABS/EBD control is available.	

TERMINAL AND CONNECTOR INSPECTION EC24ABCB

Refer to DTC C1260.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -113

COMPONENT INSPECTION EDDB88E8

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Ignition "ON".
3. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode.
4. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
5. Select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode again.
6. Are any DTCs present?

YES

Substitute with a known-good PCM(ECM) and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace PCM(ECM) and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.If NG, replace HECU and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Fault is intermittent caused by faulty HECU or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR E463155A

Refer to DTC C1101.

BR -114

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC C1616 CAN BUS OFF

COMPONENT LOCATION E652CACA

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EE070C20

Refer to DTC C1605.

DTC DESCRIPTION E35FE747

The HECU checks the CAN communication lines for normal TCS control, and sets this code if re-initialization is tried for 15 times in sequence without success.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION EB0D33DB

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy	Open or short monitoring	- Open or short circuit in CAN line - Inoperative HECU
Monitoring Period	Continuous	
Enable Conditions	A CAN BUS off fault is established if re-initialization is tried for 15 times in sequence without success.	
Fail Safe	Inhibit the ESP control and ABS/EBD control is available. Meanwhile, stop checking the ESP switch failure under the ESP control.	

TERMINAL & CONNECTOR INSPECTION E3F12319

Refer to DTC C1503.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -115

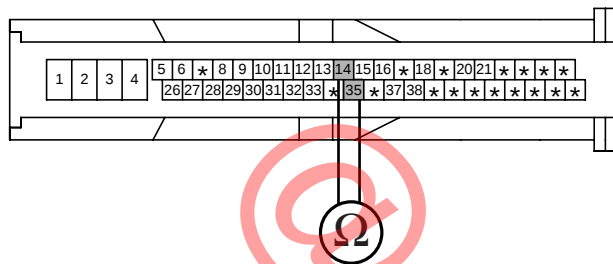
SIGNAL CIRCUIT INSPECTION

EBBDD86D

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnet the HECU harness connector.
3. Measure resistance between terminal "14" of the HECU harness connector and terminal "35" of the HECU harness connector.

Specification : Approx. 60Ω

<ESP HECU>



<ESP>
14. CAN (LOW)
35. CAN (HIGH)

<ABS>
15. CAN (LOW)
26. CAN (HIGH)

SBLBR6519L

4. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by open or short in CAN signal harness or was repaired and HECU memory wasnot cleared. go to "CAN Bus Short (to ground) Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for open or short in CAN signal harness between terminal "14" of the HECU harness connector and terminal "35" of the HECU harness connector. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

BR -116

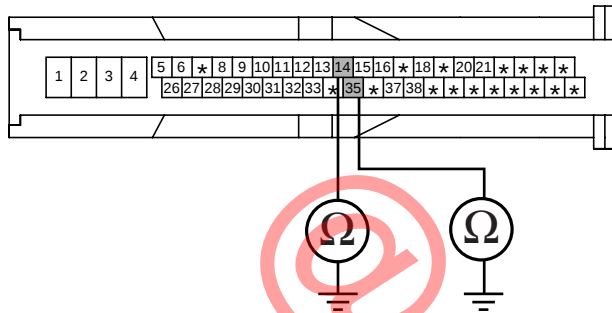
BRAKE SYSTEM

CAN BUS SHORT (TO GROUND) INSPECTION

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnet the HECU harness connector.
3. Measure resistance between terminal "14, 35" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. $\infty \Omega$

<ESP HECU>



<ESP>

- 14. CAN (LOW)
- 35. CAN (HIGH)

<ABS>

- 15. CAN (LOW)
- 26. CAN (HIGH)

SBLBR6520L

4. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES

Go to "CAN Bus Short (to battery) Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for short to ground in CAN HIGH signal harness in case of abnormal resistance measured between terminal "35" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Check for short to ground in CAN LOW signal harness in case of abnormal resistance measured between terminal "14" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

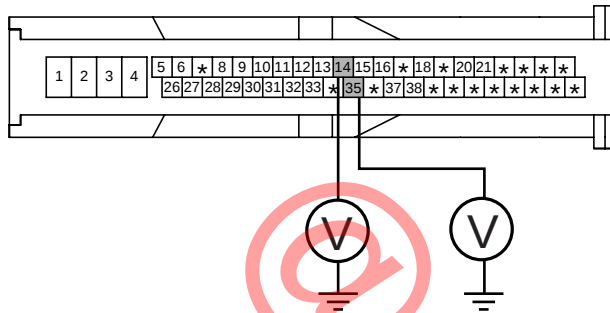
BR -117

CAN BUS SHORT (TO BATTERY) INSPECTION

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnet the HECU harness connector.
3. Measure voltage between terminal "14, 35" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Below. 0.2 V

<ESP HECU>



<ESP>

- 14. CAN (LOW)
- 35. CAN (HIGH)

<ABS>

- 15. CAN (LOW)
- 26. CAN (HIGH)

SBLBR6521L

4. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Go to "CAN Bus Short (between HIGH and LOW) Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for short to battery in CAN HIGH signal harness in case of abnormal resistance measured between terminal "14" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Check for short to battery in CAN LOW signal harness in case of abnormal resistance measured between terminal "35" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

BR -118

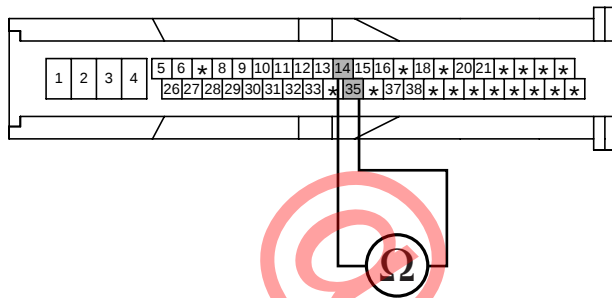
BRAKE SYSTEM

CAN BUS SHORT (BETWEEN HIGH AND LOW) INSPECTION

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnet all the connetor related to CAN such as HECU, PCU, EPS, ECS harness connector.
3. Measure resistance between terminal "14, 35" of the HECU harness.

Specification : Approx. 120 Ω

<ESP HECU>



<ESP>

- 14. CAN (LOW)
- 35. CAN (HIGH)

<ABS>

- 15. CAN (LOW)
- 26. CAN (HIGH)

SBLBR6564L

4. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES

Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for short in CAN signal harness between terminal "14" of the HECU harness connector and terminal "35" of the HECU harness connector. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -119

COMPONENT INSPECTION EFBF5905

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Ignition "ON".
3. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode.
4. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
5. Select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode again.
6. Are any DTCs present?

YES

Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Fault is intermittent caused by faulty HECU or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR ECB1BBE0

Refer to DTC C1101.

BR -120

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC C1623 CAN TIME-OUT STEERING ANGLE SENSOR

COMPONENT LOCATION ECEA88CB

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION E219AFBB

The Steering angle sensor(SAS) is joined to the multi function switch and uses a CAN communication. The SAS is used to determine turning direction and speed of the steering wheel. The HECU uses the signals from the SAS when performing ESP-related calculations.

DTC DESCRIPTION EDAD9CA6

The HECU checks the CAN communication lines for normal ESP control, and sets this code if a SAS message is not received within predefined time.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION E2BDBE9B

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy	CAN message monitoring	- Inoperative SAS - Open circuit in SAS line
Monitoring Period	Continuous	
Enable Conditions	Faults are detected if SAS message was not received on time by the CAN controller of HECU.	
Fail Safe	Inhibit the ESP control and ABS/EBD control is available.	

TERMINAL & CONNECTOR INSPECTION E60CFCCD

Refer to DTC C1200.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

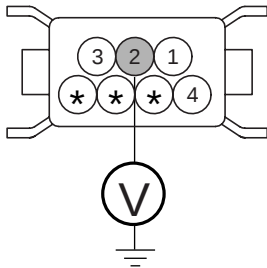
BR -121

POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT INSPECTION

E81CA72B

1. Ignition "ON".
2. Measure voltage between terminal "2" of the steering angle sensor harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. B+



1. Steering Angle Sensor Ground
2. Steering Angle Sensor Supply
3. CAN Line (HIGH)
4. CAN Line (LOW)

SBLBR6523L

3. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Go to "Ground Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO

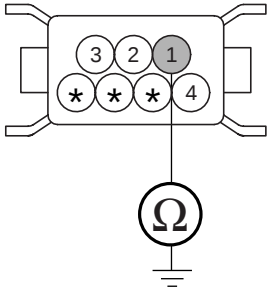
Check for damaged harness and poor connection between the battery terminal(+) and terminal "2" of the steering angle sensor harness connector. Check for open or blown 10 A ABS fuse referring to "Circuit Diagram". Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

GROUND CIRCUIT INSPECTION

EF6D4BE2

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect SAS connector.
3. Measure resistance between terminal "1" of the steering angle sensor harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. below 1 Ω



1. Steering Angle Sensor Ground
2. Steering Angle Sensor Supply
3. CAN Line (HIGH)
4. CAN Line (LOW)

SBLBR6524L

4. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES

Go to "CAN Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for damaged harness and poor connection between terminal "1" of the steering angle sensor harness connector and chassis ground. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

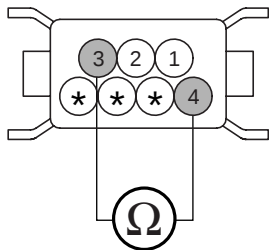
ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -123

CAN CIRCUIT INSPECTION

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect SAS connector.
3. Measure resistance between terminal "3, 4" of the steering angle sensor harness connector.

Specification : Approx. 60 Ω



1. Steering Angle Sensor Ground
2. Steering Angle Sensor Supply
3. CAN Line (HIGH)
4. CAN Line (LOW)

SBLBR6525L

4. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES

Go to "CAN Bus Short (to ground) Inspection" procedure.

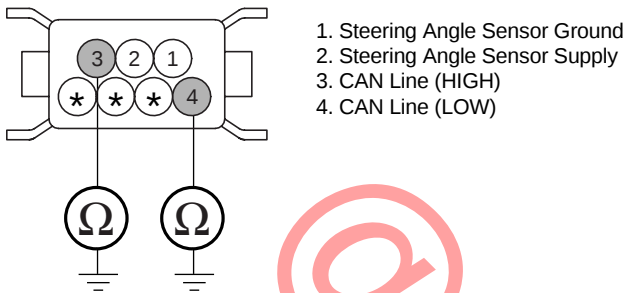
NO

Check for damaged harness and poor connection between terminal "3, 4" of the steering angle sensor harness connector. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

CAN BUS SHORT (TO GROUND) INSPECTION

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnet the HECU harness connector.
3. Measure resistance between terminal "3, 4" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. $\infty \Omega$



SBLBR6526L

4. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES

Go to "CAN Bus Short (between HIGH and LOW) Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for short to ground in CAN HIGH signal harness in case of abnormal resistance measured between terminal "3" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Check for short to ground in CAN LOW signal harness in case of abnormal resistance measured between terminal "4" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

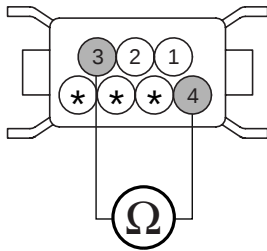
ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -125

CAN BUS SHORT (BETWEEN HIGH AND LOW) INSPECTION

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnet all the connetor related to CAN such as HECU, PCU, EPS, ECS harness connector.
3. Measure resistance between terminal "3, 4" of the HECU harness.

Specification : Approx. 120 Ω



1. Steering Angle Sensor Ground
2. Steering Angle Sensor Supply
3. CAN Line (HIGH)
4. CAN Line (LOW)

SBLBR6527L

4. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES

Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for short in CAN signal harness between terminal "3" of the HECU harness connector and terminal "4" of the HECU harness connector. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

COMPONENT INSPECTION

E4E7A615

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Ignition "ON".
3. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode.
4. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
5. Select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode again.
6. Are any DTCs present ?

YES

- 1) Substitute with a known-good steering angle sensor and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace sensor and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.
- 2) Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in steering angle sensor harness or faulty steering angle sensor. Go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR

E3B4F890

Refer to DTC C1101.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -127

DTC C1625 CAN TIME-OUT ABS/TCS/ESP

COMPONENT LOCATION EF45D43C

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EAEF390F

Refer to DTC C1605.

DTC DESCRIPTION E2BFDfEB

The HECU checks the CAN communication lines for normal ESP control, and sets this code if a CAN message is not transmitted within predefined time.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION EF879675

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy	• CAN message monitoring	• Inoperative HECU
Monitoring Period	• Continuous	
Enable Conditions	• Faults are detected if CAN message was not transmitted on time by the CAN controller of HECU.	
Fail Safe	• Inhibit the ESP control and ABS/EBD control is available.	

TERMINAL AND CONNECTOR INSPECTION EBDE42FB

Refer to DTC C1260.

COMPONENT INSPECTION EA250D0D

Refer to DTC C1235.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR E8CF046E

Refer to DTC C1101.

BR -128

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC C1626 IMPLAUSIBLE CONTROL

COMPONENT LOCATION EF9A2523

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION E93E9A66

The ESP is a system to stabilize a car in an emergency (kine of under steering or over steering) by supplying appropriate wheel with braking pressure according to signal of yaw & G sensor, SAS, WSS, pressure sensor.ESP system help to ESPape from facing in an accident.

DTC DESCRIPTION E57BD18D

Under normal conditions, the inlet valves of all four wheels are not closed during control for longer than 1.28s or If the controller requests pressure-hold or pressure-decrease for longer than 1.28s, a fault is detected. The ABS/ESP warning lamp is turned ON and the EBD warning lamp is turned OFF.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION EA4F35B5

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy	Signal monitoring	Faulty HECU
Monitoring Period	Continuous	
Enable Conditions	- If the controller requests pressure-hold or pressure-decrease for longer than 1.28s, a fault is stored. - Under normal conditon, the inlet valves of all four wheels are not closed during control for longer than 1.28s.	
Fail Safe	- The ABS/ESP functions are inhibited, allow the EBD control. - The ABS/ESP warning lamps are activated.	

COMPONENT INSPECTION EFF2C229

Refer to DTC C1235.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR EE817628

Refer to DTC C1101.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -129

DTC C1627 CAN TIME-OUT 4WD

COMPONENT LOCATION E7D42218



SBLBR6003D

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EDE46F6E

The HECU interchanges requirement data with the 4WD ECU through CAN bus line for normal ABS control. For example the HECU sends a control inhibition signal to 4WD ECU for normal ABS control in case of the ABS and 4WD control requested at the same time such as wheel speed difference between front and rear wheel generated due to wheel slip.

DTC DESCRIPTION E2E3AFEF

The HECU checks absence of the 4WD message from the 4WD ECU for normal ABS control, and sets this code if an 4WD ECU message is not received within predefined time. The HECU checks the presence and specific contents of the 4WD1 message from the 4WD ECU, and sets this code if there is an error in 4WD ECU message1.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION E3B6114D

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy	CAN message monitoring	Faulty 4WD ECU
Monitoring Period	Continuous	
Enable Conditions	- Faults are detected if 4WD message was not received on time by the CAN controller of HECU. - If the 4WD ECU detected an following error and informed the HECU about it via CAN, a fault is determined. 4WD1 message timeout was detected by HECU 4WD1 data length code error was detected - a failure of the 4WD ECU shift motor or encoder was detected - a 4WD magnetic clutch failure was detected - the 4WD ECU does not receive the TCS4 message any more - the 4WD max cardan shaft torque contains faulty torque information	
Fail Safe	- Inhibit the ABS/ESP control and allow the EBD control. - ABS/ESP warning lamps are activated.	

TERMINAL AND CONNECTOR INSPECTION E82AEEDF

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness(es) and terminals. Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES

Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

COMPONENT INSPECTION E81CE2C8

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Ignition "ON".
3. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode
4. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
5. Select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes(DTCs)" mode again.
6. Are any DTCs present ?

YES

Refer to the 4WD dignostic part to find a cause of fault.If there is no problem in 4WD, Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

Note. The ECU mounted in the wrong type of car may be a cause. (2WD ECU in 4WD vehicle)

NO

Fault is intermittent caused by faulty HECU or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -131

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR EAA1CE8E

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode
2. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Detecting Condition in General Information
4. Are any DTCs present?

YES

Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO

System performing to specification at this time.

@alyance,

BR -132

BRAKE SYSTEM

DTC C1702 VARIANT CODING ERROR

COMPONENT LOCATION E8C4E5C4

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EE06029D

There is no hardware difference of the HECU according to the vehicle's specification, just software is changed by the vehicle parameter used for ESP control. The HECU stores a classified variant code value according to the received data(a kind of engine, engine displacement, a kind of T/M). After then the HECU read a various parameter according to the stored variant value in the memory to use for the ESP control.

DTC DESCRIPTION E571F9EB

The HECU checks the variant code after ignition. If a inappropriate variant code is detected or there is no variant code, a fault is detected.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION E2E84EE5

Item	Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy	Internal monitoring	Replacement of PCM(ECM & TCM)
Monitoring Period	Once during startup.	
Enable Conditions	- After power on, the HECU does not receive a valid variant code information during the configuration time. - HECU has no valid variant code stored in the EEPROM. - The received CAN signals does not lead to a defined and supported variant code. - If an ECU, which has already memorized a valid variant code information, receives a different variant code information. (at a next Power on cycle)	
Fail Safe	- The ABS/EBD/ESP functions are inhibited. - The ABS/EBD/ESP warning lamps are activated.	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -133

MONITOR SCANTOOL DATA E2FC3D24

VARIANT CODING

1. Check for improper installation of EMS/PCM(ECM & TCM)/ESP.
2. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC).
3. Ignition "ON".
4. Go in Anti-Lock brake system (figure 1).
5. Perform variant code.
6. Disconnect scantool.
7. Ignition "OFF" and then ignition "ON". Go to "Component Inspection"Procedure.
* For the vehicle equipped 4WD, delete the DTC(s) memorized in 4WD ECU when variant coding is completed.

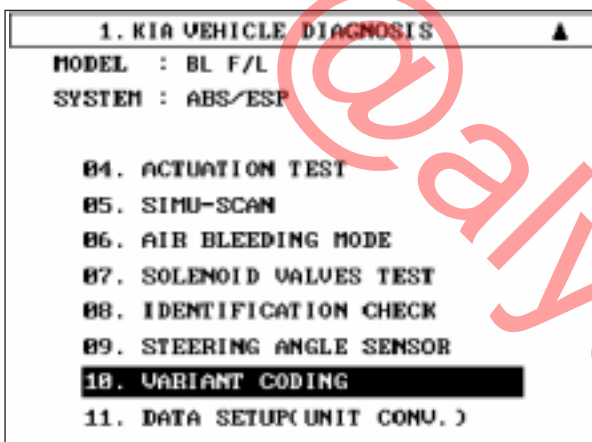


Fig1

Fig 1) Variant coding.

SBLBR6528L

COMPONENT INSPECTION EEE52DDA

Refer to DTC C1235.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR E68EA5AB

Refer to DTC C1101.

DTC C2112 VALVE RELAY ERROR

COMPONENT LOCATION E0CE5A64

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EEB168E3

The HECU supplies battery power to all solenoid valves with a valve relay which is controlled by the Electronic Control UNIT(ECU). The valve relay and all solenoid valves are installed inside the HECU (Hydraulic and Electronic Control Unit).

DTC DESCRIPTION E480B368

The HECU monitors voltage of the valve relay to check if the HECU can perform ABS control normally. When the valve relay is switched to ON, the HECU will set this code if the solenoid drive voltage is below permissible voltage ranges for a period of time. When the valve relay is switched to OFF, the HECU sets this code if the solenoid drive voltage is over the permissible voltage range for a period of time.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION E0029920

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Voltage monitoring	- Open or short in power supply circuit (IGN+) - Inoperative HECU
Case 1	Monitoring Period	Once during startup.	
	Enable Conditions	Watchdog and valve relay function is tested during startup.A failure is detected if the valve relay/Enable remains in off position when it is turned on and vice versa. Reason could be short to GND or UZ, interrupted lines or a inoperative output stage etc.	
Case 2	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	A Fault is detected if valve relay voltage < 0.8 * battery voltage for a time 500 ms.	
Case 3	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	If valve relay malfunction and supply solenoid valve short to battery or supply solenoid valve and medium or high ohmic short of valve relay (or a valve) to valve relay voltage, solenoid valve voltage or GND are detected.	
Fail Safe		- No valve actuation possible. - The ABS/EBD/ESP functions are inhibited. - The ABS/EBD/ESP warning lamps are activated.	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -135

MONITOR ACTUATION TEST

EB287CC7

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC)
2. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
3. Select the "Actuation Test" mode on the scantool.
4. Inspect operating status of all valves with Actuation Test.

Specification : It's normal if operating sound is heard.

1.5 ACTUATION TEST		02/13
FRONT LEFT VALVE(IN)		
DURATION	2 SECONDS	
METHOD	ACTIVATION	
CONDITION	IG.KEY ON ENGINE OFF	
PRESS [STRT], IF YOU ARE READY !		
STRT		

Fig1

Fig 1) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
Ex) Actuation Test on Front left valve(in)

SCMBR6569L

5. Do all valves operate normally?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in power harness (ABS2) and/or HECU's connector or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

TERMINAL & CONNECTOR INSPECTION

EE3BBAAC

Refer to DTC C1200.

BR -136

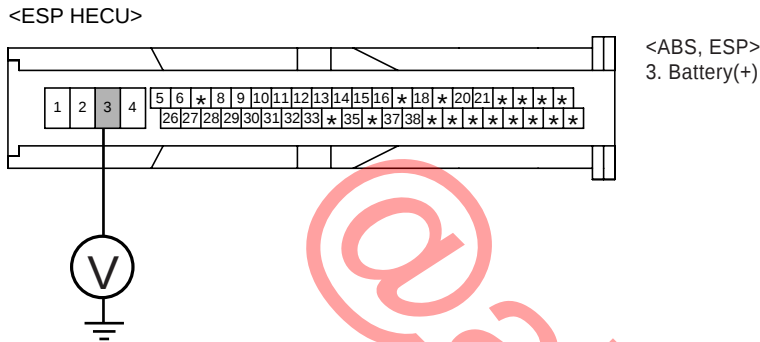
BRAKE SYSTEM

POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT INSPECTION

EEEC534A

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect HECU connector.
3. Ignition "ON".
4. Measure voltage between terminal "3" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. B+



SBLBR6529L

5. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Go to "Ground Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for damaged harness and open or short to GND between the battery terminal(+) and terminal "3" of the HECU harness connector. Check for open or blown 20A ABS fuse referring to "Circuit Diagram". Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification of vehicle Repair" procedure.

GROUND CIRCUIT INSPECTION

EEE0AC4E

Refer to DTC C1101.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR

EE1B6434

Refer to DTC C1101.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -137

DTC C2308 FL INLET VALVE MALFUNCTION DTC C2316 FR INLET VALVE MALFUNCTION DTC C2324 RL INLET VALVE MALFUNCTION DTC C2332 RR INLET VALVE MALFUNCTION
--

COMPONENT LOCATION E0FDF33F

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EF53FACC

The HECU is composed of an ECU (Electronic Control Unit) and an HCU(Hydraulic Control Unit), so the HECU hardware includes all solenoid valves inside the unit as well as the ECU. Solenoid valves are switched to ON, OFF by HECU when the ABS is activated. Solenoid valves function is to increase, decrease or maintain the hydralic pressure supplied to a brake caliper.

DTC DESCRIPTION E7DE9B15

The HECU monitors the operation of the valves by checking the drive circuit of the solenid valves, and then sets this code when the unexpcted drive voltage is detected. For example, the HECU sets the DTC if the electrical feedback signal does not match the actuation signal for the corresponding valve.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION

E0EAF19A

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Voltage monitoring	Inoperative HECU
Case 1	Monitoring Period	Continuous	
	Enable Conditions	- The electrical feedback signal does not match the actuation signal for the corresponding valve for more than 30 ms. - Current controlled valves and under voltage conditions :detection time is 80 ms	
Case 2	Monitoring Period	- Immediately after power on - every 20 s - The Test is canceled if any control, valve actuation takes place or if the Vehicle is in motion and the BLS is on.	
	Enable Conditions	- A Fault is found if UVR is not within $0.1 \times \text{battery voltage} < \text{valve relay voltage} < 0.8 \times \text{battery voltage}$ - A Fault is found if valve relay voltage $\geq 0.2 \times \text{battery voltage}$. - After that all valves are switched on sequential, valve relay voltage and valve feedback is measured.	
Case 3	Monitoring Period	The Valve and Pump motor Test is performed once after ignition on if vehicle speed is $\geq 30 \text{ km/h}$.	
	Enable Conditions	The valve and pump motor test detects electrical actuation malfunction of ABS valves. The test actuates all valves in series (to detect short cuts or shunts between the valve lines). Faults are detected if there is an error during the test.	
Case 4	Monitoring Period	- The drift test executes only once during an ignition Cycle. The test is triggered if the following conditions are fulfilled : 10min after power up or end of control 1) No BLS is applied 2) Brake pressure is $< 10 \text{ bar}$ 3) Vehicle speed $> 15 \text{ km/h}$ 4) Vehicle acceleration $> 0.5 \text{ m/s}^2$ 5) Supply voltage $> 11 \text{ volts}$.	
	Enable Conditions	The drift test is executed only once during an ignition Cycle.If it detects partly shorted valve coils,almost inoperative coils or malfunction of the valve driver, a failure is recognized.	
Fail Safe		- Valve cannot be actuated or valve is incorrectly actuated. This may result in locked wheels or wheels without pressure. - ABS/EBD/ESP function is prohibited. - ABS/EBD/ESP warning lamp is turned ON.	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -139

MONITOR ACTUATION TEST

E71840F4

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC)
2. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
3. Select the "Actuation Test" mode on the scantool.
4. Inspect operating status of inlet valve with Actuation Test.

Specification : It's normal if operating sound is heard.

1.4 ACTUATION TEST		02/13
FRONT LEFT VALVE(IN)		
DURATION	2 SECONDS	
METHOD	ACTIVATION	
CONDITION	IG.KEY ON ENGINE OFF	
PRESS [STRT], IF YOU ARE READY ! SELECT TEST ITEM USING UP/DOWN KEY		
STRT		

Fig1

Fig 1) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF"
Ex) Actuation Test on Front left valve(in)

EJBF504L

5. Does a inlet valve operate normally?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by faulty valve or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

TERMINAL AND CONNECTOR INSPECTION E0E56BB9

1. Many malfunctions in the electrical system are caused by poor harness(es) and terminals. Faults can also be caused by interference from other electrical systems, and mechanical or chemical damage.
2. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage.
3. Has a problem been found?

YES

Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR E1F2ABE2

After a repair, it is essential to verify that the fault has been corrected.

1. Connect scantool and select "Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs)" mode
2. Using a scantool, Clear DTC.
3. Operate the vehicle within DTC Detecting Condition in General Information. (Start and drive vehicle in gear and maintain vehicle speed at or above 30kmh. (18mph)
4. Are any DTCs present?

YES

Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO

System performing to specification at this time.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -141

DTC C2312 FL OUTLET VALVE MALFUNCTION DTC C2320 FR OUTLET VALVE MALFUNCTION DTC C2328 RL OUTLET VALVE MALFUNCTION DTC C2336 RR OUTLET VALVE MALFUNCTION
--

COMPONENT LOCATION EB9AAA8A

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION EE5AFB17

Refer to DTC C2308.

DTC DESCRIPTION ECC169E8

Refer to DTC C2308.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION EF489FB9

Refer to DTC C2308.

MONITOR ACTUATION TEST

EABE2D32

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC)
2. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
3. Select the "Actuation Test" mode on the scantool.
4. Inspect operating status of outlet valve with Actuation Test.

Specification : It's normal if operating sound is heard.

1.4 ACTUATION TEST		06/13
FRONT LEFT VALVE(OUT)		
DURATION	2 SECONDS	
METHOD	ACTIVATION	
CONDITION	IG.KEY ON ENGINE OFF	
PRESS [STRT], IF YOU ARE READY ! SELECT TEST ITEM USING UP/DOWN KEY		
STRT		

Fig1

Fig 1) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF"
Ex) Actuation Test on Front left valve(out)

SCMBR6572L

5. Does a inlet valve operate normally?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by faulty valve or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "Component Inspection" procedure.

TERMINAL AND CONNECTOR INSPECTION

EED8EC05

Refer to DTC C2308.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR

E044EA8F

Refer to DTC C2308.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -143

DTC C2366 TCS VALVE PRIMARY (USV1) ERROR
DTC C2370 TCS VALVE SECONDARY (USV2) ERROR
DTC C2372 ESP VALVE 1 (HSV1) ERROR
DTC C2374 ESP VALVE 2 (HSV2) ERROR

COMPONENT LOCATION EB5F075B

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION E19FFCA3

Refer to DTC C2308.

DTC DESCRIPTION E590783D

Refer to DTC C2308.

DTC DETECTING CONDITION ED7FDB9B

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Voltage monitoring	Inoperative HECU
Case 1	Monitoring Period	- Once after ignition on at standstill if the BLS is off - At vehicle speed ≥ 15 km/h if the BLS is on.	
	Enable Conditions	The test actuates all valves in series to detect shorts or shunts between the valve lines. Faults are detected if there is an error during the test.	
Case 2	Monitoring Period	- The drift test executes only once during an ignition Cycle. The test is triggered if the following conditions are fulfilled : 10 min after power up or end of control - No BLS is applied - Brake pressure is < 10 bar - Vehicle speed > 15 km/h - Vehicle acceleration > 0.5 m/s² - Supply voltage > 11 volts.	
	Enable Conditions	The drift test is executed only once during an ignition Cycle.If it detects partly shorted valve coils,almost inoperative coils or malfunction of the valve driver, a failure is recognized.	
Fail Safe		- Valve cannot be actuated or valve is incorrectly actuated. This may result in locked wheels or wheels without pressure. - ABS/EBD/ESP function is prohibited. - ABS/EBD/ESP warning lamp is turned ON.	

MONITOR ACTUATION TEST

E5CAC7FF

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC)
2. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
3. Select the "Actuation Test" mode on the scantool.
4. Inspect operating status of inlet valve with Actuation Test.

Specification : It's normal if operating sound is heard.

1.4 ACTUATION TEST		10/13
TCS VALVE(USV1)		
DURATION	2 SECONDS	
METHOD	ACTIVATION	
CONDITION	IG.KEY ON ENGINE OFF	
PRESS [STRT], IF YOU ARE READY ! SELECT TEST ITEM USING UP/DOWN KEY		
STRT		

Fig1

Fig 1) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF"
Ex) Actuation Test on TCS(USV) valve #1

SCMBR6573L

5. Does a inlet valve operate normally?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by inoperative valve or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Go to the applicable troubleshooting procedure.

NO

Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

TERMINAL AND CONNECTOR INSPECTION

EEDFEDAE

Refer to DTC C2308.

VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR

ED1B07AF

Refer to DTC C2308.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -145

DTC C2402 MOTOR - ELECTRICAL

COMPONENT LOCATION E4DD99BD

Refer to DTC C1235.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION E18A1C37

The HECU supplies battery power to the electric motor with a motor relay which is controlled by the Electronic Control Unit(ECU). The electric motor pump supplies hydraulic pressure to all wheel brake calipers by operating the piston inside the pump.

DTC DESCRIPTION E60E6910

The ABS ECU monitors the pump motor relay or fuse open, open or short in motor or motor lock and then sets this code if a malfunction is detected.

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DTC DETECTING CONDITION

EDCF6E83

Item		Detecting Condition	Possible cause
DTC Strategy		Voltage Monitoring	- Open or short of power supply circuit (ESP2) - Faulty HECU
Case1 (Motor Relay continuous off, Open, Fuse blown)	Detect Mode	Continuous (If the pump is switched on (FET on))	
	Enable Conditions	If the motor relay is switched ON and motor voltage < (IGN voltage - 4.0V) continued for 100msec, the failure is detected.	
	Fail Safe	- Pressure decrease is no longer possible. (wheels block) - The ABS/ESP functions are inhibited and the EBD function is reduced. - The ABS/EBD/ESP warning lamps are activated.	
Case2 (Motor Lock)	Detect Mode	Continuous (If the pump is in the transition "on → off")	
	Enable Conditions	After the end of the actuation of the motor relay, the pump motor is still in motion and is generating a voltage during it's slowdown. The generated motor voltage is monitored for a certain time on high level. The time depends on the supply voltage and is in the range of 300ms to 125ms. If the slow down condition isn't met, the pump is activated again and the slowdown time is measured again. This is repeated for maximum 3times. If, after the last pump activation, the pump motor slowdown time is still to short, a failure is detected. 1st actuation : 200ms 2st actuation : 1000ms 3st actuation : 3000ms	
	Fail Safe	- Pressure decrease is no longer possible. (wheels block) - The ABS/ESP functions are inhibited and the EBD function is reduced. - The ABS/EBD/ESP warning lamps are activated.	
Case3 (Grond loss, Motor relay continuous on, Motor Short to BATT)	Detect Mode	Continuous (If the pump is switched off i.e. not actuation and no slowdown)	
	Enable Conditions	Motor relay is switched OFF, VMR > 2.0V continued for 1sec, the failure is detected.	
	Fail Safe	- The return pump does not work correct. - The ABS/ESP functions are inhibited and the EBD function is reduced. - The ABS/EBD/ESP warning lamps are activated.	

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -147

MONITOR ACTUATION TEST

EC81ADAC

1. Connect scantool to Data Link Connector(DLC)
2. Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF".
3. Select the "Actuation Test" mode on the scantool.
4. Inspect operating status of inlet valve with Actuation Test.

Specification : It's normal if operating sound is heard.

1.5 ACTUATION TEST		01/13
MOTOR		
DURATION	2 SECONDS	
METHOD	ACTIVATION	
CONDITION	IG.KEY ON ENGINE OFF	
PRESS [STRT], IF YOU ARE READY ?		
STRT		

Fig1

Fig 1) Test Condition : Ignition "ON" & Engine "OFF"
Ex) Actuation Test on motor

SCMBR6574L

5. Does a inlet valve operate normally?

YES

Fault is intermittent caused by poor connection in motor circuit or was repaired and HECU memory was not cleared. Thoroughly check connectors for looseness, poor connection, bending, corrosion, contamination, deterioration, or damage. Repair or replace as necessary and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Go to "W/Harness Inspection" procedure.

TERMINAL & CONNECTOR INSPECTION

E79FBB9F

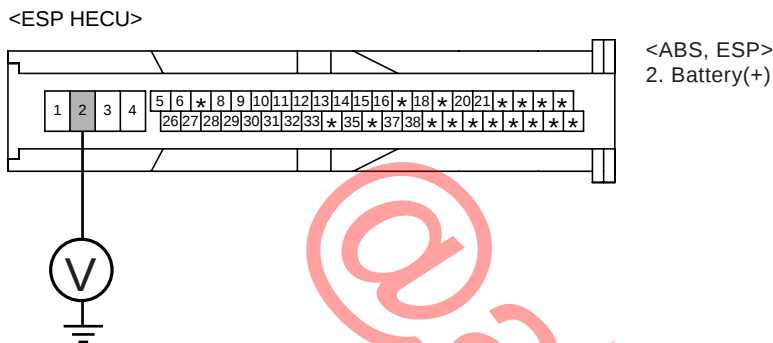
Refer to DTC C1200.

POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT INSPECTION

EBB5AA1D

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect HECU connector.
3. Ignition "ON".
4. Measure voltage between terminal "2" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. B+



SBLBR6530L

5. Is the measured voltage within specifications?

YES

Go to "Ground Circuit Inspection" procedure.

NO

Check for damaged harness and open or short to GND between the battery terminal(+) and terminal "2" of the HECU harness connector. Check for open or blown 40A ABS fuse referring to "Circuit Diagram". Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of vehicle Repair" procedure.

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

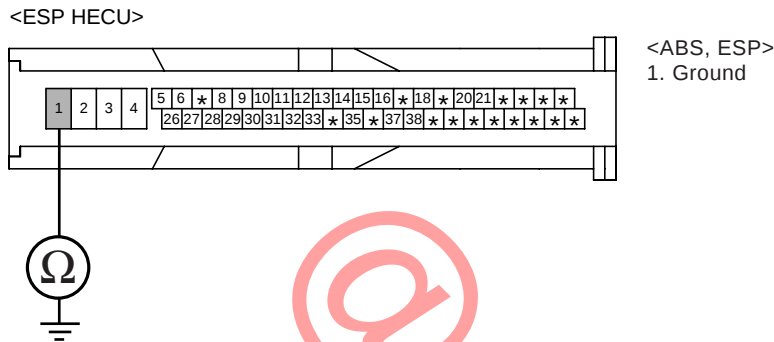
BR -149

GROUND CIRCUIT INSPECTION

E98A5A2D

1. Ignition "OFF".
2. Disconnect HECU connector.
3. Measure resistance between terminal "1" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground.

Specification : Approx. below 1 Ω



SBLBR6531L

4. Is the measured resistance within specifications?

YES

Substitute with a known-good HECU and check for proper operation. If problem is corrected, replace HECU and then go to "Verification Of Vehicle Repair" procedure.

NO

Check for damaged harness and poor connection between terminal "1" of the HECU harness connector and chassis ground. Repair as necessary and then go to "Verification Of vehicle Repair" procedure.

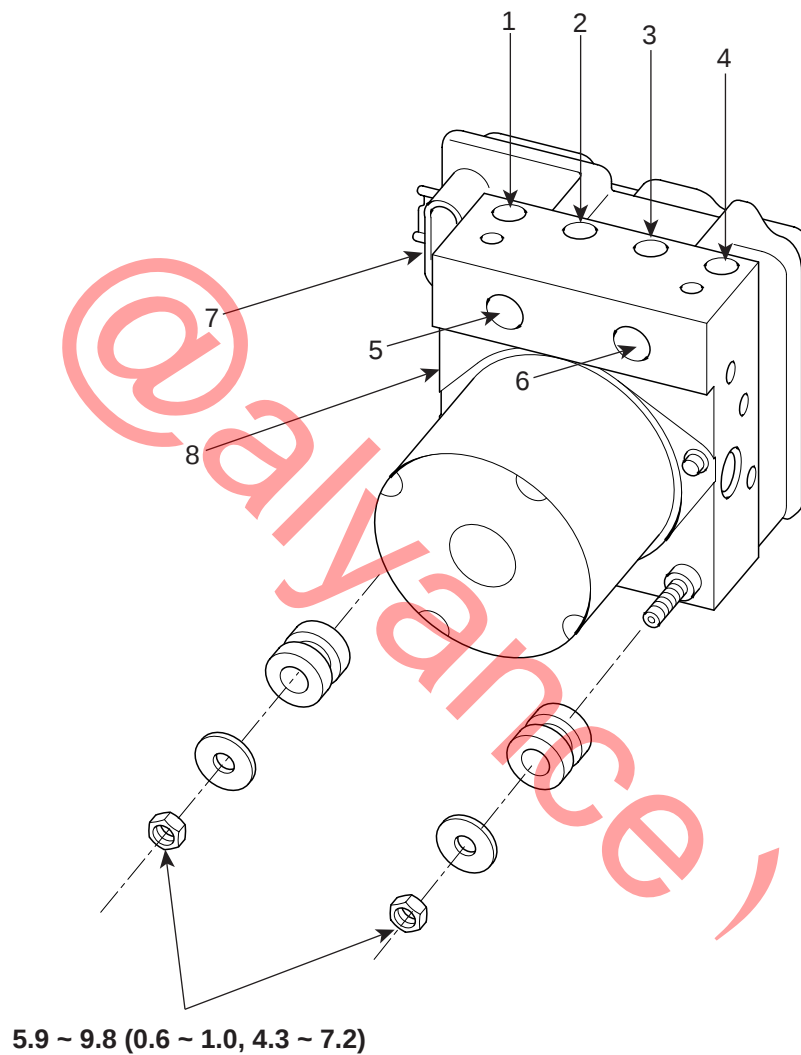
VERIFICATION OF VEHICLE REPAIR

E28FDBE8

Refer to DTC C2308.

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM CONTROL MODULE

COMPONENTS EDD08BD5



TORQUE : Nm (Kgf.m, lb-ft)

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. Front - right tube | 5. Master cylinder tube2 |
| 2. Rear - left tube | 6. Master culinder tube1 |
| 3. Rear - right tube | 7. ABS control module connector (26P) |
| 4. Front - left tube | 8. ABS control module (HECU) |

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -151

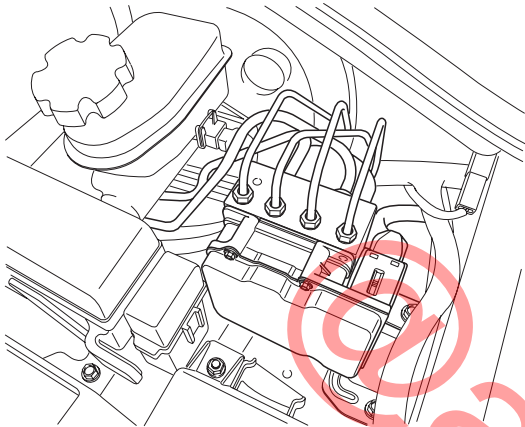
REMOVAL EDF0CFA1

1. Disconnect the battery(-) terminal.
2. Disconnect the brake tubes from the HECU.

Tightening torque Nm (kgf.m, lb-ft):
5.9 ~ 9.8 (0.6 ~ 1.0, 4.3 ~ 7.2)

INSTALLATION EDBA3AE5

1. Installation is the reverse of removal.
2. After installation, bleed the brake system. (Refer to ABS bleeding)



SBLBR6541D

3. Disconnect the HECU connector.
4. Remove the HECU by loosening the bracket mounting bolts.

Tightening torque Nm (kgf.m, lb-ft):
16.7 ~ 25.5 (1.7 ~ 2.6, 12.3 ~ 18.8)

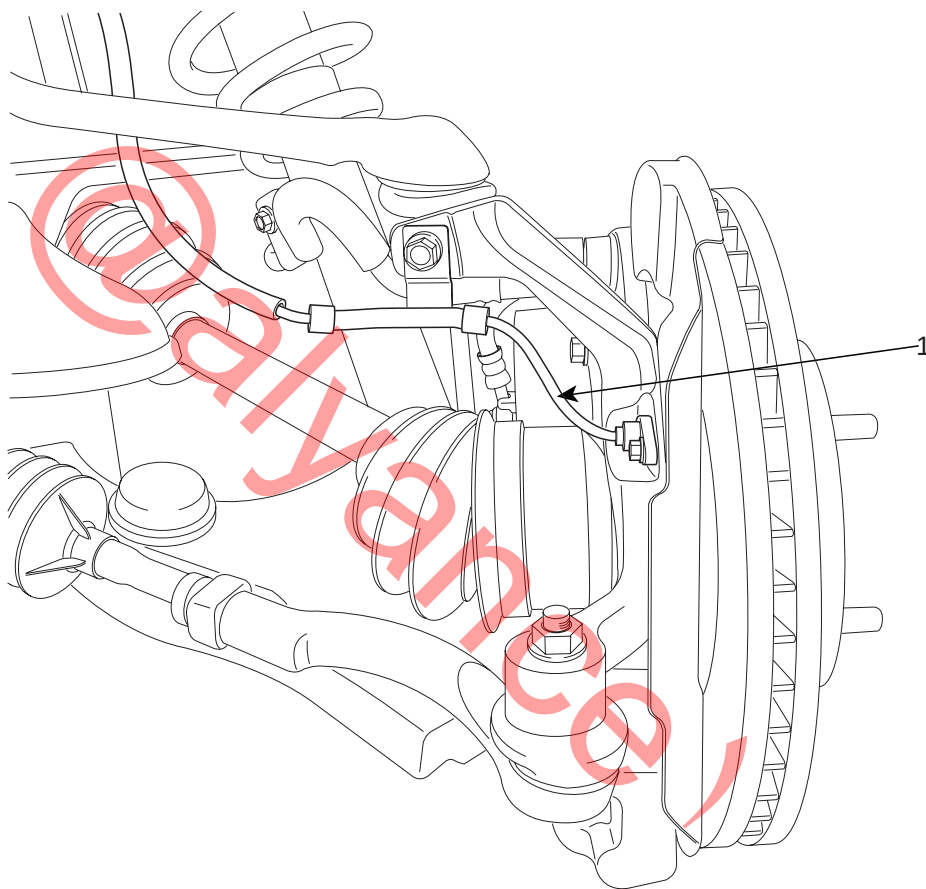


CAUTION

- *Never attempt to disassemble the HECU.*
- *The HECU must be protected during storage and transport, and must not be subjected to excessive shock.*

FRONT WHEEL SPEED SENSOR

COMPONENTS ED7CCEE4



1. Front wheel speed sensor

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -153

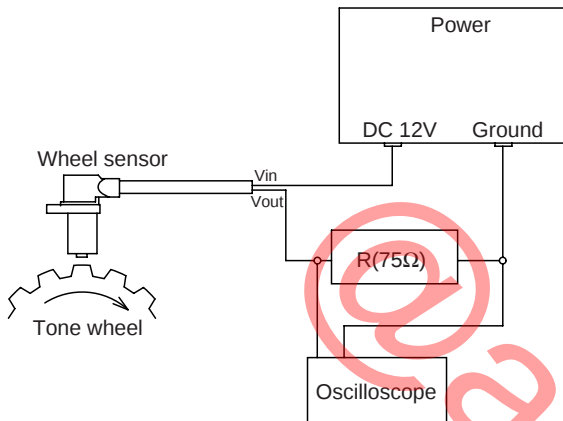
INSPECTION ED7A6EA1

1. Measure the output voltage between the terminal of the wheel speed sensor and the body ground.



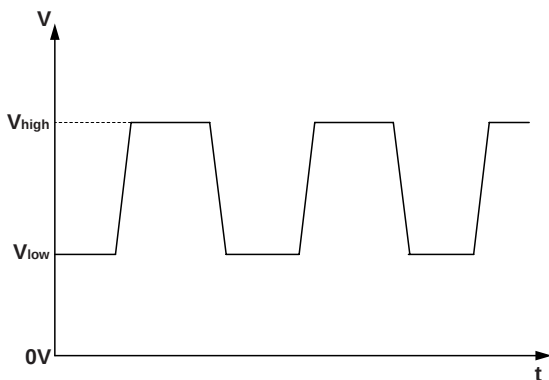
CAUTION

In order to protect the wheel speed sensor, when measuring output voltage, a 75Ω resistor must be used as shown.



EJRF501Z

2. Compare the change of the output voltage of the wheel speed sensor to the normal change of the output voltage as shown below.

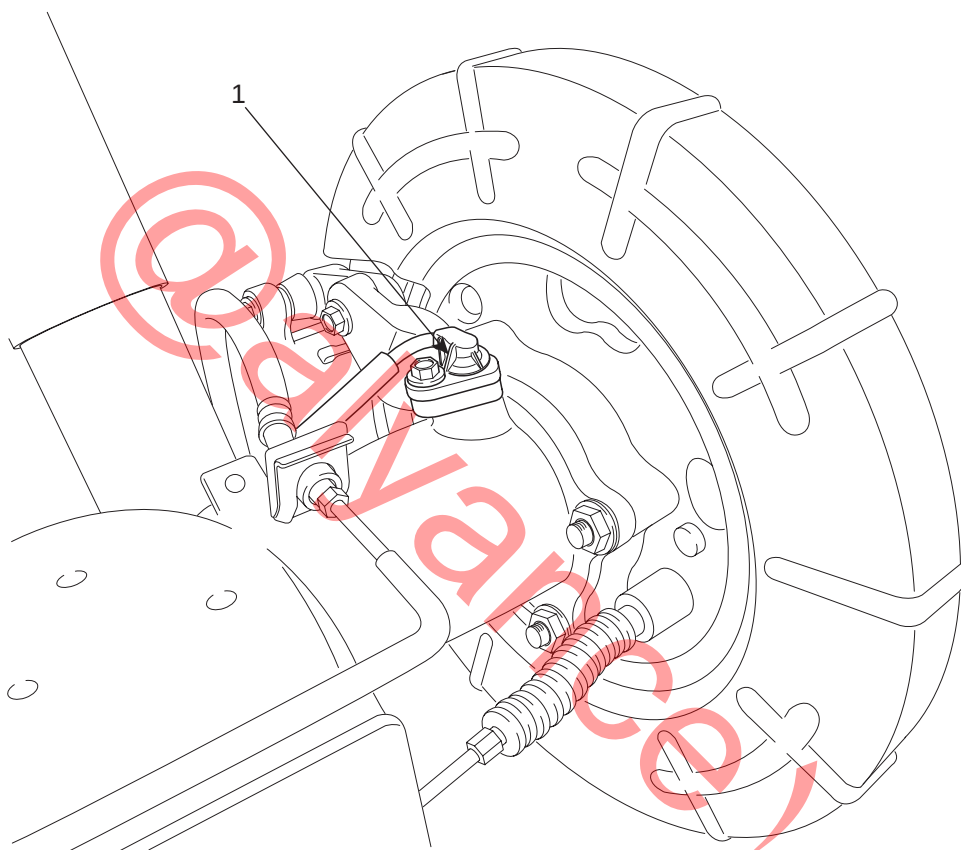


KJQE260B

- V_{low} : 0.44 V ~ 0.63 V
- V_{high} : 0.885 V ~ 1.26 V
- Frequency range : 1~2,500 Hz

REAR WHEEL SPEED SENSOR

COMPONENTS ECC157CF



1. Rear wheel speed sensor

ABS (ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM)

BR -155

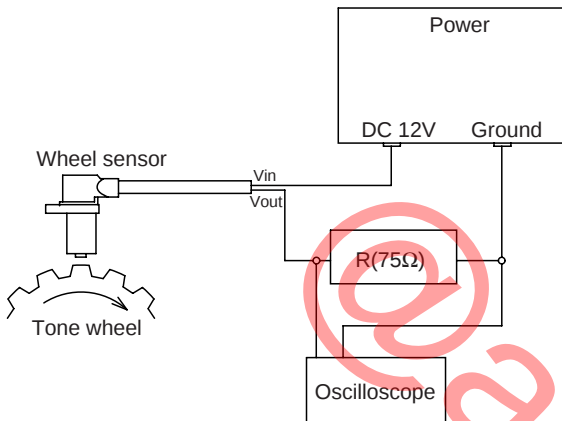
INSPECTION EDF82BA3

1. Measure the output voltage between the terminal of the wheel speed sensor and the body ground.



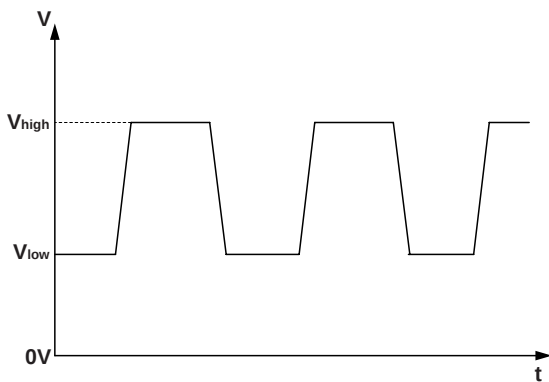
CAUTION

In order to protect the wheel speed sensor, when measuring output voltage, a 75Ω resistor must be used as shown.



EJRF501Z

2. Compare the change of the output voltage of the wheel speed sensor to the normal change of the output voltage as shown below.



KJQE260B

- V_{low} : 0.44 V ~ 0.63 V
- V_{high} : 0.885 V ~ 1.26 V
- Frequency range : 1~2,500 Hz

EBD (ELECTRONIC BRAKE-FORCE DISTRIBUTION)

DESCRIPTION EB464E99

The EBD system (Electronic Brake force Distribution) as a sub-system of the ABS system is to control the effective adhesion utilization by the rear wheels.

It further utilizes the efficiency of highly developed ABS equipment by controlling the slip of the rear wheels in the partial braking range.

The brake force is moved even closer to the optimum and controlled electronically, thus dispensing with the need for the proportioning valve.

The proportioning valve, because of a mechanical device, has limitations to achieve an ideal brake force distribution to the rear wheels as well as to carry out the flexible brake force distribution proportioning to the vehicle load or weight increasing. And in the event of malfunctioning, driver cannot notice whether it fails or not.

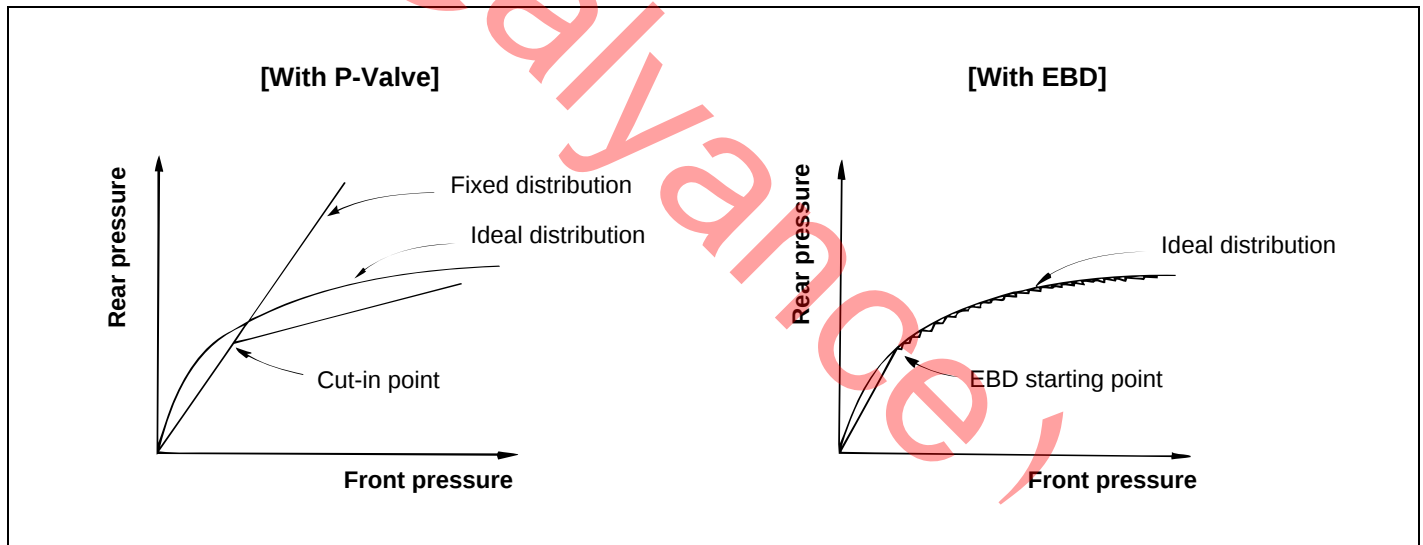
EBD controlled by the ABS Control Module, calculates the slip ratio of each wheel at all times and controls the brake pressure of the rear wheels not to exceed that of the front wheels.

If the EBD fails, the EBD warning lamp (Parking brake lamp) lights up.

ADVANTAGES

- Function improvement of the base-brake system.
- Compensation for the different friction coefficients.
- Elimination of the proportioning valve.
- Failure recognition by the warning lamp.

COMPARISON BETWEEN PROPORTIONING VALVE AND EBD



ESP/ESC SYSTEM

DESCRIPTION OF ESP E1A8FE6B

Optimum driving safety now has a name : ESP, the Electronic Stability Control.

ESP recognizes critical driving conditions, such as panic reactions in dangerous situations, and stabilizes the vehicle by wheel-individual braking and engine control intervention with no need for actuating the brake or the gas pedal.

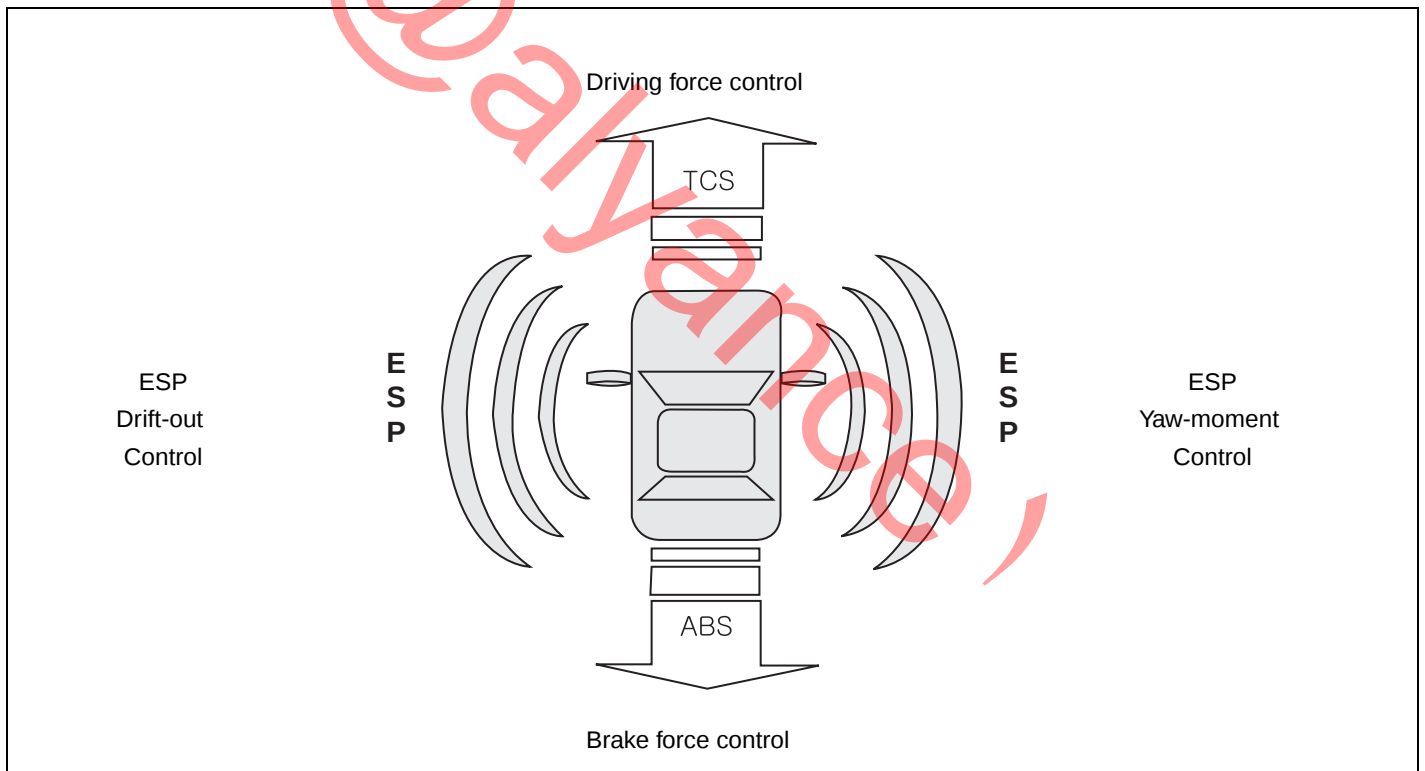
ESP adds a further function known as Active Yaw Control (AYC) to the ABS, TCS, EBD and ESP functions. Whereas the ABS/TCS function controls wheel slip during braking and acceleration and, thus, mainly intervenes in the longitudinal dynamics of the vehicle, active yaw control stabilizes the vehicle about its vertical axis.

This is achieved by wheel individual brake intervention and adaptation of the momentary engine torque with no need for any action to be taken by the driver.

ESP essentially consists of three assemblies : the sensors, the electronic control unit and the actuators.

Of course, the stability control feature works under all driving and operating conditions. Under certain driving conditions, the ABS/TCS function can be activated simultaneously with the ESP function in response to a command by the driver.

In the event of a failure of the stability control function, the basic safety function, ABS, is still maintained.



DESCRIPTION OF ESP CONTROL

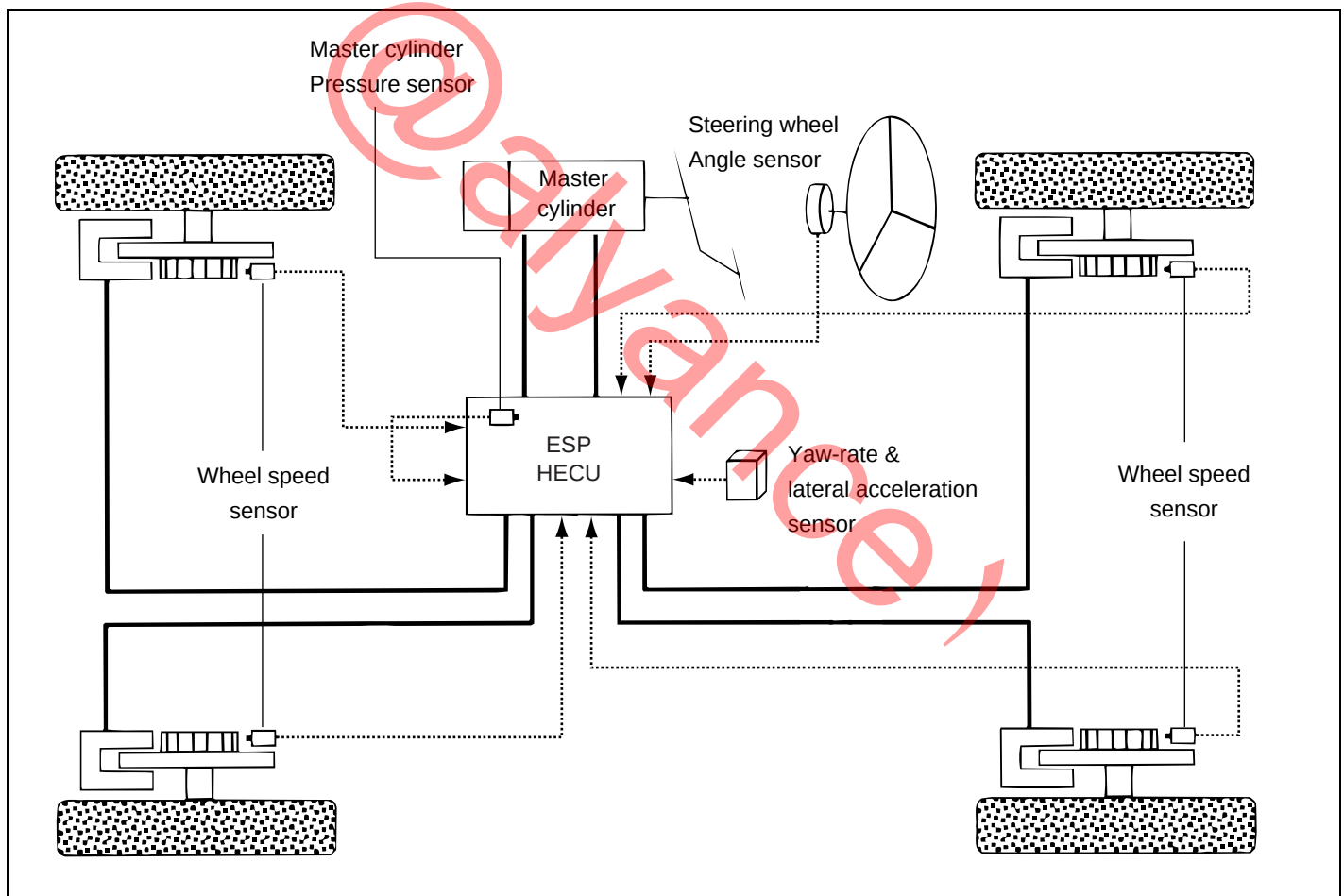
ESP system includes ABS/EBD, TCS and AYC (Active yaw control) function.

ABS/EBD function : The ECU changes the active sensor signal (current shift) coming from the four wheel sensors to the square waveform. By using the input of above signals, the ECU calculates the vehicle speed and the acceleration & deceleration of the four wheels. And, the ECU judges whether the ABS/EBD should be actuated or not.

TCS function prevents the wheel slip of drive direction by adding the brake pressure and engine torque reduction via CAN communication. TCS function uses the wheel speed sensor signal to determine the wheel slip as far as ABS function.

AYC function prevents unstable maneuver of the vehicle. To determine the vehicle maneuver, AYC function uses the maneuver sensor signals (Yaw Rate Sensor, Lateral Acceleration Sensor, Steering Wheel Angle Sensor). If vehicle maneuver is unstable (Over Steer or Under Steer), AYC function applies the brake pressure on certain wheel, and send engine torque reduction signal by CAN.

After the key-on, the ECU continually diagnoses the system failure. (self-diagnosis) If the system failure is detected, the ECU informs driver of the system failure through the BRAKE/ABS/ESP warning lamp. (fail-safe warning)



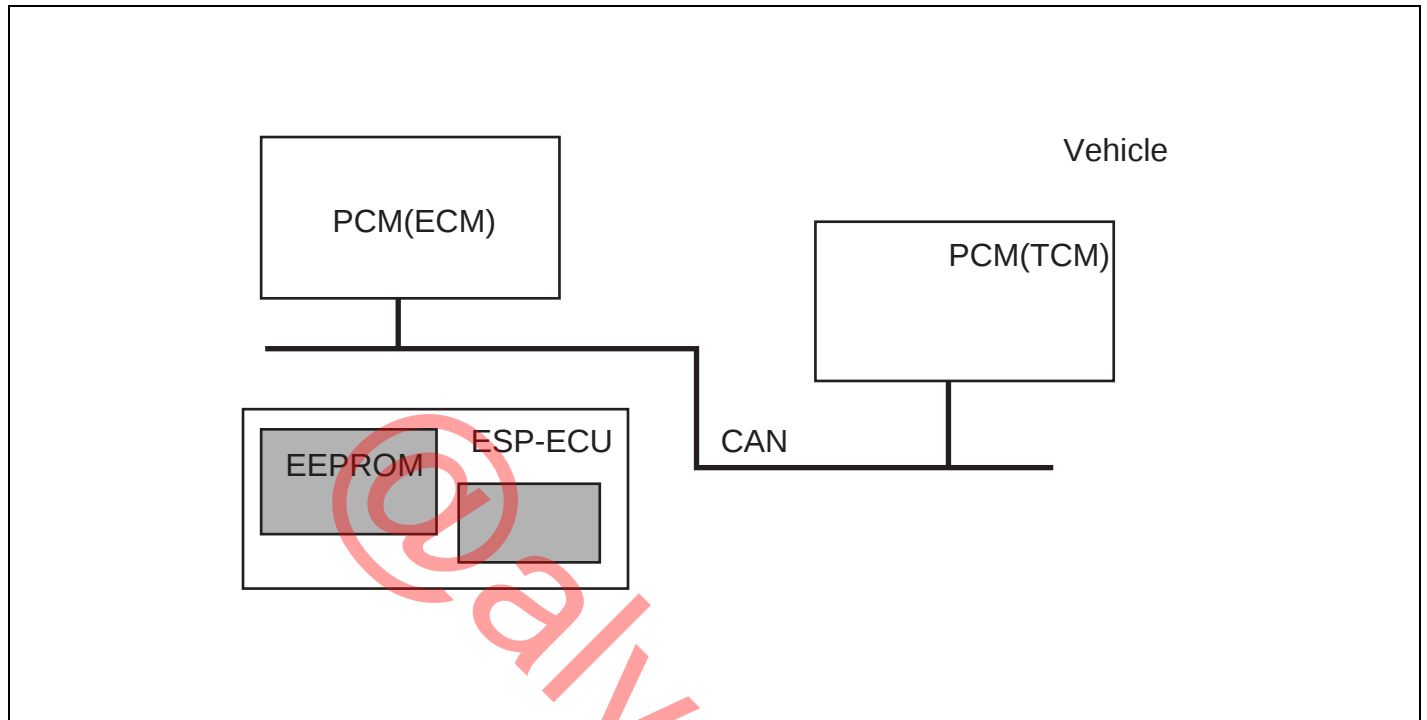
ESP/ESC SYSTEM

BR -159

VARIANT CODING

The HECU is programmed with a variant code based on the vehicle powertrain configuration. This variant code is

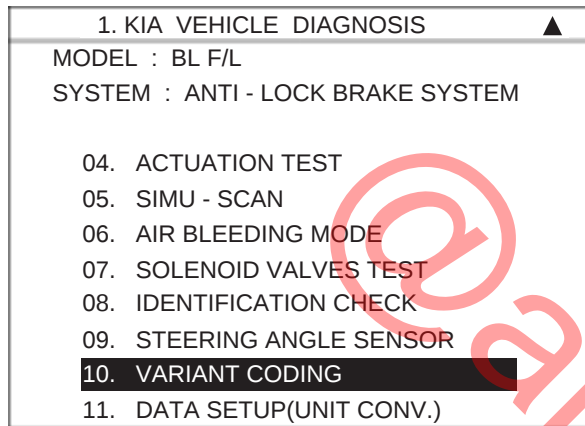
used to determine the appropriate ESP calculations. Variant code programming should be performed whenever an HECU is replaced.



LJG500Y

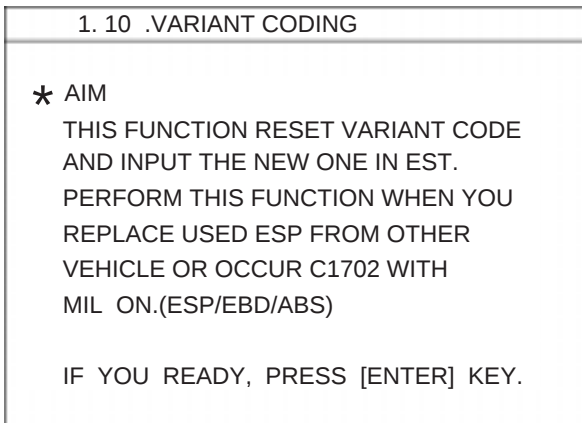
PROCEDURE OF VARIANT CODING

1. Install a PCM(ECM & TCM)/ESP normally.
2. Connect the scan tool to the data link connector located underneath the dash panel.
3. Select vehicle name.
4. Select ANTI-LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM.
5. Select the variant coding.



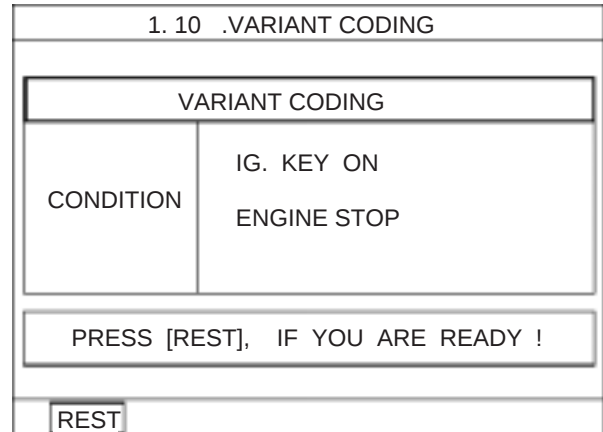
SBLBR6535L

6. Follow the next procedure according to the comment



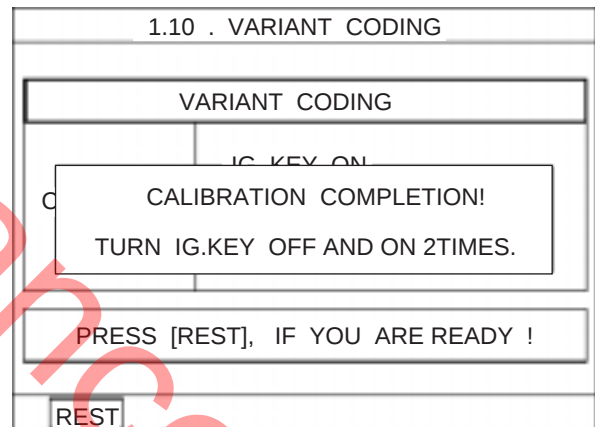
EJBF505O

7. Confirm the condition , and then push the "REST".



EJRF703J

8. If the procedure is finished, the screen is displayed as shown below.



EJRF703K

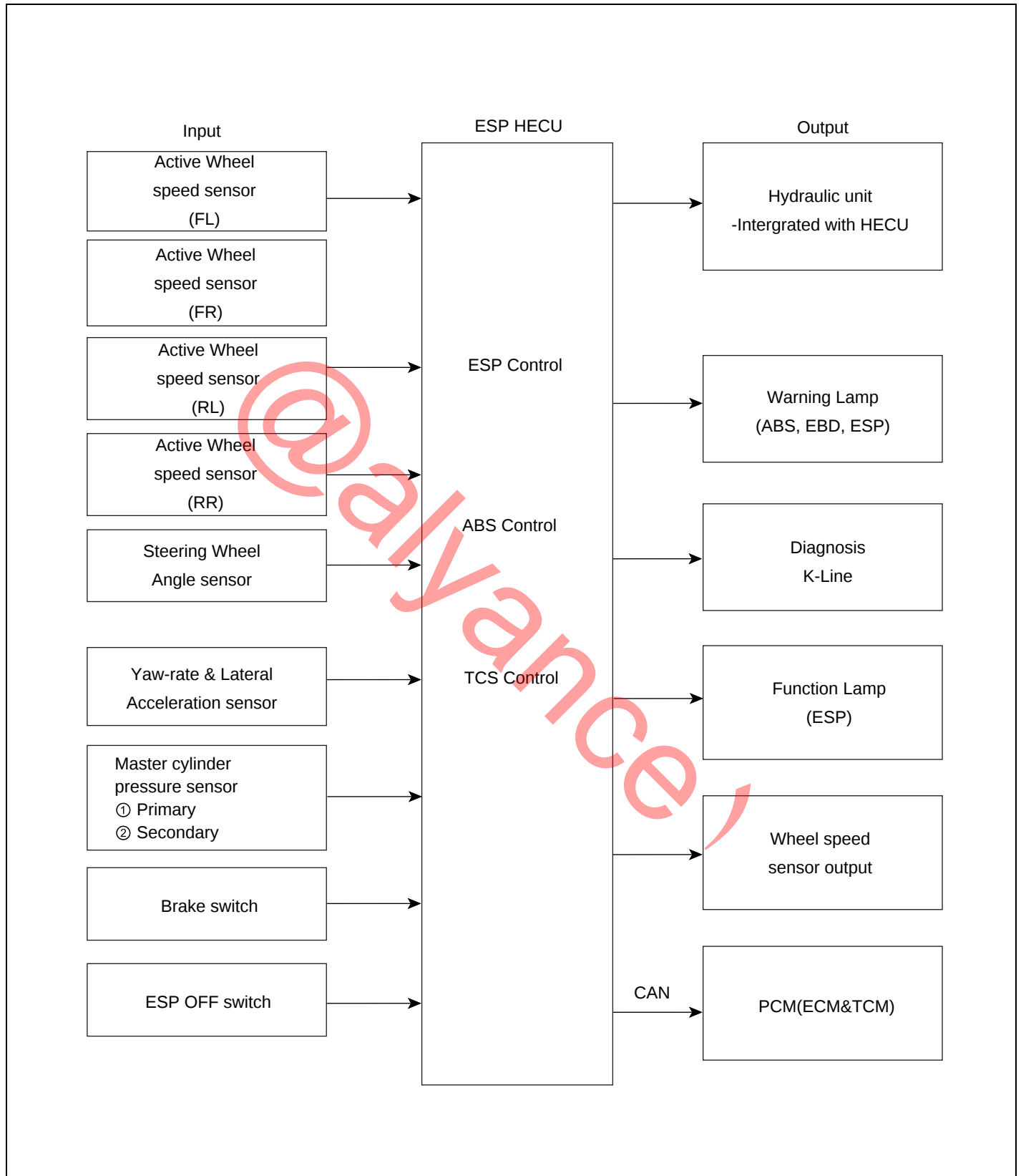
9. IGN off.
10. IGN on.
11. The variant coding is completed.



CAUTION

- If the warning lamp(ESP, EBD, ABS) is illuminated, follow the "Variant coding" again.
- For the vehicle equipped 4WD, delete the DTC(s) memorized in 4WD ECU when variant coading is completed.

INPUT AND OUTPUT DIAGRAM



ESP OPERATION MODE EB3BFB1A

1. STEP 1
The ESP analyzes the intention of the driver.

Position of steering wheel
+ Vehicle speed
+ Acceleration pedal



ECU decides the intention of the driver.

EJRF502B

2. STEP 2
It analyzes the movement of the ESP vehicle.

Vehicle rotation speed
+ Operated power to the side



ECU decides movement of the ESP vehicle.

EJRF502C

3. STEP 3
he HECU calculates the required strategy, then actuates the appropriate valves and sends torque control requests via CAN to maintain vehicle stability.

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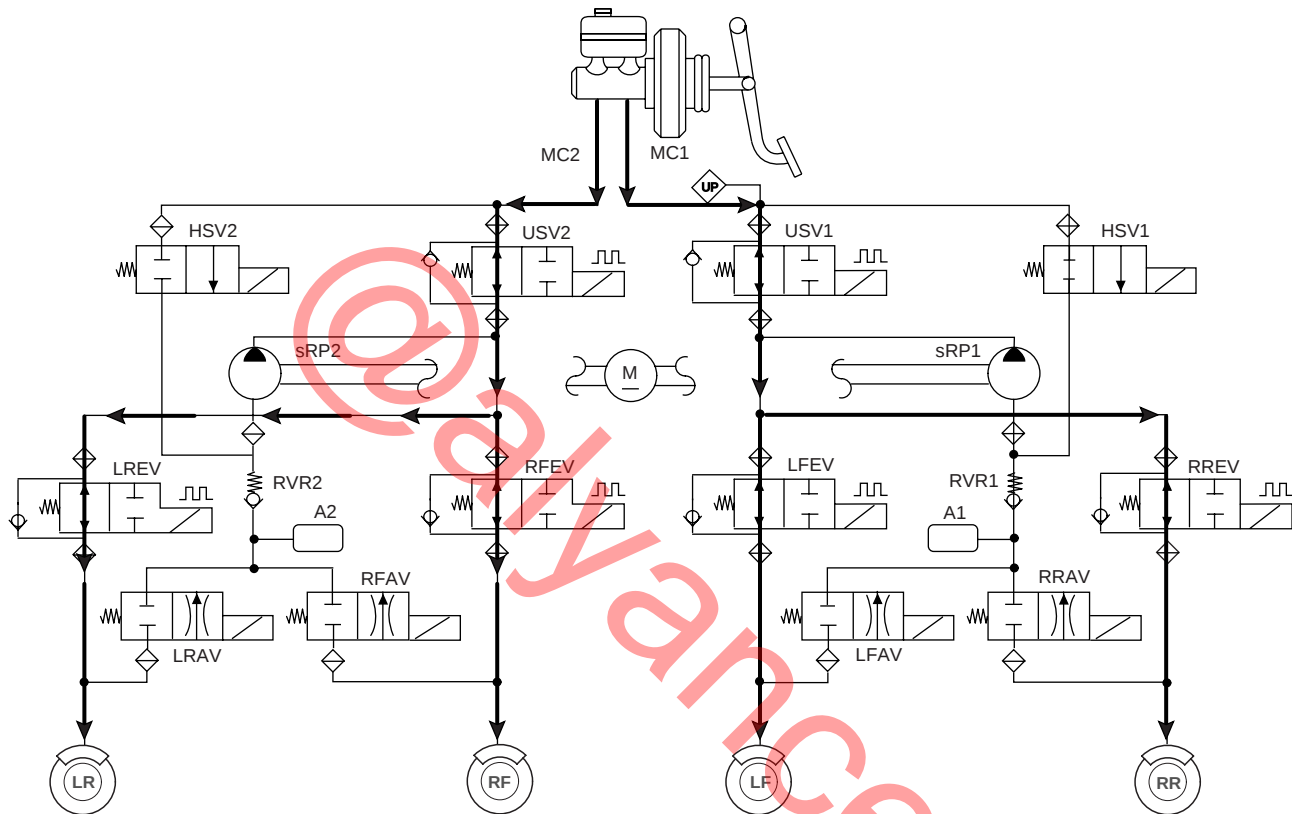
ESP/ESC SYSTEM

BR -163

ESP OPERATION MODE

1. ESP Non-operation-Normal braking.

	Inlet valve(EV)	Outlet valve(AV)	Pilot valve(USV)	High pressure switch valve(HSV)	Pump motor
Normal braking	Open	Close	Open	Close	OFF



EJRF703R

NOTE

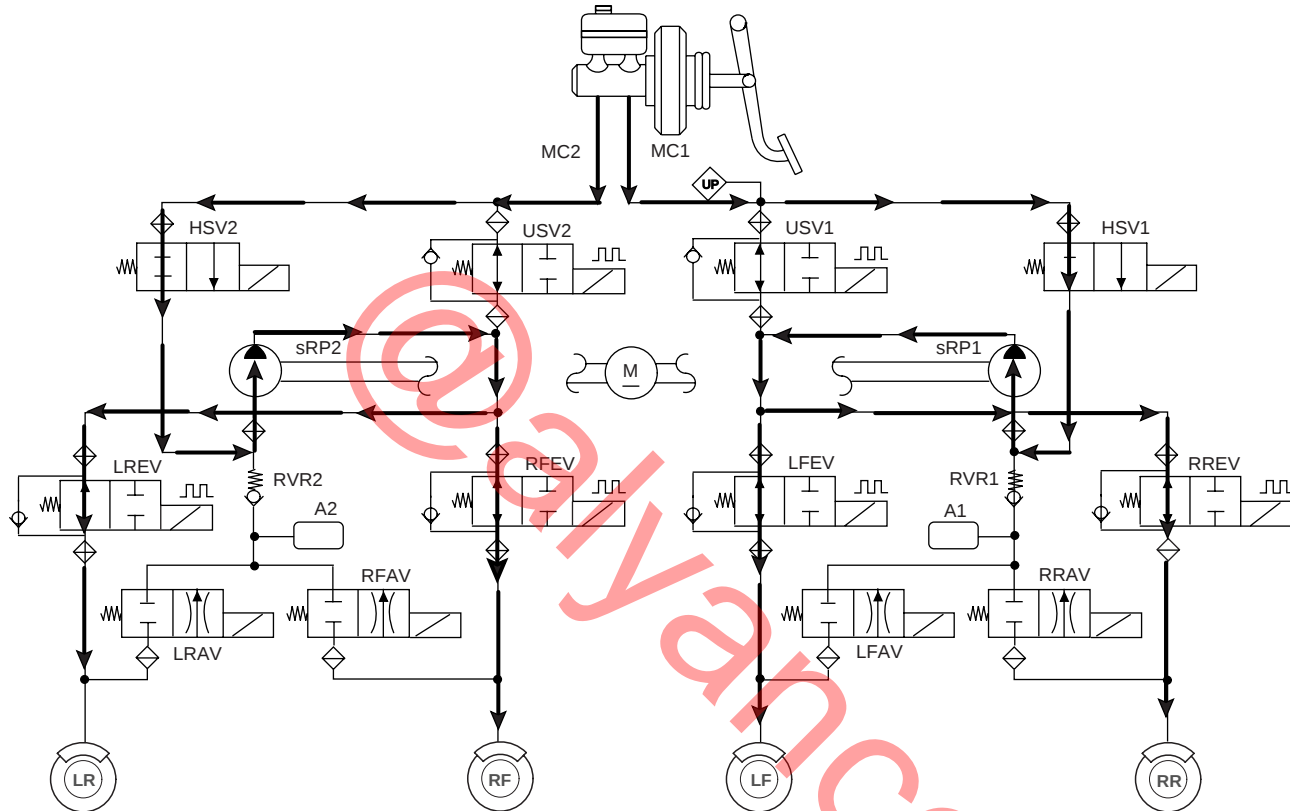
EV : Inlet Valve
 AV : Outlet Valve
 LR : Rear left wheel
 RF : Front right wheel
 LF : Front left wheel
 RR : Rear right wheel
 PE : Pump motor
 USV : Pilot Valve
 HSV : High pressure Switch Valve

BR -164

BRAKE SYSTEM

2. ESP INCREASE MODE

	Inlet valve(EV)	Outlet valve(AV)	Pilot valve(USV)	High pressure switch valve(HSV)	Pump motor
Normal braking	Open	Close	Close(Partial)	Open	ON(Motor speed control)



EJRF703S



NOTE

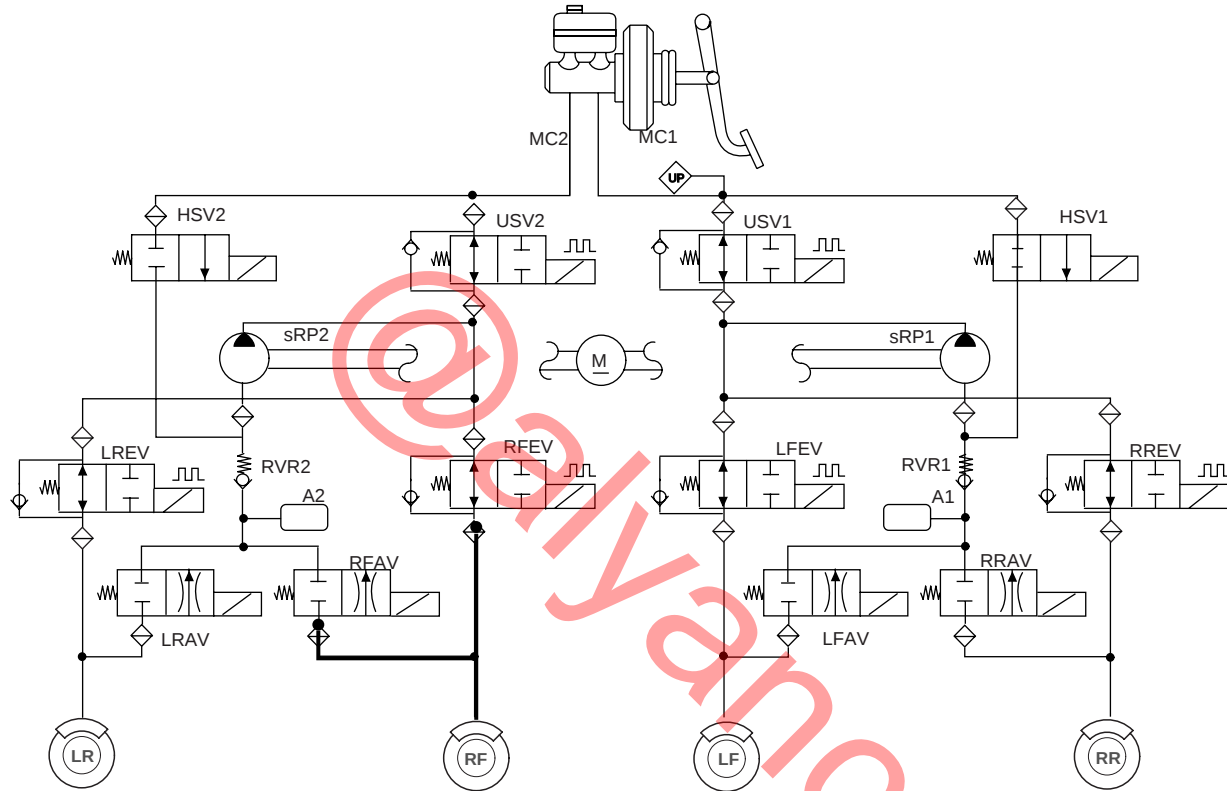
EV : Inlet Valve
 AV : Outlet Valve
 LR : Rear left wheel
 RF : Front right wheel
 LF : Front left wheel
 RR : Rear right wheel
 PE : Pump motor
 USV : Pilot Valve
 HSV : High pressure Switch Valve

ESP/ESC SYSTEM

BR -165

3. ESP HOLD MODE (FR is only controlled.)

	Inlet valve(EV)	Outlet valve(AV)	Pilot valve(USV)	High pressure switch valve(HSV)	Pump motor
Normal braking	Close	Close	Close(Partial)	Open	ON(Motor speed low control)



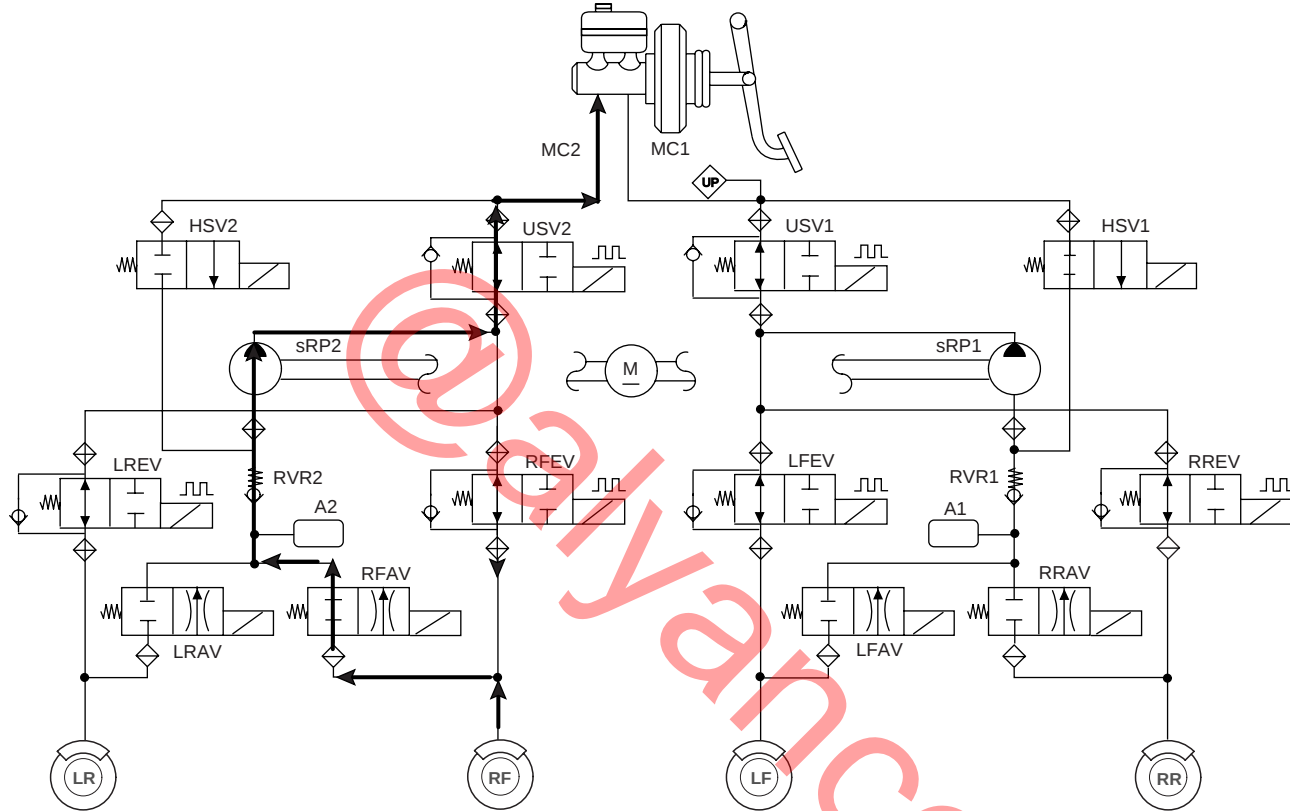
KJRE501N

NOTE

EV : Inlet Valve
 AV : Outlet Valve
 LR : Rear left wheel
 RF : Front right wheel
 LF : Front left wheel
 RR : Rear right wheel
 PE : Pump motor
 USV : Pilot Valve
 HSV : High pressure Switch Valve

4. ESP DECREASE MODE (FR is only controlled)

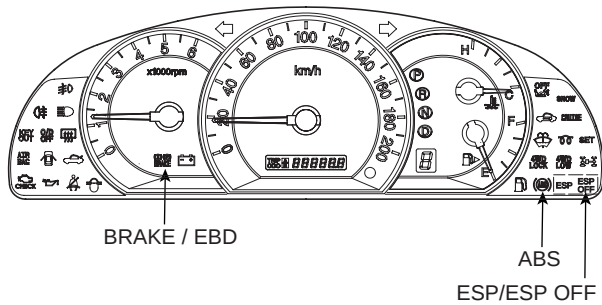
	Inlet valve(EV)	Outlet valve(AV)	Pilot valve(USV)	High pressure switch valve(HSV)	Pump motor
Normal braking	Close	Open	Close(Partial)	Open	ON(Motor speed low control)



EJRF703T

NOTE

EV : Inlet Valve
 AV : Outlet Valve
 LR : Rear left wheel
 RF : Front right wheel
 LF : Front left wheel
 RR : Rear right wheel
 PE : Pump motor
 USV : Pilot Valve
 HSV : High pressure Switch Valve



SBLBR6536L

ABS WARNING LAMP MODULE

The active ABS warning lamp module indicates the self-test and failure status of the ABS. The ABS warning lamp shall be on:

- During the initialization phase after IGN ON. (continuously 3 seconds).
- In the event of inhibition of ABS functions by failure.
- During diagnostic mode.
- When the ECU Connector is separated from ECU.

EBD/PARKING BRAKE WARNING LAMP MODULE

The active EBD warning lamp module indicates the self-test and failure status of the EBD. However, in case the Parking Brake Switch is turned on, the EBD warning lamp is always turned on regardless of EBD functions. The EBD warning lamp shall be on:

- During the initialization phase after IGN ON. (continuously 3 seconds).
- When the Parking Brake Switch is ON or brake fluid level is low.
- When the EBD function is out of order .
- During diagnostic mode.
- When the ECU Connector is separated from ECU.

ESP WARNING LAMP (ESP SYSTEM)

The ESP warning lamp indicates the self-test and failure status of the ESP.

The ESP warning lamp is turned on under the following conditions :

- During the initialization phase after IGN ON. (continuously 3 seconds).
- In the event of inhibition of ESP functions by failure.
- When driver turn off the ESP function by on/off switch.
- During diagnostic mode.

ESP FUNCTION LAMP (ESC SYSTEM)

The ESP function lamp indicates the self-test and operating status of the ESP.

The ESP Function lamp operates under the following conditions :

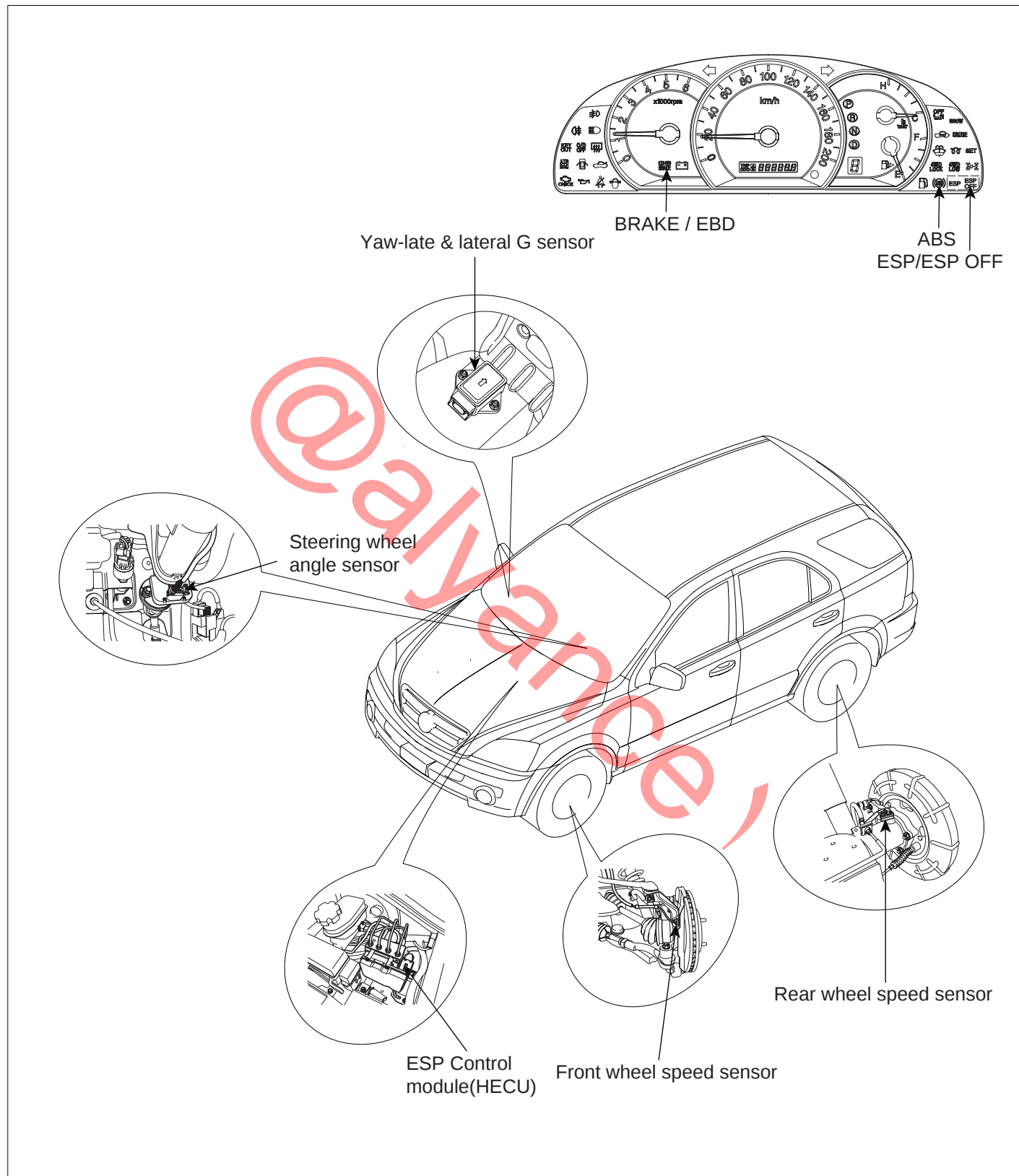
- During the initialization phase after IGN ON. (continuously 3 seconds).
- When the ESP control is operating. (Blinking - 2Hz)

ESP ON/OFF SWITCH (ESP SYSTEM)

The ESP On/Off Switch shall be used to toggle the ESP function between On/Off states based upon driver input. The On/Off switch shall be a normally open, momentary contact switch.

Initial status of the ESP function is on and the switch is used to request an ESC status change.

COMPONENTS EBDABAC0



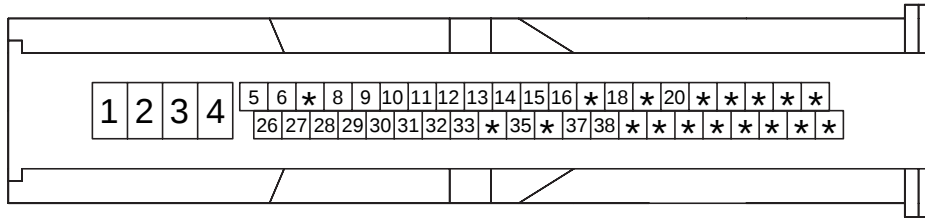
[illegible]

ESP/ESC SYSTEM

BR -171

ESP HECU CONNECTOR INPUT /
OUTPUT

ED7A161E

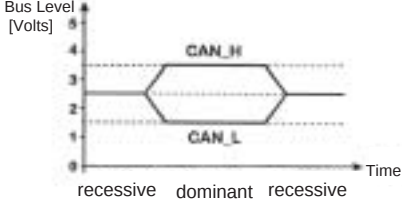


SCMBR6595D

Connector Terminal		Specifications	Conditions
No	Description		
1	Ground(Pump)	Current range : Min-10 A Max-20 ~ 39 A	Always
4	Ground (Valve,ECU)	Current range : Min-2.5 A Max-5 ~ 15 A	Always
2	Supply voltage(Pump)	Battery voltage	Always
3	Supply voltage(Valve)		
26	Wheel sensor voltage(FL)	Battery voltage	IG ON
9	Wheel sensor voltage(FR)		
6	Wheel sensor voltage(RL)		
8	Wheel sensor voltage(RR)		
5	Wheel sensor signal(FL)	Voltage(High) : 0.89~1.26 V Voltage(Low) : 0.44~0.63 V	RUNNING
10	Wheel sensor signal(FR)		
27	Wheel sensor signal(RL)		
29	Wheel sensor signal(RR)		
11	Diagnosis Input/oupput	Voltage(High) : 0.8 * IG ON more Voltage(Low) : 0.2 * IG ON lower	SCAN TOOL Communication
28	Ignition	Battery voltage	KEY ON/OFF
31	ESP Passive switch	Voltage(High) : 0.6 * IG ON more Voltage(Low) : 0.4 * IG ON lower	Switch ON/OFF
37	Yaw Rate Sensor Test	Voltage(High) : 4.1 V more Voltage(Low) : 1 V lower	IG ON
18	Yaw Rate Sensor Reference	2.464 V ~ 2.536 V	IG ON
16	Yaw Rate Sensor Signal	Offset voltage :2.5 V range : 0.35 V ~ 4.65 V(-100 ~ 100 ° /s)	IG ON
20	Acceleration Sensor Signal	Offset voltage :2.5 V range : 0.35 V ~ 4.65 V(-1.8 g ~ 1.8 g)	IG ON
15	Yaw Rate Sensor Ground	GND LEVEL	Always

BR -172

BRAKE SYSTEM

Connector Terminal		Specifications	Conditions
No	Description		
35	CAN High	not communicating: 2.5 ± 0.5 V communication : 	IG ON
14	CAN Low		
30	BRAKE LIGHT SWITCH	voltage(High) : $0.8 * IG$ ON more voltage(Low) : $0.3 * IG$ ON lower	BRAKE ON/OFF

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FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

E0F9BB0E

1. In principle, ESP and TCS controls are prohibited in case of ABS failure.
2. When ESP or TCS fails, only the failed system control is prohibited.
3. However, when the solenoid valve relay should be turned off in case of ESP failure, refer to the ABS fail-safe.
4. Information on ABS fail-safe is identical to the fail-safe in systems where ESP is not installed.

MEMORY OF FAIL CODE

1. It keeps the code as far as the backup lamp power is connected. (O)
2. It keeps the code as long as the HCU power is on. (X)

FAILURE CHECKUP

1. Initial checkup is performed immediately after the HECU power on.
2. Valve relay checkup is performed immediately after the IG2 ON.
3. It executes the checkup all the time while the IG2 power is on.
4. Initial checkup is made in the following cases.
 - 1) When no failure is detected
 - 2) When ABS and ESP are not in control.
 - 3) Initial checkup is not made after ECU power on.
 - 4) If the vehicle speed is over 5 mph(8 km/h) when the brake lamp switch is off.
 - 5) When the vehicle speed is over 24.8 mph(40 km/h).
5. Though, it keeps on checkup even if the brake lamp switch is on.
6. When performing ABS or ESP control before the initial checkup, stop the initial checkup and wait for the HECU power input again.
7. Judge failure in the following cases.
 - 1) When the power is normal.
 - 2) From the point in which the vehicle speed reaches 4.9 mph(8 km/h) after HECU power on.

COUNTERMEASURES IN FAIL

1. Shut the system down and perform the following actions and wait for HECU power OFF.
2. Turn the valve relay off.
3. Do not perform any ABS/TCS/ESC functions until normal operating condition is restored.

WARNING LAMP ON

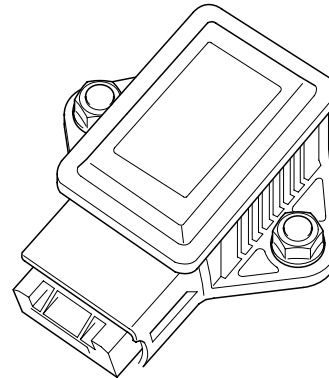
1. ABS warning lamp turns on when ABS is malfunctioning.
2. ESP operation lamp turns on when ESP is malfunctioning.

When power voltage and valve relay voltage are abnormal, input/output related failure judgment is not made.

YAW-RATE SENSOR AND G-SENSOR

DESCRIPTION E22CC1EC

1. The yaw-rate & lateral G sensor is applied for the ESP system.
2. The yaw-rate is the angular velocity, when a vehicle turns a corner, and the lateral G is the acceleration to move a vehicle out of the way when cornering.
3. The sensor is located in the crash pad lower floor on vehicle.

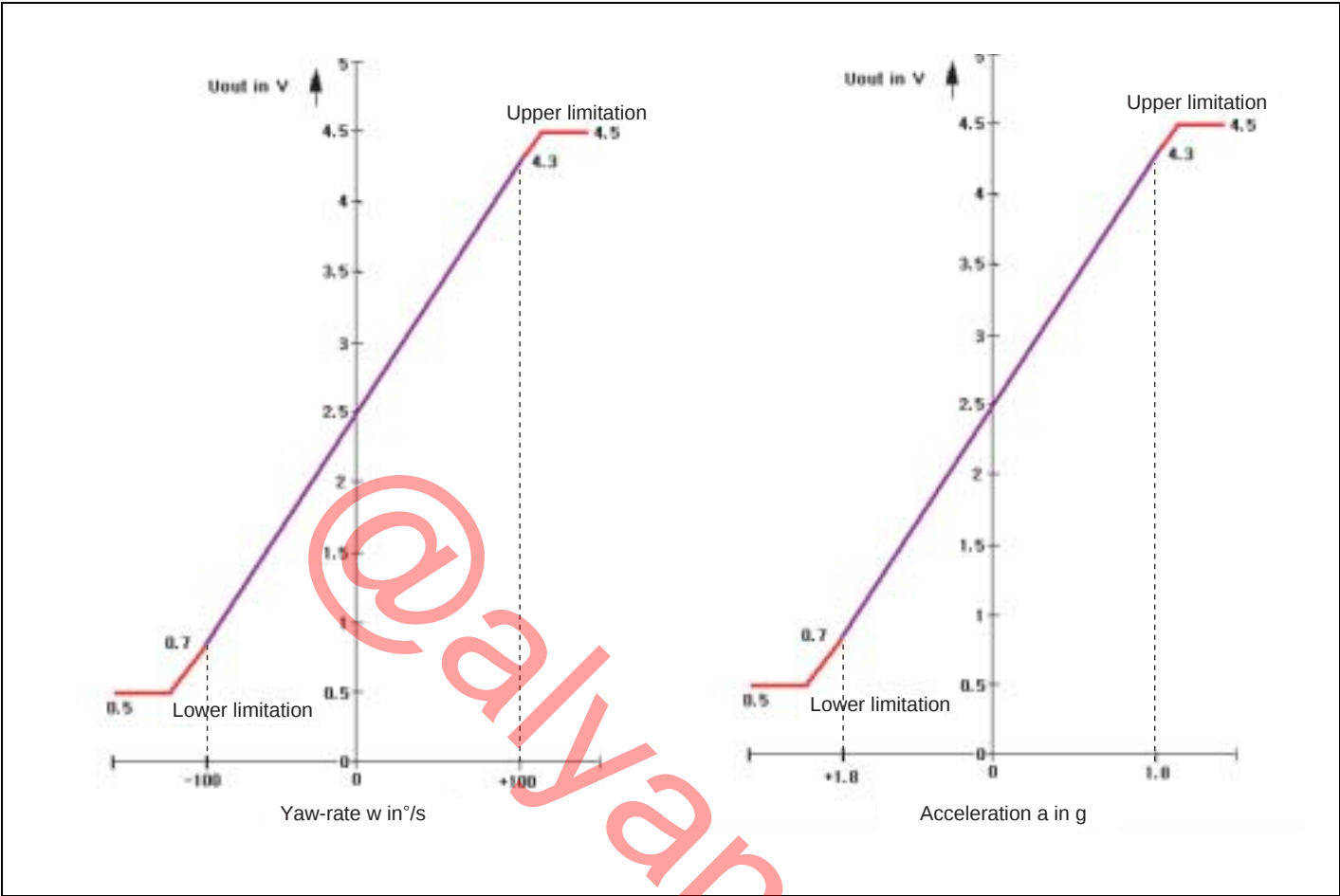


KJRE504E

SPECIFICATION

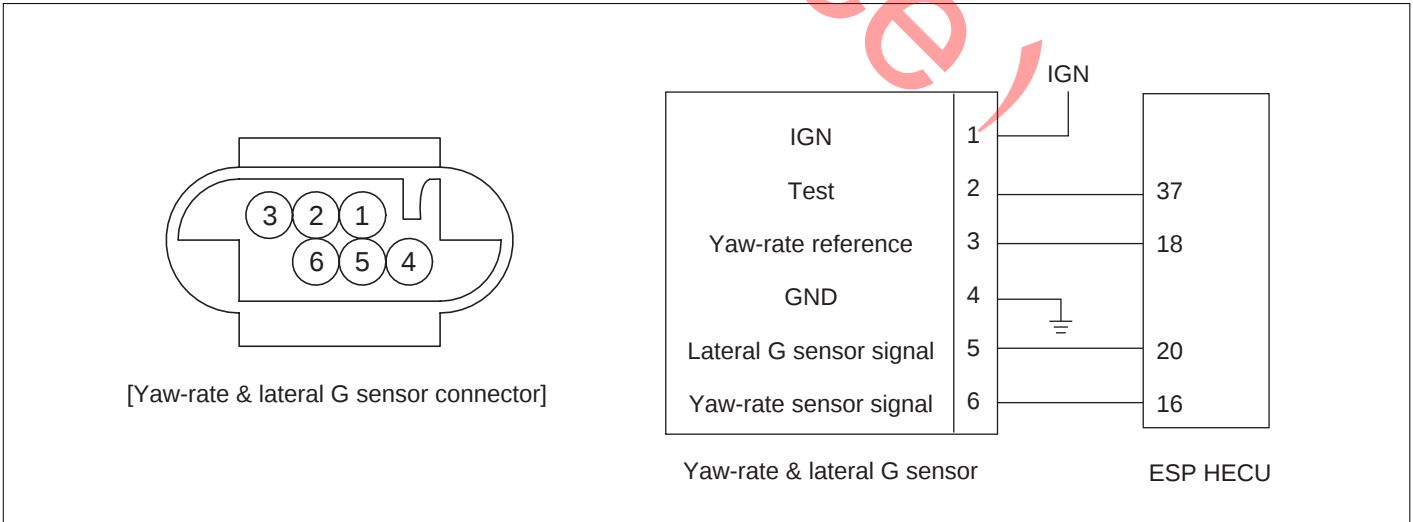
Description			Specification	Remark
Nominal supply voltage			11.5 ~ 12.5 V	
Supply voltage range			8 ~ 16 V	
Supply current			Max. 120 mA	Typ. 75 mA
Reference Voltage Output			2.464 ~ 2.536 V	Typ. 2.5 V
Operating temperature range			-40 ~ 85	
Yaw-rate sensor	Measurement range	+w direction, left turn	Min.100 °/s	Typ. 111 °/S
		-w direction, right turn	Min.-100 °/s	Typ. -111 °/S
	Non-linearity		-1 ~ 1 %	
	Offset (within life,within operating temperature)		3.75 °/S	
	Upper cut-off frequency		Min. 45 Hz	Typ. 60 Hz
Lateral G sensor	Measurement range	+y direction, left turn	Min.1.8 g	Typ. 2 g
		-y direction, right turn	Min. -1.8 g	Typ. -2 g
	Non-linearity		-4 ~ 4 %	
	Offset (within life,within operating temperature)		-0.09 ~ 0.09 g	
	Upper cut-off frequency		Min. 20 Hz	Typ. 40 Hz

OUTPUT CHARACTERISTIC



EJRF502E

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM (YAW-RATE & LATERAL G SENSOR)



SBLBR6546L

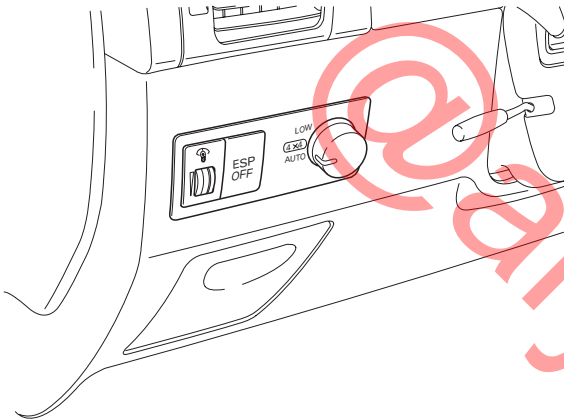
ESP/ESC SWITCH

DESCRIPTION E1C45F29

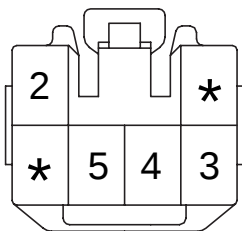
1. The ESP OFF switch is for the user to turn off the ESP system.
2. The ESP OFF lamp is on when ESP OFF switch is engaged.

INSPECTION EB044EAE

1. Remove the ESP OFF switch from the switch panel on the crach pad of the driver's side.



SBLBR6563L

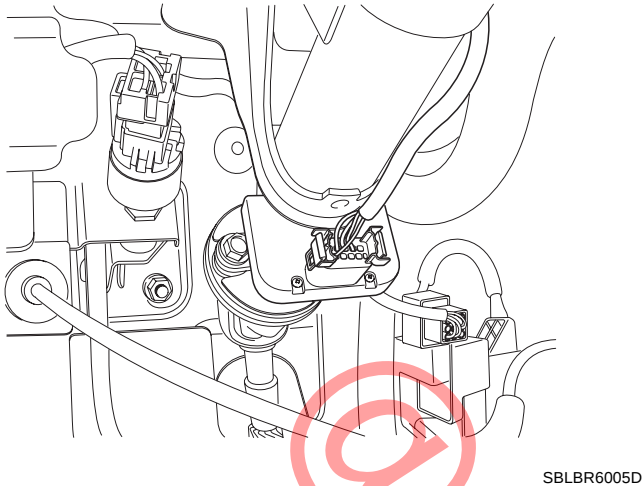


SBLBR6549D

2. Check the continuity between the switch terminals as the ESP OFF switch is engaged. (Refer to circuit diagram)

STEERING WHEEL ANGLE SPEED SENSOR

COMPONENT LOCATION EF4CD3A6



DESCRIPTION E83FECC0

GENERAL DATA

The steering angle speed sensor detects the angle of the steering wheel in order to which direction a user chooses.

MEASUREING PRINCIPLE

A non contact, analog angle sensor carrying out absolute measuring by the use of the Anisotropic-Magneto-Resistive effect (AMR).Measuring of the absolute angle by means of a toothed measuring gear with magnetic properties in combination with different ratios. Corresponding AMR elements that change their electrical resistance according to the magnetic field direction detect the angle position of the measuring gears.A micro-controller decodes the measured voltage signals after A/D converting with the help of a mathematical function. Output of the digital angle value and velocity via CAN-interface.

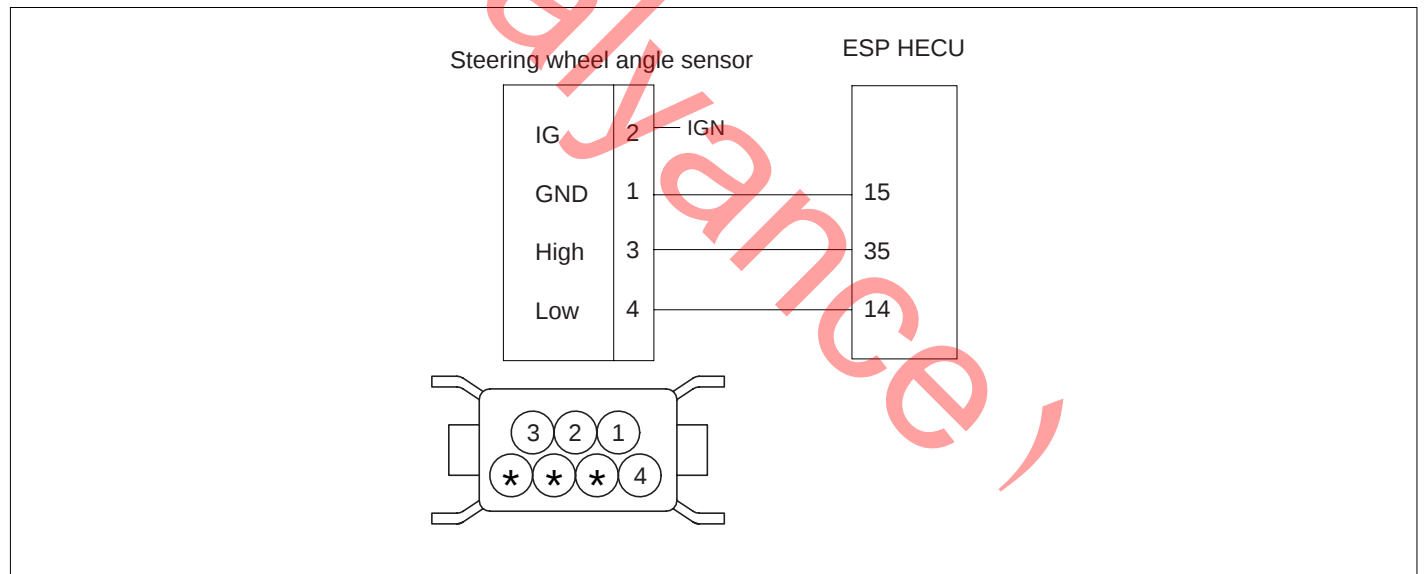
BR -178

BRAKE SYSTEM

SPECIFICATION

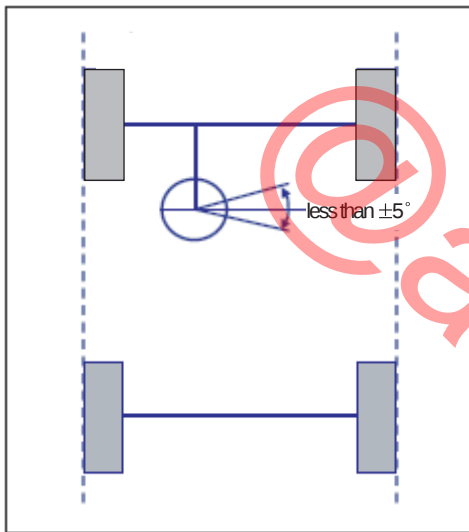
Description		Specification
Operating voltage		8~16 V
Operating temperature		-40 ~ 85
Current consumption		Max.150 mA
Steering angle velocity		Max. ± 2000 °/sec
Connection delay time		$t < 200$ ms
Reverse voltage		-13.5 V
Measuring range	Angle	-780 ° ~ 779 °
	Angular velocity	0~ 1016 °/s
Nonlinearity angle		-2.5 ° ~ +2.5 °
Hysteresis angle		0 ° ~ 5 °
Rotational friction torque measuring		10 °/s

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM(STEERING WHEEL SPEED
ANGLE SENSOR)



STEERING ANGLE SENSOR (SAS) CALIBRATION

1. PURPOSE OF calibration
 - On vehicle control, an ESP analyzes the intention of the driver.
 - An ESP recognizes a steering angle which a driver rotates through the steering angle sensor.
 - A steering angle sensor used in ESP adjusts 0° setting of steering wheel through K-line or CAN communication.
2. STEERING ANGLE SENSOR (SAS) CALIBRATION METHOD



SBLBR6540L

- 1) Align the wheel to the straight line. (steering wheel $< \pm 5^\circ$)
ex) Perform the wheel alignment first.
Align the wheel to the straight line.
A driver moves the vehicle to the front and back about 5 meters twice or three times.
- 2) Connect Scan tool to the vehicle.
- 3) Select Brake system.
- 4) Select Steering angle sensor(SAS) calibration.

1. KIA VEHICLE DIAGNOSIS ▲	
MODEL : BL F/L	
SYSTEM : ANTI - LOCK BRAKE SYSTEM	
01. DIAGNOSTIC TROUBLE CODES 02. CURRENT DATA 03. FLIGHT RECORD 04. ACTUATION TEST 05. SIMU-SCAN 06. AIR BLEEDING MODE 07. IDENTIFICATION CHECK 08. STEERING ANGLE SENSOR	

SBLBR6541L

- 5) Perform the Steering angle sensor(SAS) calibration.

1. 9 .STEERING ANGLE SENSOR
* AIM THIS FUNCTION RESET THE SAS VALVE TO ZERO-SET. PERFORM THIS FUNCTION WHEN YOU REPLACE SENSOR OR STEERING COLUMN. IF YOU READY, PRESS [ENTER] KEY.

EJRF703M

- 6) Perform the procedure continuously.

1.9 STEERING ANGLE SENSOR	
STEERING ANGLE SENSOR	
CONDITION	STRAIGHTEN THE FRONT TIRE, AND ARRANGE THE STEERING WHEEL AT THE CENTER POSITION. IG.KEY ON, ENGINE STOP
PRESS [REST], IF YOU ARE READY!	
REST	

EJRF703N

- 7) The procedure is finished. Push the "ESC" key.

1.9 STEERING ANGLE SENSOR	
STEERING ANGLE SENSOR	
	STRAIGHTEN THE FRONT TIRE,
C	CALIBRATION COMPLETION!
	PRESS [ESC] KEY.
	IG.KEY ON, ENGINE STOP
PRESS [REST], IF YOU ARE READY!	
REST	

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- 8) Scanner OFF.
- 9) Remove the scanner from the vehicle.
- 10) Confirm the Steering angle sensor(SAS) calibration as driving the vehicle.(turn left once, turn right once)